

Hybrid Inverter iHome-INV3K-L1H02 iHome-INV3.6K-L1H02 iHome-INV5K-L1H02 iHome-INV6K-L1H02 **User Manual** 00

Contents

2. Product instructions		02-06
2.1 Product Overview and Size		
2.2 Product Features		
2.3 Basic System Architecture		
2.4 Maintenance of the System		
3. Installation		07-20
3.1 Parts list		
3.2 Mounting instructions		
3.3 Battery connection		
3.4 Grid connection and backup load	l connection	
3.5 PV Connection		
3.6 CT Connection		
3.6.1 Meter Connection		
3.7 Earth Connection(mandatory)		
3.8 WIFI Connection		
3.9 Communication Connection		
3.10 Wiring System for Inverter		
4. OPERATION		21
4.1 Power ON/OFF		
4.2 Operation and Display Panel		
5. LCD Display Icons		22-36
5.1 Main Screen		
5.2 Solar Power Curve		
5.3 Curve Page-Solar & Load & Grid		
5.4 System Setup Menu		
5.5 Basic Setup Menu		
5.6 Battery Setup Menu		
5.7 System Work Mode Setup Menu		
5.8 Grid Setup Menu		
5.9 Generator Port Use Setup Menu		
5.10 Advanced Function Setup Men	u	
5.11 Device Info Setup Menu		
7. Fault information and pro-	cessing	
8. Limitation of Liability		40
10. Package and transport in	verter	42
11. Disposing of the inverter	•	42
12. Appendix I		43-44
		45

About This Manual

The manual mainly describes the product information, guidelines for installation, operation and maintenance. The manual cannot include complete information about the photovoltaic (PV) system.

How to Use This Manual

Read the manual and other related documents before performing any operation on the inverter. Documents must be stored carefully and be available at all times.

Contents may be periodically updated or revised due to product development. The information in this manual is subject to change without notice.

1. Safety Introductions

Safety signs



The DC input terminals of the inverter must not be grounded.



The AC and DC circuits must be disconnected separately, and the maintenance personnel

must wait for 5 minutes before they are completely powered off before they can start working.



Please read the instructions carefully before use.



Surface high temperature, Please do not touch the inverter case.



Prohibit disassembling inverter case, there existing shock hazard, which may cause serious injury or death, please ask qualified person to repair.



Do Not put it in the waste bin! Recycle it by licensed professional!

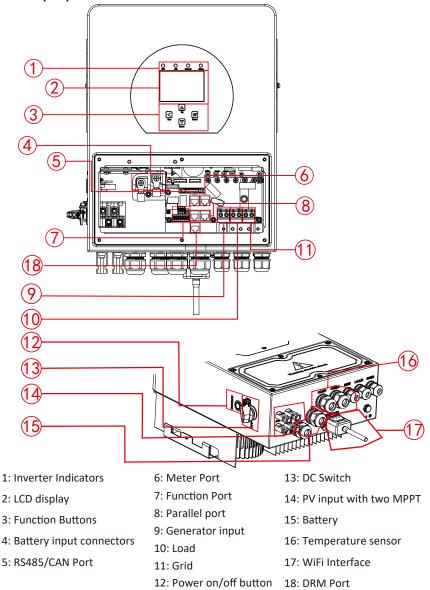
- \cdot This chapter contains important safety and operating instructions. Read and keep this manual for future reference.
- \cdot Before using the inverter, please read the instructions and warning signs of the battery and corresponding sections in the instruction manual.
- · Do not disassemble the inverter. If you need maintenance or repair, take it to a professional service center.
- · Improper reassembly may result in electric shock or fire.
- \cdot To reduce risk of electric shock, disconnect all wires before attempting any maintenance or cleaning. Turning off the unit will not reduce this risk.
- \cdot Caution: Only qualified personnel can install this device with battery.
- · Never charge a frozen battery.
- · For optimum operation of this inverter, please follow required specification to select appropriate cable size. It is very important to correctly operate this inverter.
- Be very cautious when working with metal tools on or around batteries. Dropping a tool may cause a spark or short circuit in batteries or other electrical parts, even cause an explosion.
- \cdot Please strictly follow installation procedure when you want to disconnect AC or DC terminals. Please refer to "Installation" section of this manual for the details.
- · Grounding instructions this inverter should be connected to a permanent grounded wiring system. Be sure to comply with local requirements and regulation to install this inverter.
- \cdot Never cause AC output and DC input short circuited. Do not connect to the mains when DC input short circuits.

2. Product Introductions

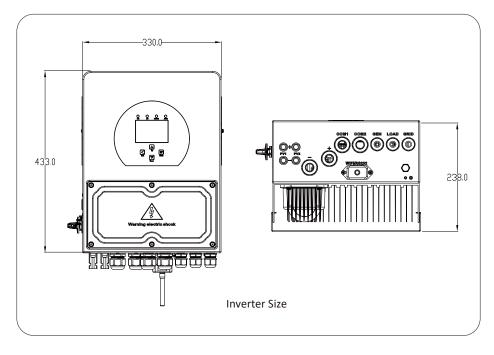
This is a multifunctional inverter, combining functions of inverter, solar charger and battery charger to offer uninterruptible power support with portable size. Its comprehensive LCD display offers user configurable and easy accessible button operation such as battery charging, AC/solar charging, and acceptable input voltage based on different applications.

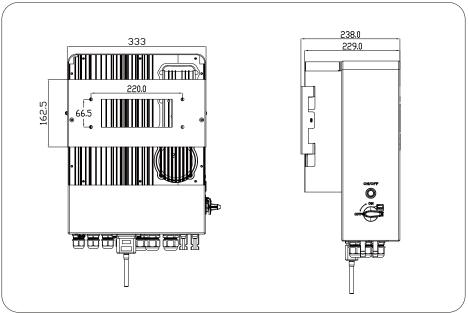
2.1 Product Overview and Size

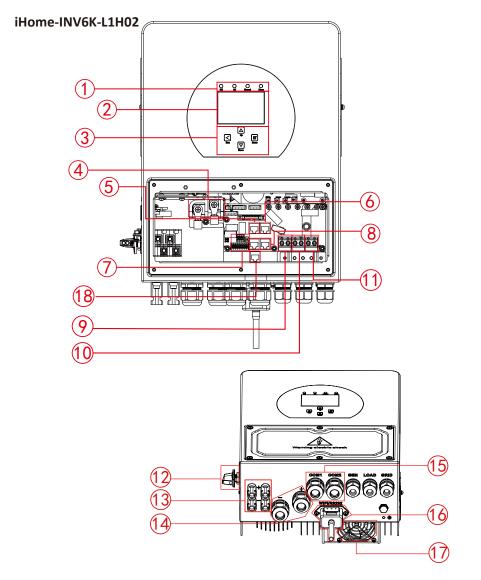
iHome-INV(3-5)K-L1H02



iHome-INV(3-5)K-L1H02





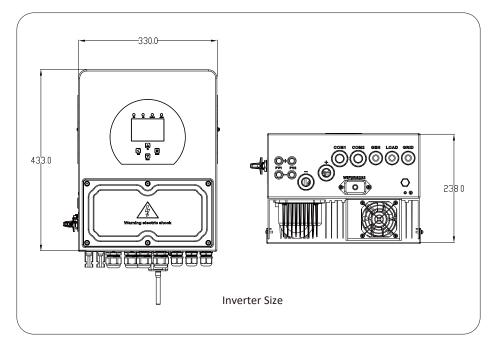


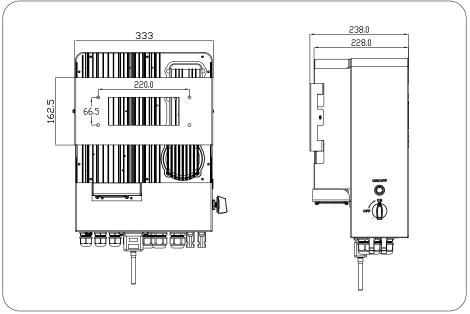
- 1: Inverter Indicators
- 2: LCD display
- 3: Function Buttons
- 4: Battery input connectors
- 5: RS485/CAN Port

- 6: Meter Port
- 7: Function Port
- 8: Parallel port
- 9: Generator input
- 10: Load
- 11: Grid
- 12: DC Switch

- 13: PV input with two MPPT
- 14: Battery
- 15: Temperature sensor
- 16: WiFi Interface
- 17: Fan
- 18: DRM Port

iHome-INV6K-L1H02





2.2 Product Features

- Self-consumption and feed-in to the grid.
- Auto restart while AC is recovering.
- Programmable supply priority for battery or grid.
- Programmable multiple operation modes: On grid, off grid and UPS.
- Configurable battery charging current/voltage based on applications by LCD setting.
- Configurable AC/Solar/Generator Charger priority by LCD setting.
- Compatible with mains voltage or generator power.
- Overload/over temperature/short circuit protection.
- Smart battery charger design for optimized battery performance
- With limit function, prevent excess power overflow to the grid.
- Supporting WIFI monitoring and build-in 2 strings of MPP trackers
- Smart settable three stages MPPT charging for optimized battery performance.
- Time of use function.
- Smart Load Function.

2.3 Basic System Architecture

The following illustration shows basic application of this inverter.

It also includes following devices to have a Complete running system.

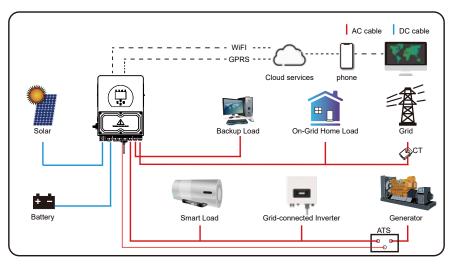
- Generator or Utility
- PV modules

Consult with your system integrator for other possible system architectures depending on your requirements.

This inverter can power all kinds of appliances in home or office environment, including motor type appliances such as refrigerator and air conditioner.

2.4 Maintenance of the System

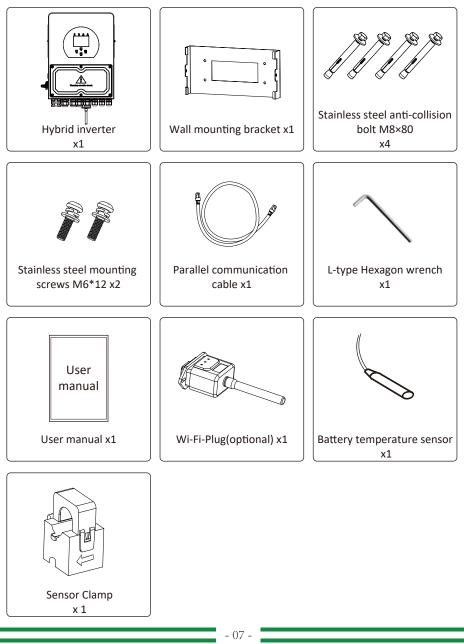
The inverter is low maintenance, however, it is important that at least twice a year (for dusty environments this may need to be carried out weekly) all the cooling fans, air ducts are cleaned and dust free.Check if there are no fault codes and Lithium battery communication is correct. Weekly cleaning statement:Suggest micromesh filters as an available option.



3. Installation

3.1 Parts List

Check the equipment before installation. Please make sure nothing is damaged in the package. You should have received the items in the following package:



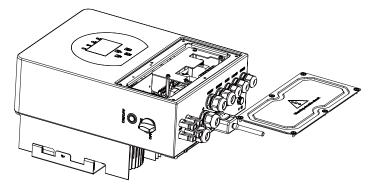
3.2 Mounting instructions

Installation Precaution

This Hybrid inverter is designed for outdoor use(IP65), Please make sure the installation site meets below conditions:

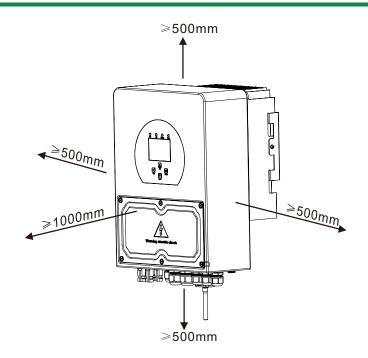
- · Not in direct sunlight
- \cdot Not in areas where highly flammable materials are stored.
- · Not in potential explosive areas.
- \cdot Not in the cool air directly.
- \cdot Not near the television Antenna or antenna cable.
- · Not higher than altitude of about 2000 meters above sea level.
- Not in environment of precipitation or humidity(>95%)

Please AVOID direct sunlight, rain exposure, snow laying up during installation and operation. Before connecting all wires, please take off the metal cover by removing screws as shown below:



Considering the following points before selecting where to install:

- · Please select a vertical wall with load-bearing capacity for installation, suitable for installation on concrete or other non-flammable surfaces, installation is shown below.
- \cdot Install this inverter at eye level in order to allow the LCD display to be read at all times.
- \cdot The ambient temperature is recommeded to be between -40~60 $\rm C$ to ensure optimal operation.
- Be sure to keep other objects and surfaces as shown in the diagram to guarantee sufficient heat dissipation and have enough space for removing wires.

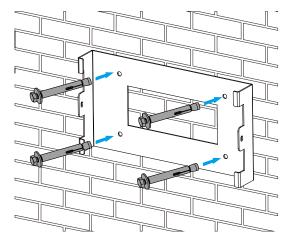


For proper air circulation to dissipate heat, allow a clearance of approx. 50cm to the side and approx. 50cm above and below the unit. And 100cm to the front.

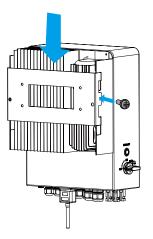
Mounting the inverter

Remember that this inverter is heavy! Please be careful when lifting out from the package. Choose the recommend drill head(as shown in below pic) to drill 4 holes on the wall, 82-90mm deep.

- 1. Use a proper hammer to fit the expansion bolt into the holes.
- 2. Carry the inverter and holding it, make sure the hanger aim at the expansion bolt, fix the inverter on the wall.
- 3. Fasten the screw head of the expansion bolt to finish the mounting.



Inverter hanging plate installation



3.3 Battery connection

For safe operation and compliance, a separate DC over-current protector or disconnect device is required between the battery and the inverter. In some applications, switching devices may not be required but over-current protectors are still required. Refer to the typical amperage in the table below for the required fuse or circuit breaker size.

Model	Wire Size	Cable(mm²)	Torque value(max)
3/3.6/5/6Kw	2AWG	35	5.2Nm

Chart 3-2 Cable size

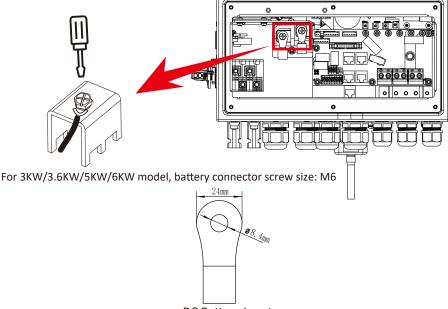
All wiring must be performed by a professional person.



Connecting the battery with a suitable cable is important for safe and efficient operation of the system. To reduce the risk of injury, refer to Chart 3-2 for recommended cables.

Please follow below steps to implement battery connection:

- 1. Please choose a suitable battery cable with correct connector which can well fit into the battery terminals.
- 2. Use a suitable screwdriver to unscrew the bolts and fit the battery connectors in, then fasten the bolt by the screwdriver, make sure the bolts are tightened with torque of 5.2 N.M in clockwise direction.
- 3. Make sure polarity at both the battery and inverter is correctly connected.



DC Battery Input

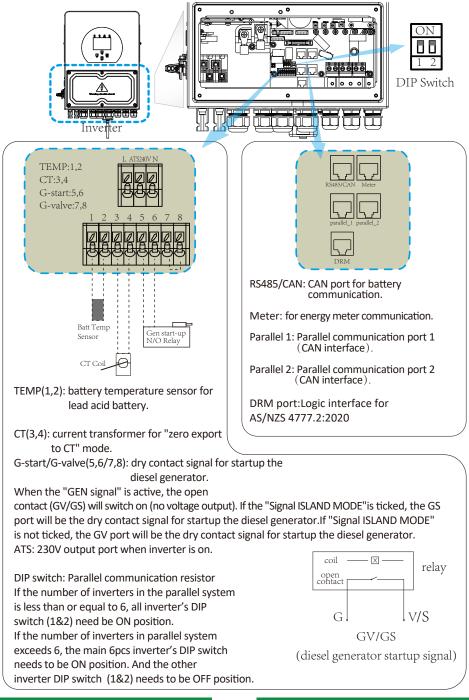
4. In case of children touch or insects go into the inverter, Please make sure the inverter connector is fasten to waterproof position by twist it clockwise.

Installation must be performed with care.

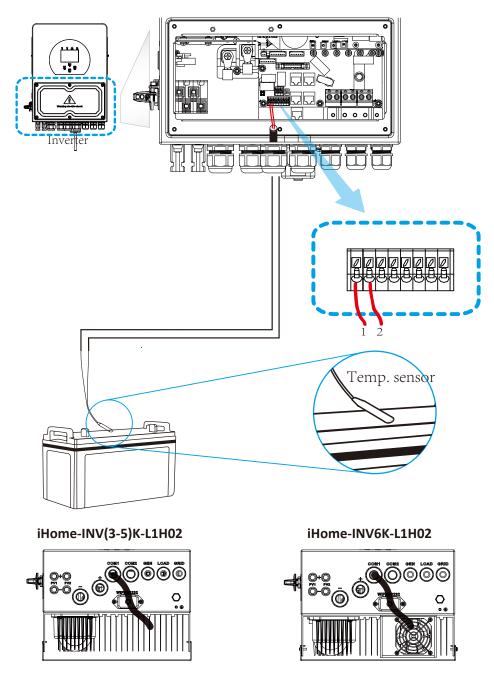


Before making the final DC connection or closing DC breaker/disconnect, be sure positive(+) must be connect to positive(+) and negative(-) must be connected to negative(-). Reverse polarity connection on battery will damage the inverter.

3.3.2 Function port definition

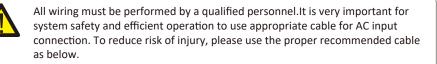


3.3.3 Temperature sensor connection for lead-acid battery



3.4 Grid connection and backup load connection

- Before connecting to the grid, a separate AC breaker must be installed between the inverter and the grid, and also between the backup load and the inverter. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current. For the 3/3.6/5/6kW model, the recommended AC breaker for backup load is 40A. For the 3/3.6/ 5/6kW model, the recommended AC breaker for grid is 40A. In final installation, breaker certified according to AS60947.3 shall be installed with the equipment.
- There are three terminal blocks with "Grid" "Load"and "GEN" markings. Please do not misconnect input and output connectors.

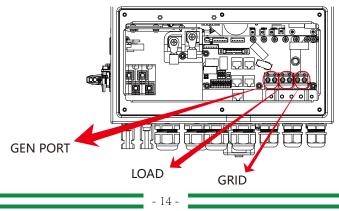


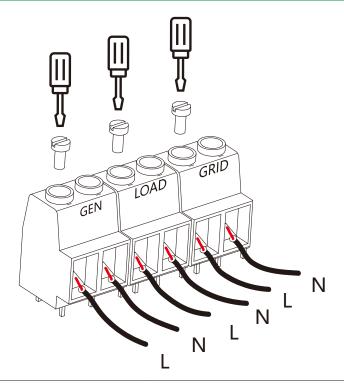
Model	Wire Size	Cable(mm²)	Torque value(max)
3kW	10AWG	4	1.2Nm
3.6kW	10AWG	6	1.2Nm
5kW	10AWG	6	1.2Nm
6kW	8AWG	8	1.2Nm

Chart 3-3 Recommended Size for AC wires

Please follow below steps to implement AC input/output connection:

- 1. Before making Grid, load and Gen port connection, be sure to turn off AC breaker or disconnector first.
- 2. Remove insulation sleeve 10mm length, unscrew the bolts, insert the wires according to polarities indicated on the terminal block and tighten the terminal screws. Make sure the connection is complete.





Be sure that AC power source is disconnected before attempting to wire it to the unit.

- 3. Then, insert AC output wires according to polarities indicated on the terminal block and tighten terminal. Be sure to connect corresponding N wires and PE wires to related terminals as well.
- 4. Make sure the wires are securely connected.
- 5. Appliances such as air conditioner are required at least 2-3 minutes to restart because it is required to have enough time to balance refrigerant gas inside of circuit. If a power shortage occurs and recovers in short time, it will cause damage to your connected appliances. To prevent this kind of damage, please check manufacturer of air conditioner if it is equipped with time-delay function before installation. Otherwise, this inverter will trigger overload fault and cut off output to protect your appliance but sometimes it still causes internal damage to the air conditioner

3.5 PV Connection

The PV modules used to connected to this inverter shall be Class A rating certified according to IEC 61730.

Before connecting to PV modules, please install a separately DC circuit breaker between inverter and PV modules. It is very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for PV module connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

Model	Wire Size	Cable(mm)
3/3.6/5/6kW	12AWG	4

Chart 3-4 Cable size



To avoid any malfunction, do not connect any PV modules with possible current leakage to the inverter. For example, grounded PV modules will cause current leakage to the inverter. When using PV modules, please ensure the PV+ & PV- of solar panel is not connected to the system ground bar.

It is requested to use PV junction box with surge protection. Otherwise, it will cause damage on inverter when lightning occurs on PV modules.

3.5.1 PV Module Selection:

When selecting proper PV modules, please be sure to consider below parameters:

- 1) Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules not exceeds max. PV array open circuit voltage of inverter.
- 2) Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules should be higher than min. start voltage.

Inverter Model	3kW	3.6kW	5kW	6kW
PV Input Voltage		370V (125	V~500V)	
PV Array MPPT Voltage Range		150V-4	125V	
No. of MPP Trackers	1		2	
No. of Strings per MPP Tracker	1	1+1	1+1	1+1

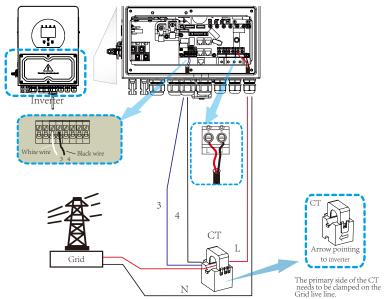




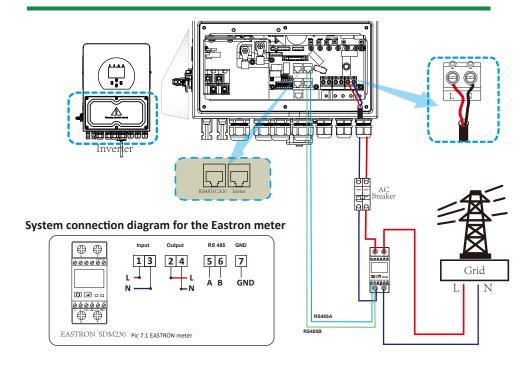
Note:

This inverter complies with IEC 62109-2 clause 13.9 for earth fault alarm monitoring. If an Earth Fault Alarm occurs, the inverter will not connect to the grid and will report an error F04 on its LCD.At the same time, the buzzer will sound. For the machine installed with Wi-Fi/GPRS, the alarm informa on can be seen on the corresponding monitoring website, and can also be received by the APP on the mobile phone.

3.6 CT Connection



- *Note: when the reading of the load power on the LCD is not correct, please reverse the CT arrow.
- 3.6.1 Meter Connection 00 E • ***** • ĕ ē ē ē 0 0 0 15 T ŢĮ. mmi Inverter Ыç AC Breaker teter പപ System connection diagram for the CHNT meter Output RS 485 Grid input **⊕ ₽ ₽** $\begin{array}{c|c} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 0$ 7 8 Grid ÅВ Ν L ⊕ 🖶 💑 🖨 S485A RS485B CHNT DDSU666 CHINT meter



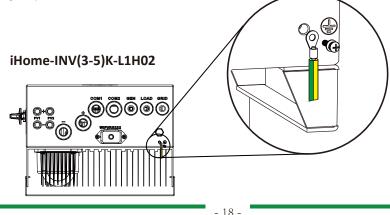


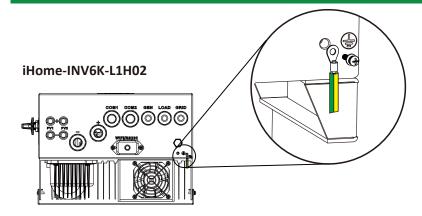
Note:

linverter has built—in leakage current detection circuit, If an external RCD is required, a type-A RCD with rated residual current of 300mA or higher is suggested. Otherwise inverter may not work properly

3.7 Earth Connection(mandatory)

Ground cable shall be connected to ground plate on grid side this prevents electric shock. if the original protective conductor fails.





3.8 WIFI Connection

For the configuration of Wi-Fi Plug, please refer to illustrations of the Wi-Fi Plug. The Wi-Fi Plug is not a standard configuration, it's optional.

For WIFI configuration, please check the manual of "Wi-Fi-Plug configuration Manual". Web monitoring address: https://pro.solarmanpv.com; (for Solarman distributor account) https://home.solarmanpv.com (for Solarman end user account)

For mobile phone monitoring system, scan the QR code to download the APP.

Also you can find it by searching "solarman business" in App store or Google Play store, and this App is for distributor/installer.

Find it by searching "solarman smart" in App store or Google Play store and choose "solarman smart", this app is for plant owner.



SOLARMAN Smart for end user



SOLARMAN Business for distributor/installer

3.9 Communication Connection

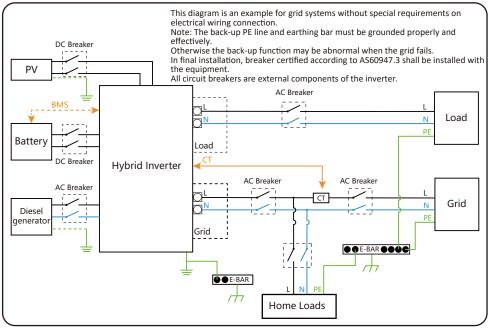
1.BMS

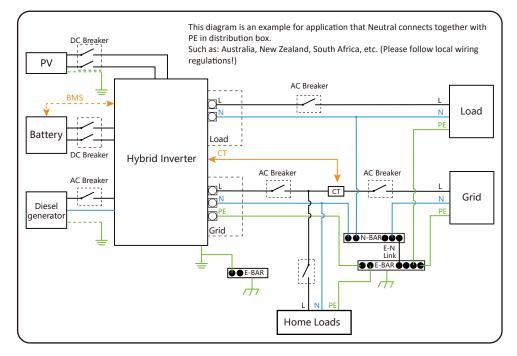
Please connect the cable to BMS CAN port to realize BMS communication. Otherwise, BMS communication may fail. Please refer to Annex I for the interface pin definition of BMS RJ45 port.

2.DRM (Only DRM0 is available)

In Australia and New Zealand, the inverter supports the demand response modes as specified in the standard AS/NZS 4777. Please refer to Annex I for the interface pin definition of DRM RJ45 port.

3.10 Wiring System for Inverter





4. OPERATION

4.1 Power ON/OFF

Once the unit has been properly installed and the batteries are connected well, simply press On/Off button(located on the left side of the case) to turn on the unit.When system without battery connected, but connect with either PV or grid, and ON/OFF button is switched off, LCD will still light up(Display will show OFF), In this condition, when switch on ON/OFF button and select NO battery, system can still work.(NOTE: Choose the correct country code. (refer to section 5.8 of this manual) Notice: Different distribution network operators in different countries have different requirements regarding grid connections of PV grid connected inverters. Therefore, it's very important to make sure that you have selected the correct country code according to requirements of local authority. Please consult qualified electrical engineer or personnel from electrical safety authorities about this.)

4.2 Operation and Display Panel

The operation and display panel, shown in below chart, is on the front panel of the inverter. It includes four indicators, four function keys and a LCD display, indicating the operating status and input/output power information.

L	ED Indicator	Messages
DC	Green led solid light	PV Connection normal
AC	Green led solid light	Grid Connection normal
Normal	Green led solid light	Inverter operating normal
Alarm	Red led solid light	Malfunction or warning

Chart 4-1 LED indicators

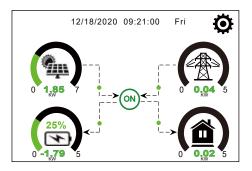
Function Key	Description
Esc	To exit setting mode
Up	To go to previous selection
Down	To go to next selection
Enter	To confirm the selection

Chart 4-2 Function Buttons

5. LCD Display Icons

5.1 Main Screen

The LCD is touchscreen, below screen shows the overall information of the inverter.



1. The icon in the center of the home screen indicates that the system is Normal operation. If it turns into "comm./FXX", it means the inverter has communication errors or other errors, the error message will display under this icon(FXX errors, detail error info can be viewed in the System Alarms menu).

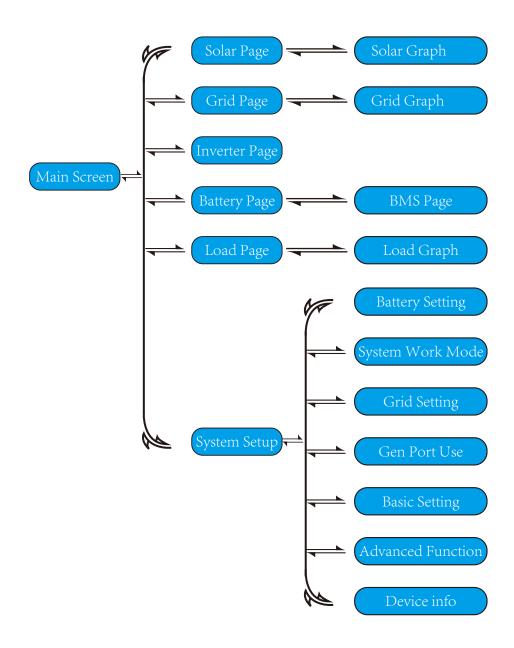
2.At the top of the screen is the time.

3.System Setup Icon, Press this set button, you can enter into the system setup screen which including Basic Setup, Battery Setup, Grid Setup, System Work Mode, Generator port use, Advanced function and Li-Batt info.

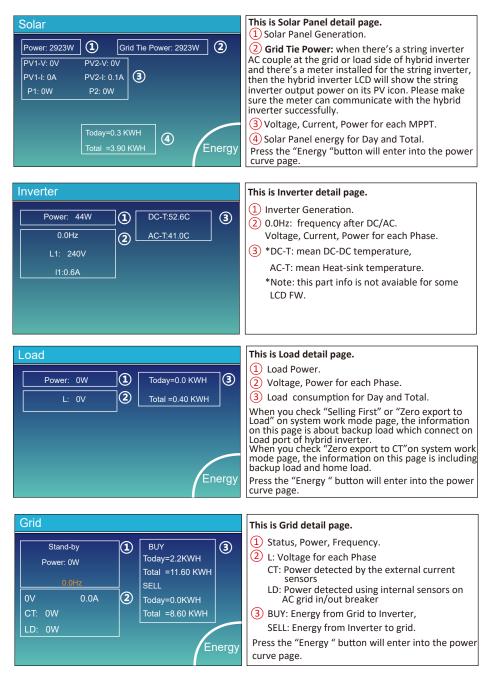
4. The main screen showing the info including Solar, Grid, Load and Battery. Its also displaying the energy flow direction by arrow. When the power is approximate to high level, the color on the panels will changing from green to red so system info showing vividly on the main screen.

- \cdot PV power and Load power always keep positive.
- \cdot Grid power negative means sell to grid, positive means get from grid.
- · Battery power negative means charge, positive means discharge.

5.1.1 LCD operation flow chart



5.2 Solar Power Curve

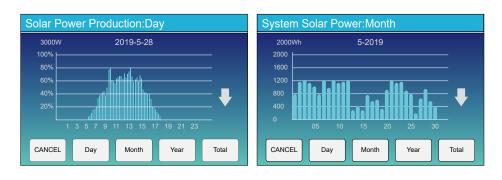


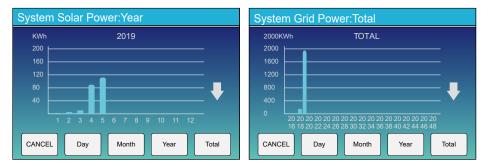
Batt	
Stand-by	
SOC: 36%	
U:50.50V	
I:-58.02A	
Power: -2930W	
Temp:30.0C	Li-BMS

This is Battery detail page.

if you use Lithium Battery, you can enter BMS page.

5.3 Curve Page-Solar & Load & Grid





Solar power curve for daily, monthly, yearly and total can be roughly checked on the LCD, for more accuracy power generation, pls check on the monitoring system. Click the up and down arrow to check power curve of different period.

Li-BMS

Volt

Curr Temp SOC Energy

51.0 12.0

Mean Voltage:50.34V Charging Voltage:53.2V Total Current:55.00A Discharging Voltage:47.0V Mean Temp:23.5C Charging current:50A Total SOC :38% Discharging current:25A Dump Enervo:57Ah

Charge

Fault

Sum Data

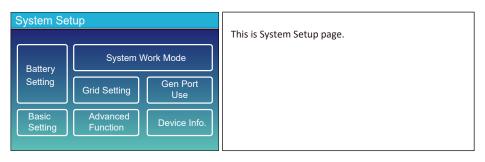
> Details Data

> > Sum

Data

Detai Data

5.4 System Setup Menu



5.5 Basic Setup Menu

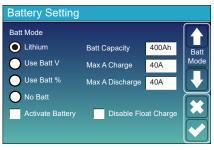


Factory Reset: Reset all parameters of the inverter. Lock out all changes: Enable this menu for setting parameters that require locking and cannot be set up. Before performing a successful factory reset and locking the systems, to keep all changes you need to type in a password to enable the setting.



System selfchek: After ticking this item, it needs input the password.

5.6 Battery Setup Menu



Battery capacity: it tells hybrid inverter to know your battery bank size.

Use Batt V: Use Battery Voltage for all the settings (V). Use Batt %: Use Battery SOC for all the settings (%). Max. A charge/discharge: Max battery charge/discharge current(0-140A for 3kW-24 model,0-70A for 3kW model, 0-90A for 3.6kW model, 0-120A for 5kW model, 0-135A for 6kW model).

For AGM and Flooded, we recommend Ah battery size x 20%= Charge/Discharge amps.

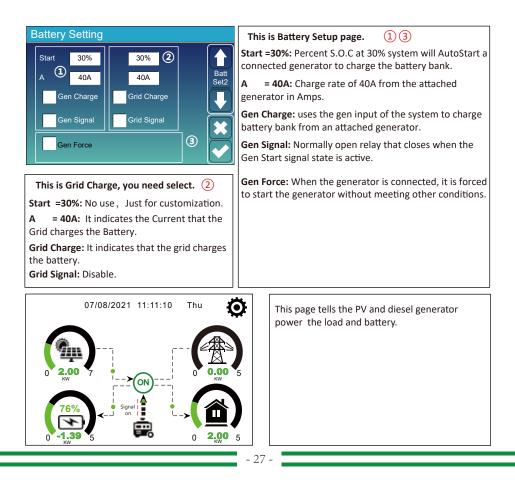
. For Lithium, we recommend Ah battery size x 50% = Charge/Discharge amps.

. For Gel, follow manufacturer' s instructions.

No Batt: tick this item if no battery is connected to the system.

Active battery: This feature will help recover a battery that is over discharged by slowly charging from the solar array or grid.

Disable Float Charge: For the lithium battery with BMS communication, the inverter will keep the charging voltage at the current voltage when the BMS charging current requested is 0. It is used to help prevent battery from being overcharged.



Generator		
Power: 1392W	Today=0.0 KWH Total =2.20 KWH	This page tells generator output voltage, frequency, power. And, how much energy is used from generator.
L1: 228V		
Freq:50.0Hz		

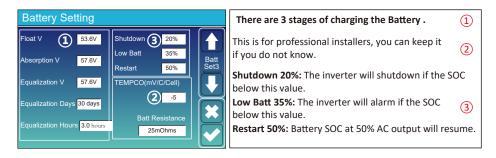


Lithium Mode: This is BMS protocol.Please reference the document(Approved Battery).

Shutdown 10%: It indicates the inverter will shutdown if the SOC below this value.

Low Batt 20%: It indicates the inverter will alarm if the SOC below this value.

Restart 40%: Battery voltage at 40% AC output will resume.



Recommended battery settings

Battery Type	Absorption Stage	Float Stage	Torque value (every 30 days 3hr)
AGM (or PCC)	14.2V (57.6V)	13.4V (53.6V)	14.2V (57.6V)
Gel	14.1V (56.4V)	13.5V (54.0V)	
Wet	14.7V (59.0V)	13.7V (55.0V)	14.7V (59.0V)
Lithium	Follo	w its BMS voltage param	eters

5.7 System Work Mode Setup Menu



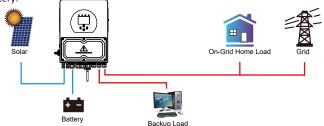
Work Mode

Selling First(Generation limit control): This Mode allows hybrid inverter to sell back any excess power produced by the solar panels to the grid. If time of use is active, the battery energy also can be sold into grid. The PV energy will be used to power the load and charge the battery and then excess energy will flow to grid. Power source priority for the load is as follows: 1. Solar Panels.

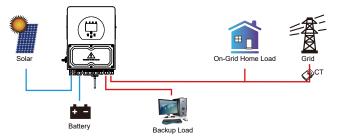
2. Grid.

3. Batteries (until programable % discharge is reached).

Zero Export To Load: Hybrid inverter will only provide power to the backup load connected. The hybrid inverter will neither provide power to the home load nor sell power to grid. The built-in CT will detect power flowing back to the grid and will reduce the power of the inverter only to supply the local load and charge the battery.



Zero Export To CT(Export limit control): Hybrid inverter will not only provide power to the backup load connected but also give power to the home load connected. If PV power and battery power is insufficient, it will take grid energy as supplement. The hybrid inverter will not sell power to grid. In this mode, a CT is needed. The installation method of the CT please refer to chapter 3.6 CT Connection. The external CT will detect power flowing back to the grid and will reduce the power of the inverter only to supply the local load, charge battery and home load.



Selling First is Generation limit control function, which limits the amount of power generated by the inverter. In this state Max. sell power is the soft limit of the maximum apparent power that the inverter can generate, and Zero-export Power is the hard limit of the maximum apparent power that the inverter can generate.

Zero Export To CT is Export limit control function, it can limit the inverter export to grid active power. max. sell power is soft limit inverter export to grid max. active power, Zero-export Power is hard limit inverter export to grid.



Note:

Customer can only use export limit control function by CT or meter.

Solar Sell: "Solar sell" is for Zero export to load or Zero export to CT: when this item is active, the surplus energy can be sold back to grid. When it is active, PV Power source priority usage is as follows: load consumption and charge battery and feed into grid.

Max. sell power: Max sell power limits means Soft export. Allowed the maximum output power to flow to grid.

Zero-export Power: for zero-export mode, it tells the grid output power. Recommend to set it as 20-100W to ensure the hybrid inverter won't feed power to grid. Zero-export Power means Hard export, If you exceed the excess power output to the grid that you set, the inverter will stop immediately.

Energy Pattern: PV Power source priority.

Batt First: PV power is firstly used to charge the battery and then used to power the load. If PV power is insufficient, grid will make supplement for battery and load simultaneously.

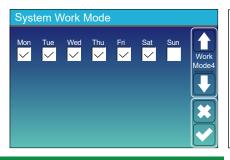
Load First: PV power is firstly used to power the load and then used to charge the battery. If PV power is insufficient, grid will make supplement for battery and load simultaneously.

Max Solar Power: allowed the maximum DC input power.

Grid Peak-shaving: when it is active, grid output power will be limited within the set value. If the load power exceeds the allowed value, it will take PV energy and battery as supplement. If still can't meet the load requirement, grid power will increase to meet the load needs.

Syste	m W	/ork Mo	de			
Grid Charge	Gen	N	<mark>/</mark> Time Time	Of Use Power	Batt	Work
		01:00	5:00	5000	49.0V	Mode2
		05:00	9:00	5000	50.2V	
\checkmark		09:00	13:00	5000	50.9V	
		13:00	17:00	5000	51.4V	
\checkmark		17:00	21:00	5000	47.1V	
		21:00	01:00	5000	49.0V	

Grid		Time	Of Use		
Charge Gen		Time	Power	Batt	l
	01:00	5:00	5000	80%	1
	05:00	8:00	5000	40%	ſ
	08:00	10:00	5000	40%	ļ
	10:00	15:00	5000	80%	
	15:00	18:00	5000	40%	
	18:00	01:00	5000	35%	



Time of use: it is used to program when to use grid or generator to charge the battery, and when to discharge the battery to power the load. Only tick "Time Of Use" then the follow items (Grid, charge, time, power etc.) will take effect.

Note: when in selling first mode and click time of use, the battery power can be sold into grid.

Grid charge: utilize grid to charge the battery in a time period.

Gen charge: utilize diesel generator to charge the battery in a time period.

Time: real time, range of 01:00-24:00.

Power: Max. discharge power of battery allowed. **Batt(V or SOC %):** battery SOC % or voltage at when the action is to happen.

For example:

During 01:00-05:00, when battery SOC is lower than 80%, it will use grid to charge the battery until battery SOC reaches 80%. During 05:00-08:00 and 08:00-10:00, when battery SOC is higher than 40%, hybrid inverter will discharge the battery until the SOC reaches 40%.

During 10:00-15:00, when battery SOC is higher than 80%, hybrid inverter will discharge the battery until the SOC reaches 80%. During 15:00-18:00, when battery SOC is higher than 40%, hybrid inverter will discharge the battery until the SOC reaches 40%. During 18:00-01:00, when battery SOC is higher than 35%, hybrid inverter will discharge the battery until the SOC reaches 35%.

It allows users to choose which day to execute the setting of "Time of Use". For example, the inverter will execute the time of use page on Mon/Tue/Wed/Thu/Fri/Sat only.

5.8 Grid Setup Menu

5.8.1 Commissioning Procedure

If all physical connection is checked ok, please follow the steps below.

1.Turn on AC circuit breaker.

2.Turn on DC circuit breaker on PV strings and battery.

3.Turn on circuit breaker on battery pack.

Note:

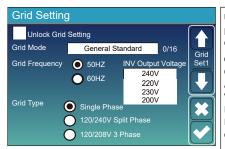
4. Turn on DC switch on the inverter

5. Check the inverter status by inverter indicators and battery status by battery indicators.



Inverters cannot be installed in multiple combinations.

5.8.2 Grid Standard Selection



Unlock Grid Setting: before changing the grid parameters, please enable this with password. Then it is allowed to change the grid parameters.

Grid Mode: General Standard、UL1741 & IEEE1547、 CPUC RULE21、SRD-UL-1741、CEI 0-21、EN50549_CZ、 Australia_A、Australia_B、Australia_C、NewZealand、 VDE4105、OVE_Directive_R25、EN50549_CZ_PPDS_L16A、 NRS097、G98/G99、G98/G99_NI、ESB Networks(Ireland). Please follow the local grid code and then choose the corresponding grid standard.

For The Australian Market:

For compliance with AS/NZS 4777.2:2020 please select from

Australia A
 Australia B
 Australia C
 New Zealand

Please contact your local grid operator for which option to select

Note: By selecting Australia A, Australia B or Australia C the power quality response mode and grid protection settings will be reset to their default values for Australia RegionA, B, C respectively.

Default volt-watt settings for different regions are shown in the following table:

Region	Default value	Vw ₁	Vw1-ch	Vw ₂	Vw2-ch
Australia A	Voltage	253V	207V	260V	215V
	Inverter maximum active power output level(P) % of Srated	100%	20%	20%	100%
Australia B	Voltage	250V	195V	260V	215V
	Inverter maximum active power output level(P) % of Srated	100%	0%	20%	100%
Australia C	Voltage	253V	207V	260V	215V
	Inverter maximum active power output level(P) % of Srated	100%	20%	20%	100%
New Zealand	Voltage	242V	216V	250V	224V
	Inverter maximum active power output level(P) % of Srated	100%	20%	20%	100%

Default volt-var settings for different regions are shown in the following table:

Region	Default value	Vv ₁	Vv ₂	Vv ₃	Vv4
Australia A	Voltage	207V	220V	240V	258V
	Inverter maximum active power output level(P) % of Srated	44%supplying	0%	0%	60%absorbing
Australia B	Voltage	205V	220V	235V	255V
	Inverter maximum active power output level(P) % of Srated	30%supplying	0%	0%	40%supplying
Australia C	Voltage	215V	230V	240V	255V
	Inverter maximum active power output level(P) % of Srated	44%supplying	0%	0%	60%supplying
New Zealand	Voltage	207V	220V	235V	244V
	Inverter maximum active power output level(P) % of Srated	60%supplying	0%	0%	60%supplying

Grid Setting/Connect								
Normal connect		mal Ramp rate	60s					
Low frequency	48.00Hz	High frequency	51.50Hz	Grid				
Low voltage	185.0V	High voltage	265.0V	Set2				
Reconnect after trip Reconnect Ramp rate 60s								
Low frequency	48.20Hz	High frequency	51.30Hz					
Low voltage	187.0V	High voltage	263.0V					
Reconnection Time 60s PF 1.000								

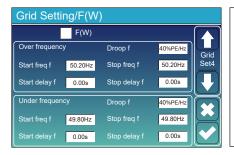
Normal connect: The allowed grid voltage/frequency range when the inverter first time connect to the grid. **Normal Ramp rate**: It is the startup power ramp.

Reconnect after trip: The allowed grid voltage /frequency range for the inverter connects the grid after the inverter trip from the grid.

Reconnect Ramp rate: It is the reconnection power ramp.

Reconnection time: The waiting time period for the inverter connects the grid again **PF**: Power factor which is used to adjust inverter reactive power

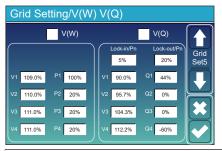




HV1: Level 1 overvoltage protection point; 1) HV2: Level 2 overvoltage protection point; LV3: Level 3 overvoltage protection point; LV3: Level 1 undervoltage protection point; LV3: Level 2 undervoltage protection point; LV3: Level 3 undervoltage protection point; HF1: Level 1 over frequency protection point; HF2: Level 2 over frequency protection point; HF3: Level 3 over frequency protection point. LF1: Level 1 under frequency protection point; LF2: Level 2 under frequency protection point; LF3: Level 3 under frequency protection point.

FW: this series inverter is able to adjust inverter output power according to grid frequency. Droop f: percentage of nominal power per Hz For example, "Start freq f > 50.2Hz, Stop freq f < 50.2, Droop f=40%PE/Hz" when the grid frequency reaches 50.2Hz, the inverter will decrease its active power at Droop f of 40%. And then when grid system frequency is less than 50.2Hz, the inverter will stop decreasing output power.

For the detailed setup values, please follow the local grid code.



V(W): It is used to adjust the inverter active power according to the set grid voltage. V(Q): It is used to adjust the inverter reactive power

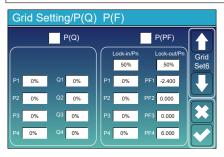
according to the set grid voltage. This function is used to adjust inverter output power (active power and reactive power) when grid voltage changes.

Lock-in/Pn 5%: When the inverter active power is less than 5% rated power, the VQ mode will not take effect. Lock-out/Pn 20%: If the inverter active power is increasing from 5% to 20% rated power, the VQ mode will take effect again.

For example: V2=110%, P2=20%. When the grid voltage reaches the 110% times of rated grid voltage, inverter output power will reduce its active output power to 20% rated power.

For example: V1=90%, Q1=44%. When the grid voltage reaches the 90% times of rated grid voltage, inverter output power will output 44% reactive output power.

For the detailed setup values, please follow the local grid code.



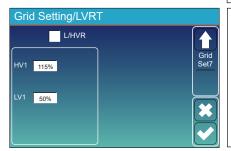
P(Q): It is used to adjust the inverter reactive power according to the set active power.
P(PF): It is used to adjust the inverter PF according to the set active power.
For the detailed setup values, please follow the local grid code.
Lock-in/Pn 50%: When the inverter output active power

Lock-in/Pn 50%: When the inverter output active power is less then 50% rated power, it won't enter the P(PF) mode.

Lock-out/Pn 50%: When the inverter output active power is higher then 50% rated power, it will enter the P(PF) mode. Note: only when the grid voltage is equal to or higher

than 1.05times of rated grid voltage is equal to or higher mode will take effect.

Reserved: This function is reserved. It is not recommended.



Basic Setting Time Syncs 📈 Auto Dim Beep Month Day Year Basic Set + 2019 -+ $\left[- \right]$ + Hour Minute $\left(+\right)$ $\left(+\right)$ Lock out all changes

After setting grid parameters, please select "Lock out all changes" and enter password. If the engineer does not know the password, please contact your distributor.

5.8.2 Grid Parameter Check

After steps above, customers can see firmware version on main page grid parameters in grid settings on LCD.

5.9 Generator Port Use Setup Menu



Generator input rated power: allowed Max. power from diesel generator.

GEN connect to grid input: connect the diesel generator to the grid input port.

Smart Load Output: This mode utilizes the Gen input connection as an output which only receives power when the battery SOC and PV power is above a user programmable threshold.

e.g. Power=500W, ON: 100%, OFF=95%: When the PV power exceeds 500W, and battery bank SOC reaches 100%, Smart Load Port will switch on automatically and power the load connected. When the battery bank SOC < 95% or PV power < 500w, the Smart Load Port will switch off automatically.

Smart Load OFF Batt

• Battery SOC at which the Smart load will switch off.

Smart Load ON Batt

 Battery SOC at which the Smart load will switch on. Also, the PV input power should exceed the setting value (Power) simultaneously and then the Smart load will switch on.

On Grid always on: When click "on Grid always on" the smart load will switch on when the grid is present.

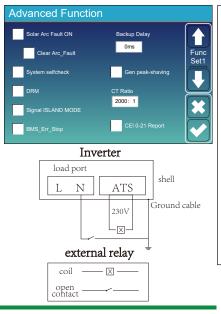
Micro Inv Input: To use the Generator input port as a micro-inverter on grid inverter input (AC coupled), this feature will also work with "Grid-Tied" inverters.

- * Micro Inv Input OFF: when the battery SOC exceeds setting value, Microinveter or grid-tied inverter will shut down.
- * Micro Inv Input ON: when the battery SOC is lower than setting value, Microinveter or grid-tied inverter will start to work.

AC Couple Fre High: If choosing "Micro Inv input", as the battery SOC reaches gradually setting value (OFF), During the process, the microinverter output power will decrease linear. When the battery SOC equals to the setting value (OFF), the system frequency will become the setting value (AC couple Fre high) and the Microinverter will stop working.

- * MI export to grid cutsoff: Stop exporting power produced by the microinverter to the grid.
- * Note: Micro Inv Input OFF and On is valid for some certain FW version only.
- * AC couple on load side: connecting the output of on-grid inverter at the load port of the hybrid inverter. In this situation, the hybrid inverter will not able to show the load power correctly.
- * AC couple on grid side: this function is reserved.
- * Note: Some firmware versions don't have this function.

5.10 Advanced Function Setup Menu



Solar Arc Fault ON: This is only for US. System selfcheck: Disable. this is only for factory. Gen Peak-shaving: Enable When the power of the generator exceeds the rated value of it, the inverter will provide the redundant part to ensure that the generator will not overload.

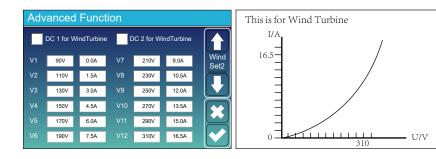
DRM: For AS4777 standard (Only DRM0 is available). **Backup Delay:** When the grid cuts off, the inverter will give output power after the seting time.

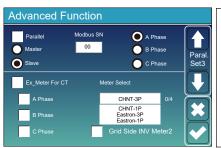
For example, backup delay: 3ms. the inverter will give output power after 3ms when the grid cuts off.

Note: for some old FW version, the function is not avaiable. BMS_Err_Stop: When it is active, if the battery BMS failed to communicate with inverter, the inverter will stop working and report fault.

Signal ISLAND MODE: when "signal island mode" is checked and the inverter connects the grid, the ATS port voltage will be 0. When "signal island mode" is checked and the inverter disconnected from the grid, the ATS port voltage will output 230Vac voltage. With this feature and outside NO type relay, it can realize N and PE disconnection or bond.

More details, please refer to left side picture.

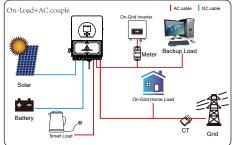


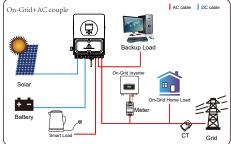


Ex_Meter For CT: when in Three phase system with CHNT Three phase energy meter (DTSU666), click corresponding phase where hybrid inverter is connected. e.g. when the hybrid inverter output connects to A phase, please click A Phase.

Meter Select: select the corresponding meter type according to the meter installed in the system.

Grid Side INV Meter2: when there's a string inverter AC couple at the grid or load side of hybrid inverter and there's a meter installed for the string inverter, then the hybrid inverter LCD will show the string inverter output power on its PV icon. Please make sure the meter can communicate with the hybrid inverter successfully.





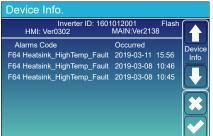


ATS: It is related with ATS port voltage. it is better in "uncheck" position.

Low Noise Mode: In this mode, inverter will work in "low noise mode".

Low Power Mode<Low Batt: if selected and when battery SOC is less then "Low Bat" value, the self-consumption power of inverter will be from grid and battery simultaneously. If unselected, the self-consumption power of inverter will be mainly from grid.

5.11 Device Info Setup Menu

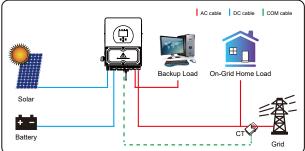


This page show Inverter ID, Inverter version and alarm codes.

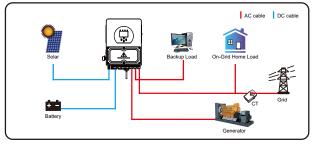
HMI: LCD version

MAIN: Control board FW version

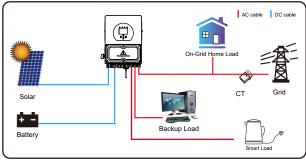
6. Mode Mode I:Basic



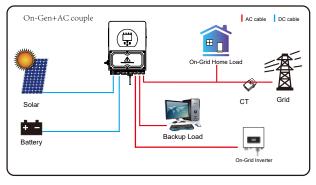
Mode II: With Generator

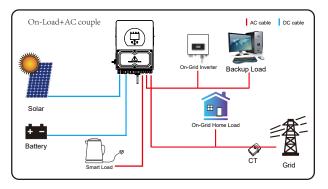


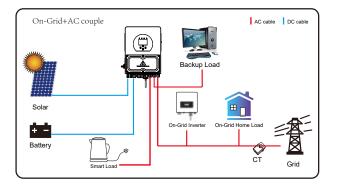
Mode III: With Smart-Load



Mode IV: AC Couple









The 1st priority power of the system is always the PV power, then 2nd and 3rd priority power will be the battery bank or grid according to the settings. The last power backup will be the Generator if it is available.

7. Fault information and processing

The energy storage inverter is designed according to the grid-connected operation standard and meets the safety requirements and electromagnetic compatibility requirements. Before leaving the factory, the inverter undergoes several rigorous tests to ensure that the inverter can operate reliably.



If any of the fault messages listed in Table 7-1 appear on your inverter and the fault has not been removed after restarting, please contact your local dealer or service center. You need to have the following information ready.

- 1. Inverter serial number;
- 2. Distributor or service center of the inverter ;
- 3. On-grid power generation date;
- 4. The problem description (including the fault code and indicator status displayed on the LCD) is as detailed as possible.
- 5. Your contact information. In order to give you a clearer understanding of the inverter's fault information, we will list all possible fault codes and their descriptions when the inverter is not working properly.

Error code	Description	Solutions	
F08	GFDI_Relay_Failure	 When inverter is in Split phase(120/240Vac) or three-phase system (120/208Vac) system, the backup load port N line needs to connect ground; If the fault still exists, please contact us for help. 	
F13	Working mode change	 When the grid type and frequency changed it will report F13; When the battery mode was changed to "No battery" mode, it will report F13; For some old FW version, it will report F13 when the system work mode changed; Generally, it will disappear automatically when shows F13; If still same, and turn off the DC switch and AC switch and wait for one minute and then turn on the DC/AC switch; Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state. 	
F18	AC over current fault of hardware	 AC side over current fault 1. Please check whether the backup load power and common load power are within the range; 2. Restart and check whether it is in normal; 3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state. 	
F20	DC over current fault of the hardware	 DC side over current fault 1. Check PV module connect and battery connect; 2. When in the off-grid mode, the inverter startup with big poload, it may report F20. Please reduce the load power connect 3. Turn off the DC switch and AC switch and then wait one minute, then turn on the DC/AC switch again; 4. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state. 	
F22	Tz_EmergStop_Fault	Please contact your installer for help.	
F23	AC leakage current is transient over current	Leakage current fault 1. Check PV side cable ground connection. 2. Restart the system 2~3 times. 3. If the fault still exists, please contact us for help.	

Error code	Description	Solutions	
F24	DC insulation impedance failure	PV isolation resistance is too low1. Check the connection of PV panels and inverter is firmly and correctly;2. Check whether the PE cable of inverter is connected to ground;3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.	
F26	 The DC busbar is unbalanced The DC busbar is When the hybrid in split phase mode, and the load of L2 is big different, it will report the F26. Restart the system 2~3 times. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal s 		
F29	Parallel CANBus fault	 When in parallel mode, check the parallel communication cable connection and hybrid inverter communication address setting; During the parallel system startup period, inverters will report F29. when all inverters are in ON status, it will disappear automatically; If the fault still exists, please contact us for help. 	
F34 AC Overcurrent fault 2. If the fault still exists, please contact us for help.			
F35	No AC grid	No Utility 1. Please confirm grid is lost or not; 2. Check the grid connection is good or not; 3. Check the switch between inverter and grid is on or not; 4. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.	
F41	Parallel system stop	 Check the hybrid inverter working status. If there's 1 pcs hybrid inverter is in OFF status, the other hybrid inverters may report F41 fault in parallel system. If the fault still exists, please contact us for help. 	
F42	AC line low voltage	 Grid voltage fault 1. Check the AC voltage is in the range of standard voltage in specification; 2. Check whether grid AC cables are firmly and correctly connected; 3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state. 	
F47	47 AC over frequency Grid frequency out of range 1. Check the frequency is in the range of specification or n 2. Check whether AC cables are firmly and correctly com 3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.		
F48	AC lower frequency	Grid frequency out of range 1. Check the frequency is in the range of specification or not; 2. Check whether AC cables are firmly and correctly connected; 3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.	
F56	F56DC busbar voltage is too lowBattery voltage low 1. Check whether battery voltage is too low; 2. If the battery voltage is too low, using PV or grid to battery; 3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal stat		

Error code	Description	Solutions
F58	BMS communication fault	 it tells the communication between hybrid inverter and battery BMS disconnected when "BMS_Err-Stop" is active; if don' t want to see this happen, you can disable "BMS_Err-Stop" item on the LCD; If the fault still exists, please contact us for help.
F63	ARC fault ARC fault 3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal	
F64 Heat sink high temperature failure		Heat sink temperature is too high 1. Check whether the work environment temperature is too high; 2. Turn off the inverter for 10mins and restart; 3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.

Chart 7-1 Fault information

Under the guidance of our company, customers return our products so that our company can provide service of maintenance or replacement of products of the same value. Customers need to pay the necessary freight and other related costs. Any replacement or repair of the product will cover the remaining warranty period of the product. If any part of the product or product is replaced by the company itself during the warranty period, all rights and interests of the replacement product or component belong to the company.

Factory warranty does not include damage due to the following reasons:

- · Damage during transportation of equipment;
- · Damage caused by incorrect installation or commissioning;
- Damage caused by failure to comply with operation instructions, installation instructions or maintenance instructions;
- · Damage caused by attempts to modify, alter or repair products;
- · Damage caused by incorrect use or operation;
- · Damage caused by insufficient ventilation of equipment;
- · Damage caused by failure to comply with applicable safety standards or regulations;
- · Damage caused by natural disasters or force majeure (e.g. floods, lightning, overvoltage, storms, fires, etc.)

In addition, normal wear or any other failure will not affect the basic operation of the product. Any external scratches, stains or natural mechanical wear does not represent a defect in the product.

8.Limitation of Liability

In addition to the product warranty described above, the state and local laws and regulations provide financial compensation for the product's power connection (including violation of implied terms and warranties). The company hereby declares that the terms and conditions of the product and the policy cannot and can only legally exclude all liability within a limited scope.

9. Datasheet

Model	iHome-INV3K- L1H02	iHome-INV3.6K- L1H02	iHome-INV5K- L1H02	iHome-INV6K- L1H02
Battery Input Date				
Battery Type	Lead-acid or Li-lon			
Battery Voltage Range(V)	40-60V			
Max. Charging Current(A)	70A	90A	120A	135A
Max. Discharging Current(A)	70A	90A	120A	135A
Charging Curve		3 Stages / E	qualization	
External Temperature Sensor	Optional			
Charging Strategy for Li-lon Battery		Self-adaption	on to BMS	
PV String Input Data				
Max. DC Input Power(W)	3900W	4680W	6500W	7800W
PV Input Voltage(V)		370V (125	V~500V)	
MPPT Range(V)		150~4	125V	
Full Load DC Voltage Range		300~4	125V	
Start-up Voltage(V)		125	5V	
PV Input Current(A)	13A	13A+13A	13A+13A	13A+13A
Max.PV Isc(A)	19.5A	19.5A+19.5A	19.5A+19.5A	19.5A+19.5A
No. of MPPT Trackers	1	2	2	2
No. of Strings Per MPPT Tracker	1	1+1	1+1	1+1
AC Output Data				
Rated AC Output and UPS Power(VA)	3000	3600	5000	6000
Max. AC Output Power(W)	3000	3600	5000	6000
Peak Power(off grid)		2 times of rate	d power, 10 S	
AC Output Rated Current(A)	13A	15.7A	21.7A	26.1A
Max. AC Current(A)	13A	15.7A	21.7A	26.1A
Max. Continuous AC Passthrough(A)		35A		40A
Power Factor	0.8 leading to 0.8 lagging			
Output Frequency and Voltage	50Hz; 230V/240V 0.85Un-1.1Un			
Grid Type		Single I	Phase	
Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)	<3% (of nominal power)			
DC current injection	<0.5% ln			
Efficiency				
Max. Efficiency		97.6	0%	
Euro Efficiency	96.50%			
MPPT Efficiency		>99	1%	
Protection				
PV Arc Fault Detection		Integr	ated	
PV Input Lightning Protection		Integr	ated	
Anti-islanding Protection		Integrated(Active		
PV String Input Reverse Polarity Protection		Integr	ated	
Insulation Resistor Detection		Integr	ated	
Residual Current Monitoring Unit		Integr		
Output Over Current Protection		Integr		
Output Shorted Protection		Integr		
Surge Protection	DC Type II / AC Type II			
Over Voltage Category		DC Type II /	AC Type III	

Model	iHome-INV3K- L1H02	iHome-INV3.6K- L1H02	iHome-INV5K- L1H02	iHome-INV6K- L1H02
Certifications and Standards				
Grid Regulation		AS 47	77.2	
EMC/Safety Regulation	IEC 61000-3-2, IEC 61000-3-3, IEC 61000-6-1, IEC 61000-6-3 IEC 62109-1, IEC 62109-2			
General Data				
Operating Temperature Rande($^{\circ}$ C)	-40~60 °C , >45 °C Derating			
Cooling	Smart cooling			
Noise(dB)	<30 dB(A)			
Communication with BMS	RS485; CAN			
Weight(kg)	14 15.1		5.1	
Cabinet size(mm)	330W×433H×238D (Excluding connectors and brackets)			
Protection Degree	IP65			
Installation Style	Wall-mounted			
Warranty	5 years			

10.Package and transport inverter

Usually placed inverter in the packing box with tape sealing, if the inverter cannot reoccupy, you can choose a cheap carton for packaging. Carton requirements must meet the size of the inverter and can support inverter machine overall weight.

Series frequency converter in the process of moving, please note: handle with care, do not touch the inverter, put as flat as possible.

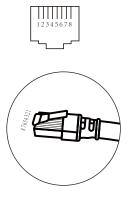
11.Disposing of the inverter

Do not dispose of inverter together with household waste. Please accordance with the disposal regulations for electronic waste which apply at the installation site at that time. Ensure that the old unit and, where applicable, any accessories are disposed of in a proper manner.

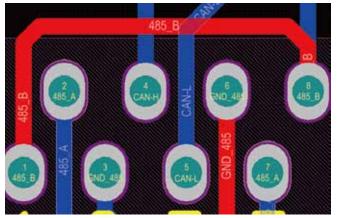
12. Appendix I

Definition of RJ45 Port Pin for BMS

No.	RS485/CAN Pin	
1	485_B	
2	485_A	
3	GND_485	
4	CAN-H	
5	CAN-L	
6	GND_485	
7	485_A	
8	485_B	

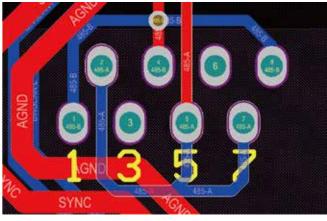


RS485/CAN Port

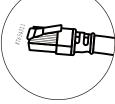


Meter port

This port is used to connect the energy meter.



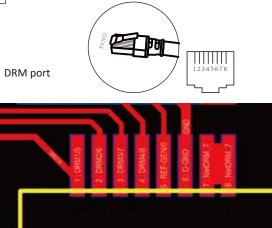




No.	Meter Pin
1	485-B
2	485-A
3	
4	485-B
5	485-A
6	
7	485-A
8	485-B

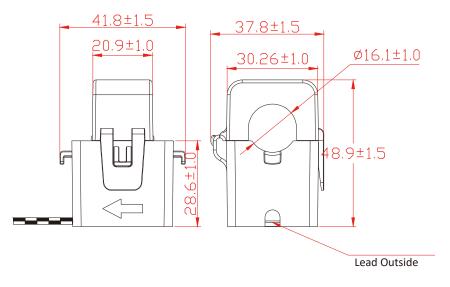
Definition of RJ45 Port Pin for DRM Port

No.	Modbus port
1	DRM1/5
2	DRM2/6
3	DRM3/7
4	DRM4/8
5	REF-GEN/0
6	D-GND
7	NetDRM_7
8	NetDRM_7



13. Appendix II

- 1. Split Core Current Transformer (CT) dimension: (mm)
- 2. Secondary output cable length is 4m.





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