



Energy Storage System  
iHome-S-HD1H01 Series

# User Manual

# Foreword

## Summaries

Thank you for choosing the energy storage system iHome-S-HD1H01 series (hereinafter referred to as iHome-S-HD1H01)!

This document gives a description of the energy storage system iHome-S-HD1H01 series, including the features, performance, appearance, structure, working principles, installation, operation and maintenance. etc.

Please save the manual after reading, in order to consult in the future.



### NOTE

The figures in this manual are just for reference, for details please see the actual product.

## Suitable Model

- Inverter
  - iHome-INV3.6K-H1H01
  - iHome-INV5K-H1H01
  - iHome-INV6K-H1H01
- Battery
  - iHome-B5-HD02










### NOTE

1. The energy storage system iHome-S-HD1H01 series consists of inverter and battery.
2. The model of a single battery is iHome-B5-HD02, that of two batteries is iHome-B10-HD02, and so on. The energy storage system iHome-S-HD1H01 series install up to eight batteries. For special illustration, the following take iHome-B5-HD02 as an example.

## Symbol Conventions

The manual quotes the safety symbols, these symbols used to prompt users to comply with safety matters during installation, operation and maintenance. The safety symbol meaning is as follows.

Symbol	Description
 <b>DANGER</b>	Alerts you to a high risk hazard that will, if not avoided, result in serious injury or death.
 <b>WARNING</b>	Alerts you to a medium low risk hazard that could, if not avoided, result in moderate or minor injury.
 <b>CAUTION</b>	Alerts you to a low risk hazard that could, if not avoided, result in minor injury.
	Anti-static prompting.
	Be care electric shock prompting.
 <b>TIP</b>	Provides a tip that may help you solve a problem or save time.
 <b>NOTE</b>	Provides additional information to emphasize or supplement important points in the main text.

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# 1 Safety Description

This chapter mainly introduces the safety announcements. Prior to performing any work on the device, please read the user manual carefully, follow the operation and installation instructions and observe all danger, warning and safety information.

## 1.1 Safety Announcements



Before operation, please read the announcements and operation instructions in this section carefully to avoid accident.

The promptings in the user manual, such as "Danger", "Warning", "Caution", etc. don't include all safety announcements. They are just only the supplement of safety announcements when operation.

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Any device damage caused by violating the general safety operation requirements or safety standards of design, production, and usage will be out of Chelion's guarantee range.

### 1.1.1 Use Announcements



Don't touch terminals or conductors that are connected with grid to avoid lethal risk!

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 **DANGER**

There is no operational part inside the inverter. Please do not open the crust of the inverter by yourself, or it may cause electric shock. The inverter damage caused by illegal operation is out of the guarantee range.

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 **DANGER**

Damaged device or device fault may cause electric shock or fire!

- Before operation, please check if the inverter is damaged or has other danger.
  - Check if the external device or circuit connection is safe.
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 **DANGER**

Before checking or maintenance, if the DC side and AC side is power down just now, it is necessary to wait for 5 minutes to ensure the inner device is completely discharged, and then the operation can be performed.

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 **DANGER**

The surface temperature of the inverter may reach to 60°C. During running, please don't touch the surface to avoid scald.

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 **CAUTION**

No liquid or other objects are allowed to enter the inverter, or, it may cause energy storage system iHome-S-HD1H01 series damage.

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 **CAUTION**

In case of fire, please use dry power fire extinguisher. If using liquid fire extinguisher, it may cause electric shock.

### 1.1.2 Inverter Symbol Illustration

Table 1-1 Inverter symbol illustration

Symbol	Illustration
	Beware of a danger zone  This symbol indicates that the product must be additionally grounded if additional grounding or equipotential bonding is required at the installation site.
	Beware of electrical voltage  The product operates at high voltages.
 	WEEE designation  Do not dispose of the product together with the household waste but in accordance with the disposal regulations for electronic waste applicable at the installation site.
	Observe the documentation.
	CE marking  The product complies with the requirements of the applicable EU directives.
	Danger to life due to high voltages in the inverter, observe a waiting time of 5 minutes.  High voltages that can cause lethal electric shocks are present in the live components of the inverter.  Prior to performing any work on the inverter, disconnect it from all voltage sources as described in this document.
	Beware of hot surface  The product can get hot during operation.

### 1.1.3 Protection for PV Array

When install PV array in daytime, it is necessary to cover the PV array by light-proof material, or the PV array will generate high voltage under sunshine. If touching PV array accidentally, it may cause electric shock or human injury!



There exists dangerous voltage between the positive and negative of PV array!

When installing the device, make sure that the connection between inverter and PV array has been disconnected completely. And set warning mark in the disconnected position to avoid reconnecting.

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### 1.1.4 ESD Protection



To prevent human electrostatic damaging sensitive components (such as circuit board), make sure that you wear a anti-static wrist strap before touching sensitive components, and the other end is well grounded.

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### 1.1.5 Grounding Requirements



High leakage risk! The inverter must be grounded before wiring. The grounding terminal must be connected to ground, or, there will be the risk of electric shock when touching the inverter.

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- When installing, the inverter must be grounded first. When dismantling, the grounding wire must be removed at last.
- Don't damage the grounding conductor.
- The device must be connected to protection grounding permanently.
- Before operation, check the electrical connection to ensure the inverter is grounded reliably.

## 1.1.6 Moisture-proof Protection



Moisture incursion may cause the inverter damage!

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Observe the following items to ensure the inverter works normally.

- When the air humidity is more than 95%, don't open the door of the inverter.
- In the wet or damp weather, don't open the door of the inverter to maintain or repair.

## 1.1.7 Safety Warning Label Setting

In order to avoid accident for unwanted person gets close to the inverter or makes improper operation, observe the following requirements while installing, maintaining or repairing.

- Set warning marks where the switches are to avoid switching them on improperly.
- Set warning signs or safety warning belt in the operation area, which is to avoid human injury or device damage.
- When the port of battery pack and inverter are not in use, please don't remove the corresponding waterproof cover.

## 1.1.8 Electrical Connection

Electrical connection must be performed according to the description in the user manual and the electrical schematic diagram.



The configuration of PV string, grid level, grid frequency, etc. must meet the technical requirements of inverter.

Grid-tied generation should be allowed by the local power supply department and the related operation should be performed by professionals.

All electrical connection must meet the related country and district standard.

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## 1.1.9 Measurement Under Operation



There exists high voltage in the device. If touching device accidentally, it may cause electric shock. So, when perform measurement under operation, it must take protection measure (such as wear insulated gloves, etc.)

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The measuring device must meet the following requirements:

- The range and operation requirements of measuring device meets the site requirements.
- The connections for measuring device should be correct and standard to avoid arcing.

## 1.2 Safety Precaution for Battery Pack

### 1.2.1 General Safety Precautions

- Overvoltage or wrong wiring can damage the battery pack and cause deflagration, which can be extremely dangerous.
- All types of breakdown of the battery may lead to a leakage of electrolyte or flammable gas.
- Battery pack is not user serviceable. High voltage is present in the device.
- Read the label with Warning Symbols and Precautions, which is on the right side of the battery pack.
- Do not connect any AC conductors or PV conductors which should be only connected to the inverter directly to the battery pack.
- Do not charge or discharge the damaged battery.
- Do not damage the battery pack in such ways as dropping, deforming, impacting, cutting or penetrating with a sharp object. It may cause a leakage of electrolyte or fire.
- Do not expose battery to open flame.

### 1.2.2 Response to Emergency Situations

The battery pack consists of multiple batteries to form a high-voltage system, if it fails, there is a high-voltage risk. Chelion company cannot guarantee the absolute safety of the battery pack, so you need to pay attention to the following matters:

1. If a user happens to be exposed to internal materials of the battery cell due to damage on the outer casing, the following actions are recommended.
  - Inhalation: Leave the contaminated area immediately and seek medical attention.
  - Eye contact: Rinse eyes with running water for 15 minutes and seek medical attention.
  - Contact with skin: Wash the contacted area with soap thoroughly and seek medical attention.
  - Ingestion: Induce vomiting and seek medical attention.
2. If a fire breaks out in the place where the battery pack is installed, perform the following countermeasures.
  - Fire extinguishing media

Respirator is not required during normal operations. Use FM-200 or CO<sub>2</sub> extinguisher for battery fire. Use an ABC fire extinguisher, if the fire is not from battery and not spread to it yet.

- Firefighting instructions
  - If fire occurs when charging batteries, if it is safe to do so, disconnect the battery pack circuit switch to shut off the power to charge.
  - If the battery pack is not on fire yet, extinguish the fire before the battery pack catches fire.
  - If the battery pack is on fire, do not try to extinguish but evacuate people immediately.
- Effective ways to deal with accidents
  - On land: Place damaged battery into a segregated place and call local fire department or service engineer.
  - In water: Stay out of the water and don't touch anything if any part of the battery, inverter, or wiring is submerged. Do not use submerged battery again and contact the service engineer.

## 1.3 Requirements for Operator



The operation and wiring for energy storage system iHome-S-HD1H01 series should be performed by qualified person, which is to ensure that the electrical connection meets the related standards.

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The professional technician must meet the following requirements:

- Be trained strictly and understand all safety announcements and master correct operations.
- Fully familiar with the structure and working principle of the whole system.
- Know well about the related standards of local country and district.

## 1.4 Environment Requirements



Avoid the energy storage system iHome-S-HD1H01 series suffering directly sunshine, rain or snow to prolong the service life (detail please see 3.2.2 Installation Environment). If the installation environment does not meet the requirement, the guarantee time may be influenced.

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The used environment may influence the service life and reliability of the energy storage system iHome-S-HD1H01 series. So, please avoid using the inverter in the following environment for a long time.

- The place where beyond the specification (operating temperature:-25°C~60°C, relative humidity: 0%-95%).
- The place where has vibration or easy impacted.
- The place where has dust, corrosive material, salty or flammable gas.
- The place where without good ventilation or closed.

# 2 Overview

This chapter mainly introduces the device features, appearance, operating mode, etc.

## 2.1 Product Intro

With energy storage system iHome-S-HD1H01 series, it is possible to effectively manage energy in users' home day and night. This energy storage system will provide a complete energy solution with multiple working modes which meet different application scenarios. It will bring independence and economy for energy use.

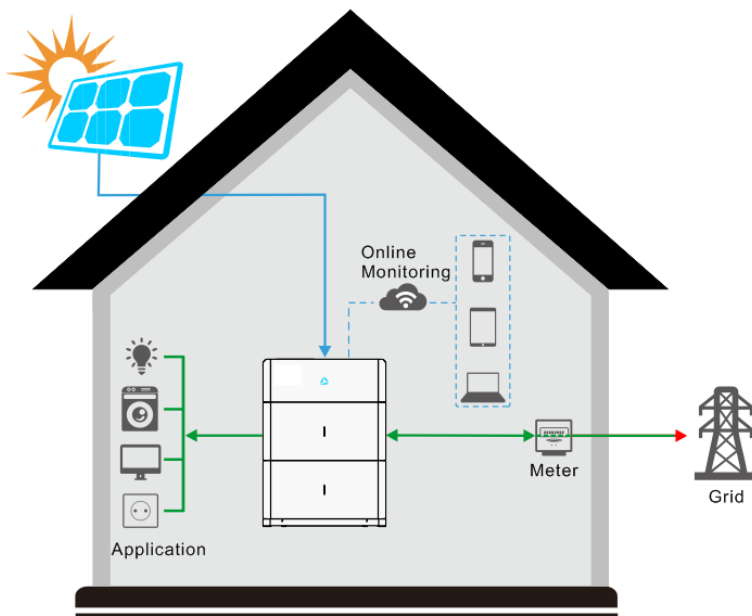


Figure 2-1 Energy storage system

### 2.1.1 Model Meaning

Inverter

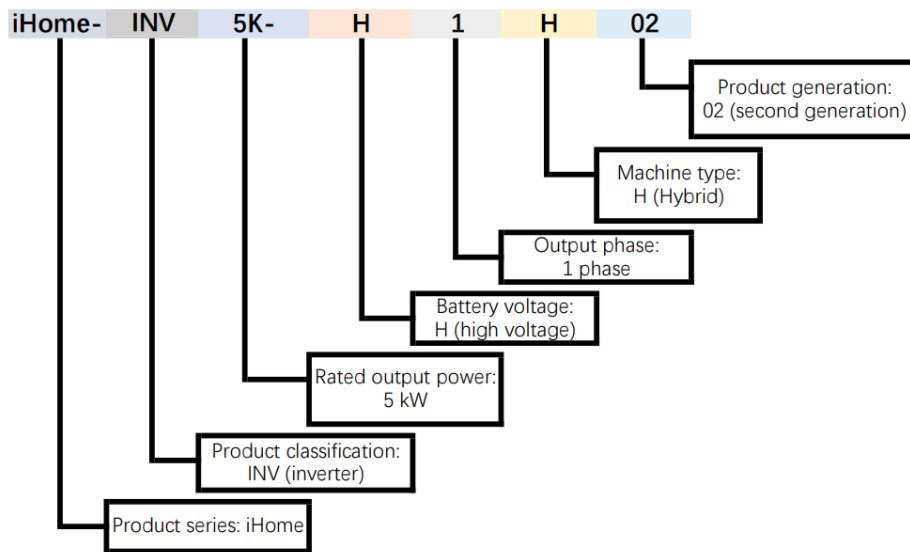


Figure 2-2 Model meaning of inverter

## Battery

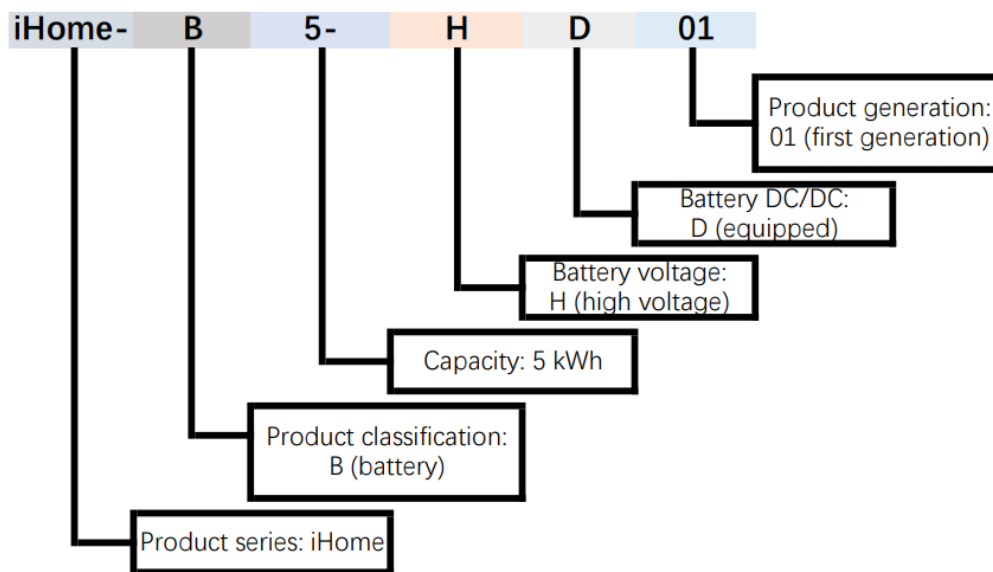


Figure 2-3 Model meaning of battery



## 2.1.2 Working Mode

### Backup mode

iHome-S-HD1H01 product can work as an energy backup unit in order to provide uninterrupted blackout protection when the grid goes down.

### Self-consumption mode

iHome-S-HD1H01 product provides energy to loads in priority, then excess PV energy to battery. When PV power is insufficient or no PV power, battery discharge to load.

### Time of use mode

iHome-S-HD1H01 product can meet the maximum energy utilization rate and users' income. According to peak-valley electricity price and users' electricity demand.

### Energy scheduling mode

iHome-S-HD1H01 product provides charge and discharge time settings for customers, so they can pre-charge when the price of power is low, and save the energy for use when grid power prices are high.

### External control mode

iHome-S-HD1H01 product can realize the remote scheduling of inverter control, and energy management optimization strategy through API interface.

### Peak load shifting mode

iHome-S-HD1H01 product provides max. grid percentage setting for customers, so when the load is suddenly added and the power of grid port exceeds the maximum setting value, the iHome-S-HD1H01 product will be in standby status.

### Off-grid mode

iHome-S-HD1H01 product can be operated in a completely off-grid mode where no grid power is available.

#### **NOTE**

The above modes are only functional definitions, and the setting items may not have corresponding items.

## 2.2 Appearance and Structure

### 2.2.1 Appearance

The appearance of the inverter and battery pack are as shown in Figure 2-4 and Figure 2-5.

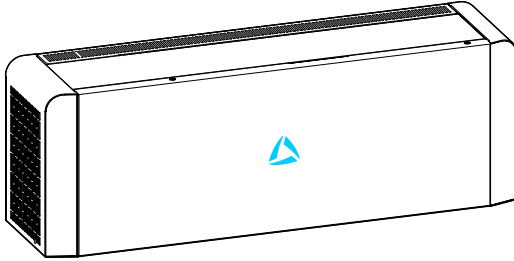


Figure 2-4 Appearance of the inverter

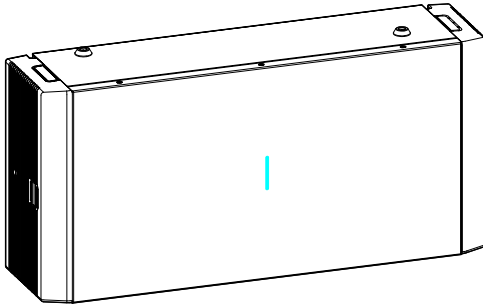


Figure 2-5 Appearance of the battery

### 2.2.2 Dimensions

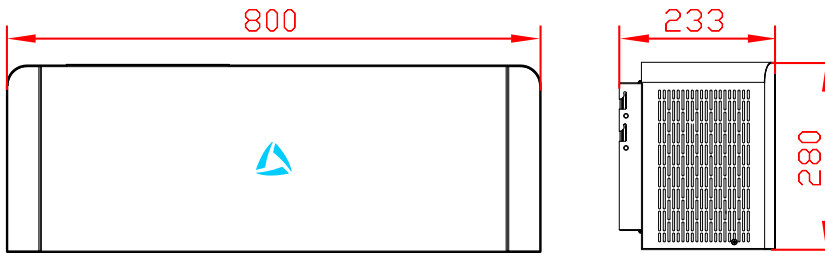


Figure 2-1 Inverter Dimensions (Unit: mm)

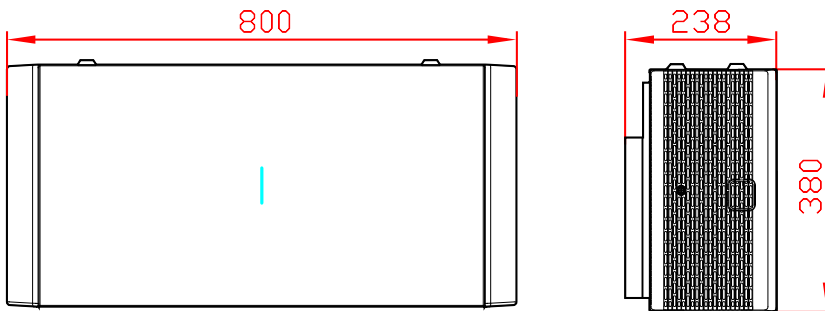





Figure 2-2 Battery Dimensions (Unit: mm)

## 2.2.3 LED Signals







### Inverter

Table 2-1 Illustration of the inverter LED

LED display	Status	Illustration
	Off	Inverter power off.
	Red	ON: inverter fault.
	Blue	ON: the system works normally.
		Flicker 1s: inverter alarm.
		Flicker 3s: inverter standby.

### Battery

Table 2-2 Illustration of the battery LED

LED display	Status	Illustration
	Blue indicator on	Battery pack is running.
	Flickers in blue and red alternately	Battery pack is running and with secondary alarm.
	Flickers in blue	Battery pack standby or off.
	Flickers in red	Battery pack standby or off, and with secondary alarm.
	Red indicator on	Battery pack abnormal and with important alarm.
	Off	Battery pack is power off.

## 2.2.4 Inverter Structure Layout Illustration

The external terminals and switch of inverter, as shown in Figure 2-3.

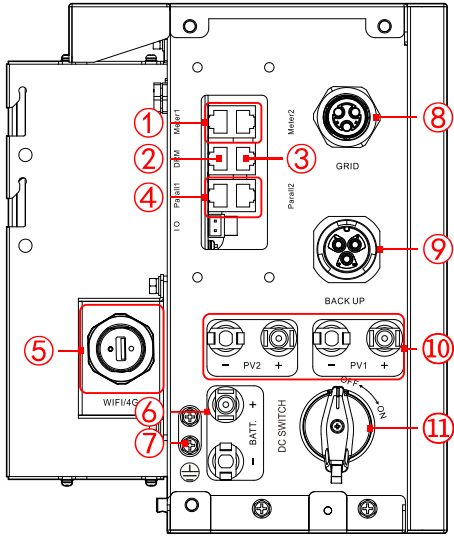



Figure 2-3 Inverter structure layout diagram

Table 2-3 Inverter terminals illustration

NO.	Mark	Illustration	Remarks	
①	Meter1/ Meter2	Monitor grid side power.	Meter1 and Meter 2 are the same portal.	
②	DRM	Inverter demand response modes.	\	
③	BMS	Connect to COM port of battery to communicate with battery.	\	
④	Parall1/Parall2	Have parallel function.	Reserved	
⑤	WIFI/4G	It is used for WIFI/4G communication.	\	
⑥	BATT.	+	DC input terminal	It is used to connect with battery.
		-		
⑦		Grounding port	External grounding port.	
⑧	GRID	AC output terminal	It is used to connect with grid.	
⑨	BACKUP	AC output terminal	It is used to connect with load.	
⑩	PV1/PV2	+	DC input terminal	It is used to connect with PV.
		-		

NO.	Mark	Illustration	Remarks
⑪	DC switch	DC switch	Can be removed under specific market requirements.

### Battery structure layout Illustration

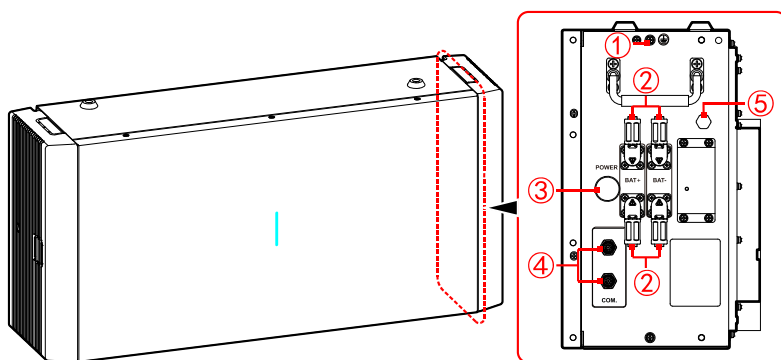


Figure 2-4 Battery structure layout illustration

Table 2-4 Battery terminals illustration

NO.	Mark	Illustration
①		Grounding terminal
②	BATT. + -	Battery port
③	POWER	Battery ON/OFF button
④	COM	Battery communication port
⑤	\	Breather valve

### DC switch

DC switch (as shown in the ⑪ of Figure 2-3) is the connection switch between inverter and PV array.

- During installation and wiring, the DC switch must be OFF.
- Before maintenance, the DC switch must be OFF, and 5 minutes after the indicator is off, the maintenance can be done.

**CAUTION**

When maintenance or wiring, the DC switch must be disconnected.

### 2.3 Application Scenarios

The energy storage system iHome-S-HD1H01 series can be applied in DC-coupled system, AC-coupled system and fully off-grid system, as shown in Figure 2-5, Figure 2-6 and Figure 2-7.

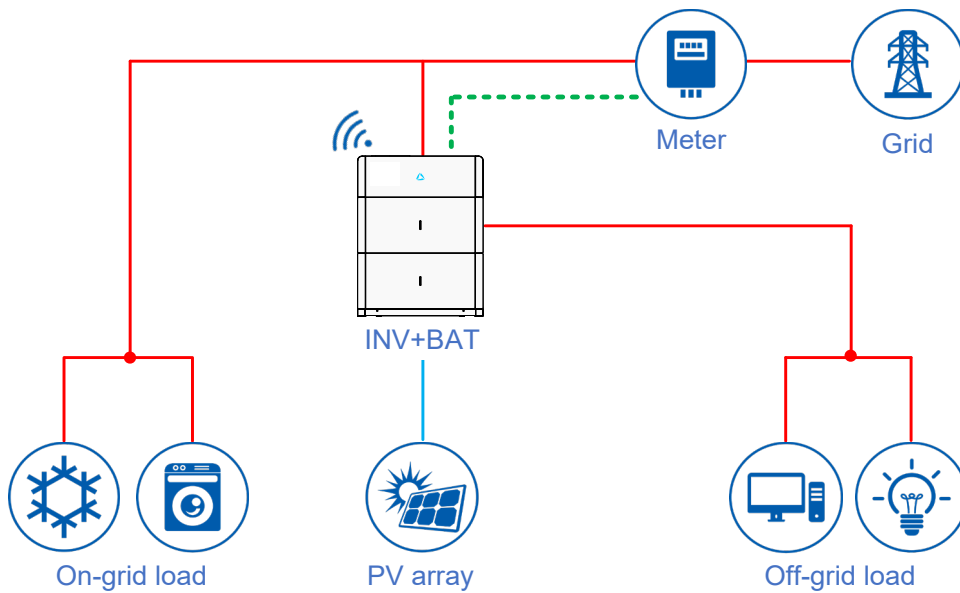


Figure 2-5 DC-coupled system

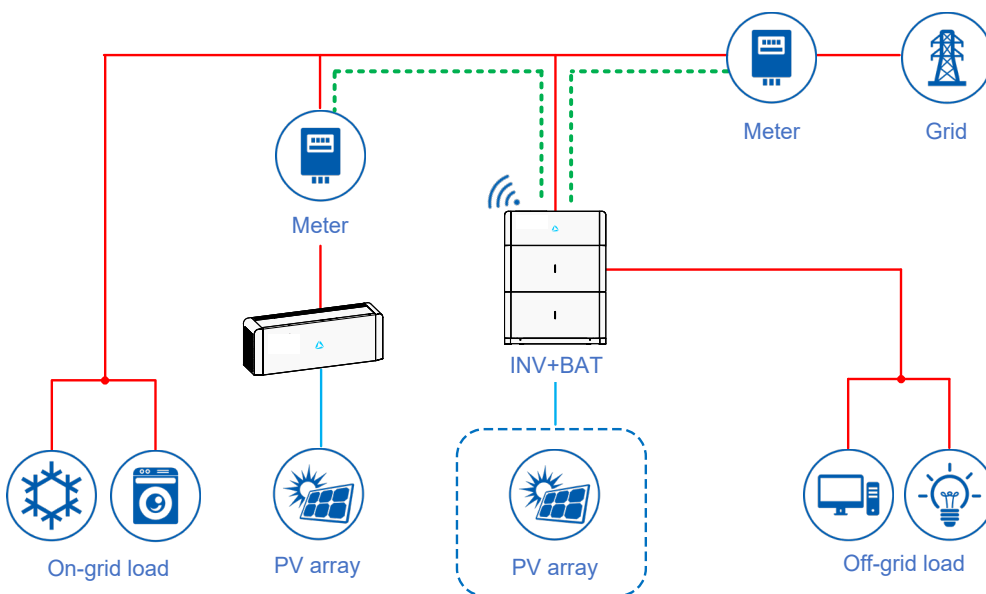


Figure 2-6 AC-coupled system

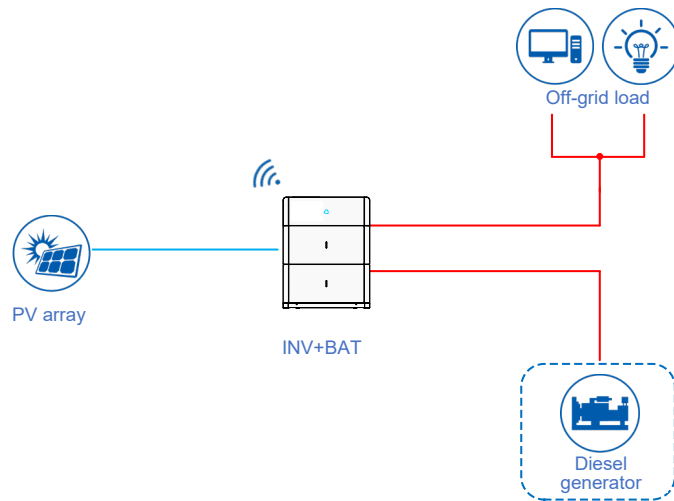


Figure 2-7 Fully off-grid system

# 3 Installation

This chapter introduces the installation of the device, including installation process, installation preparation, transportation and unpacking, installation procedure, electrical connection and checking, etc.

## 3.1 Installation Process

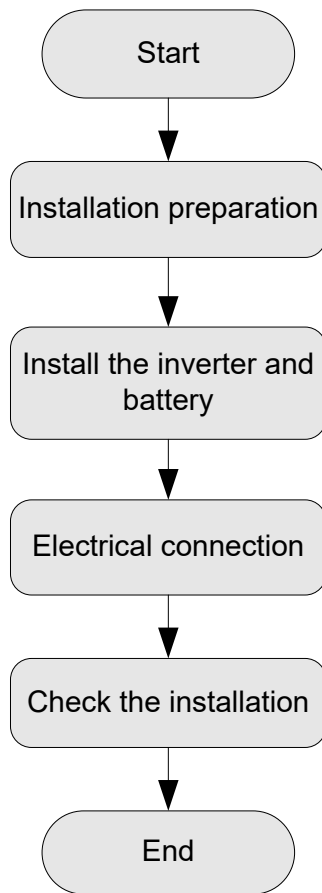

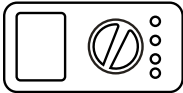

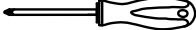



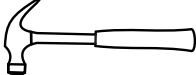
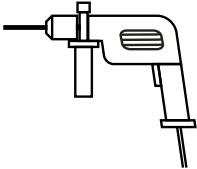
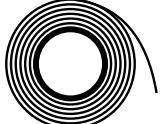
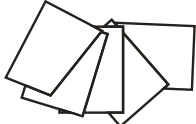

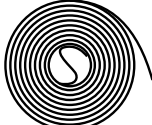
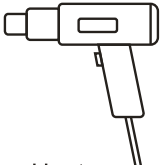
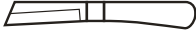
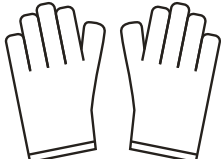
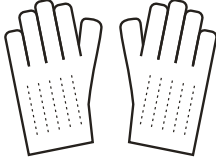
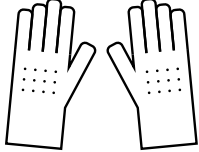


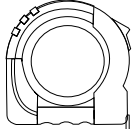





Figure 3-1 Installation process



## 3.2 Installation Preparation

### 3.2.1 Tools

Tools			
 Clamp meter	 Multi-meter	 Label paper	 Phillips screwdriver
 COAX crimping tool	 Diagonal pliers	 Wire stripper	 Claw hammer
 Hammer drill	 Insulation tape	 Cotton cloth	 Brush
 Heat shrink tubing	 Heat gun	 Electrician's knife	 Protective gloves
 ESD gloves	 Insulated gloves	 Hydraulic pliers	 Cable tie
 Tape	 Levelling instrument	 Goggles	 Torque wrench

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## CAUTION

The installation tools must be insulated to avoid electric shock.

When installing, please wear safety gloves and safety shoes.

When installing, please wear safety goggles and a dust mask to prevent dust from entering your eyes.

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### 3.2.2 Installation Environment

- Do not install the iHome-S-HD1H01 product in the place with poor ventilation.
- Do not install the iHome-S-HD1H01 product in the place where has flammable or explosive materials.
- Ensure that there has sufficient fresh-air supply around the iHome-S-HD1H01 product.
- The iHome-S-HD1H01 product must be installed on the wall or supporter with enough bearing capacity.

#### NOTE

1. The iHome-S-HD1H01 product is rated at IP65 for outdoor and indoor installation. But if the iHome-S-HD1H01 product is installed under directly sunshine, its temperature will rise quickly, so, do not install the iHome-S-HD1H01 product under directly sunshine.
2. It is suggested to install the iHome-S-HD1H01 product under shade as shown in Figure 3-2 to max the iHome-S-HD1H01 product lifespan and efficiency.
3. For easy viewing and operating the iHome-S-HD1H01 product please consider the visibility of the indicators during installation.

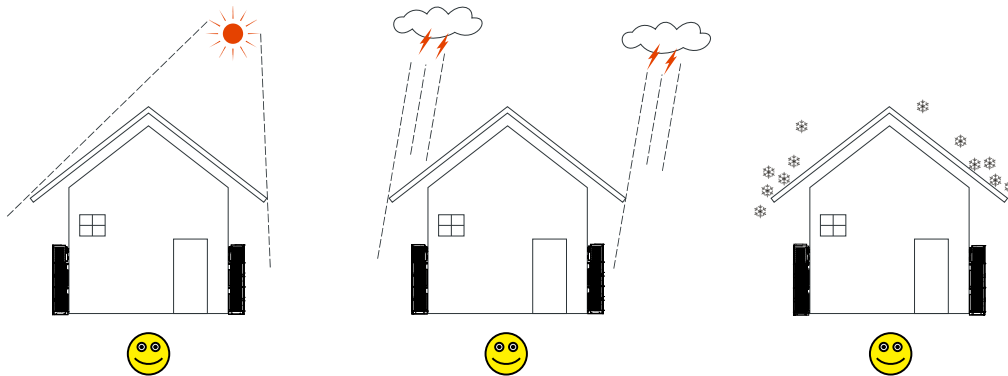


Figure 3-2 Recommended installation environment

### 3.2.3 Installation Space

Keep at least 500mm from the left and right side of the device to other objects, keep at least 300mm from the top of the device to ceiling and keep at least 300mm from front of the device to other objects, which is good for heat dissipation, as shown in Figure 3-3.

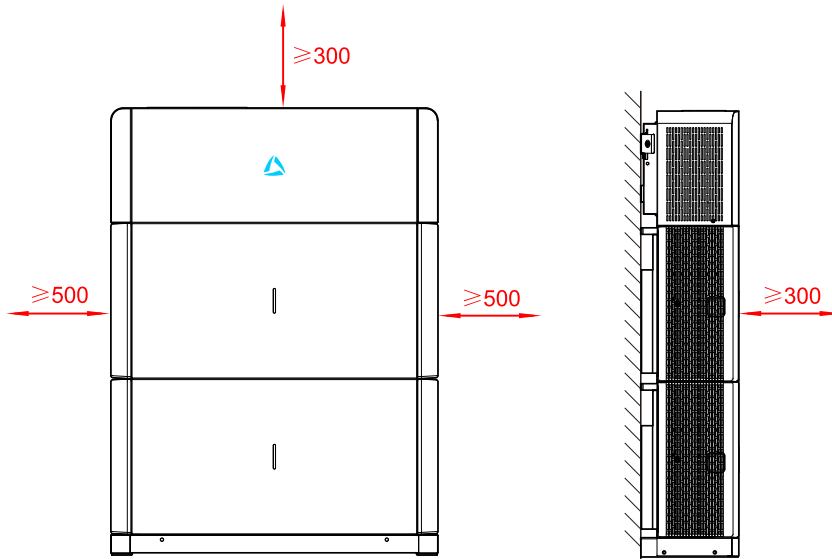


Figure 3-3 Installation space (unit: mm)

## 3.3 Transportation and Unpacking

### 3.3.1 Transportation

The device should be transported by trained professional.



**CAUTION**

During transporting, please take care and avoid impacting or dropping.

---

### 3.3.2 Unpacking and Checking

 **NOTE**

Select the unpacking site in advance. In principle, the unpacking site should be as close to the installation site as possible.

The device has been tested and checked strictly, but it still may be damaged during transporting, so, please check it carefully.

- Inspect the device's appearance, if any shipping damage is found, report it to the carrier and your local dealer immediately.
- Check if the types of the accessories are complete and correct. If there is any discrepancy, take notes and contact Chelion company or local office immediately.

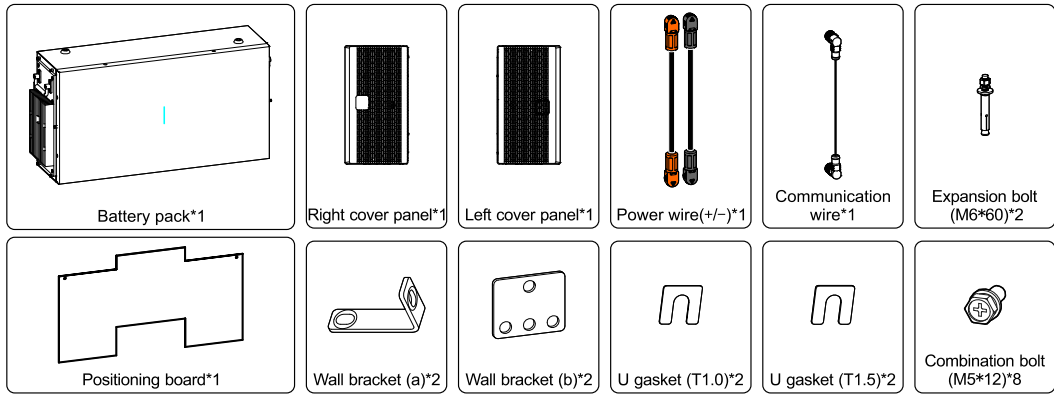


Figure 3-4 Battery pack packing list

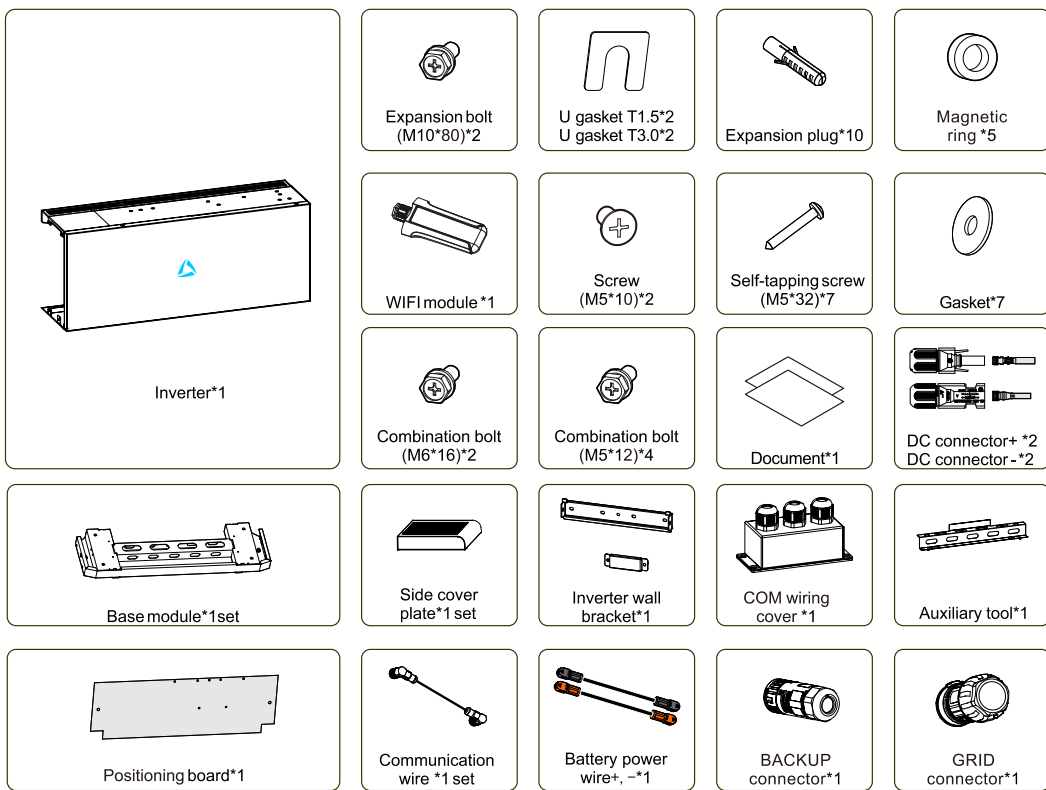


Figure 3-5 Inverter packing list

**NOTE**

Smart meter is optional, they are provided according to the contract.

There are three pairs of DC connectors. One pair of blue DC connectors is used to connect to battery and two pairs of black DC connectors are used to connect to PV.

Among six magnetic rings, there are three snap magnetic rings (two on the PV side and one on the battery input side). The smallest magnetic ring is connected to communication port according to manual operation instructions, and the remaining two magnetic rings are connected in AC wiring cover.

---

**! CAUTION**

If the energy storage system iHome-S-HD1H01 series needs to be stored for a long time after unpacking, it is necessary to pack the device by original package and save properly.

If the battery needs to be stored for a long time, it is necessary to take half a year to charge.

---

### 3.4 Mechanical Installation

---

**! WARNING**

The battery is very heavy, so it needs to be transported and installed by proper auxiliary tools. There is a risk of injury if the battery pack is not handled properly during transporting.

---

---

**! CAUTION**

Keep the installed place far away from the tube of water, electricity or gas, which is to avoid affect the installation.

---

---

**! CAUTION**

When installing, please wear safety gloves and safety shoes.

---

Step 1 Determine the installation place.

1. Install auxiliary tool.

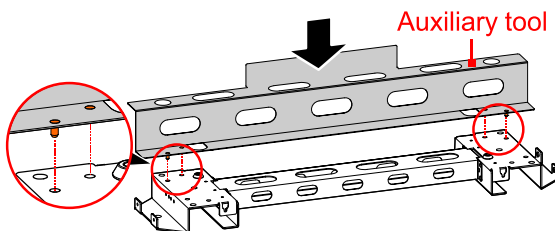


Figure 3-6 Install auxiliary tool

2. Push the auxiliary tool against the wall

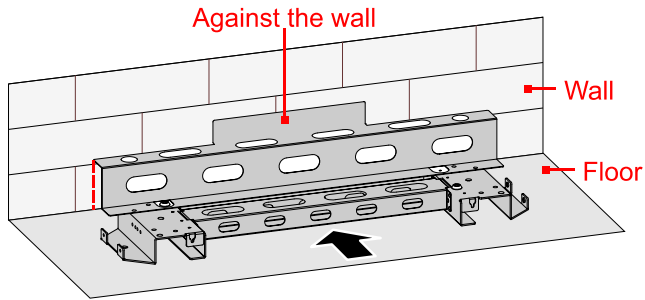


Figure 3-7 Auxiliary tool against the wall

Step 2 Mark the mounting holes of base module and battery packs.

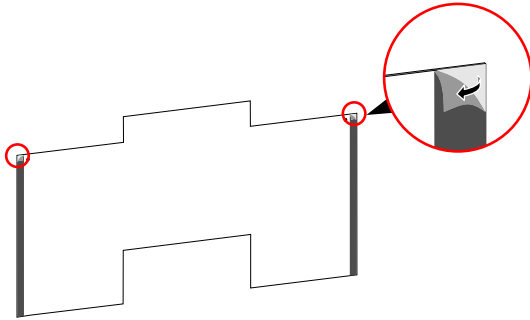


Figure 3-8 Tear back glue

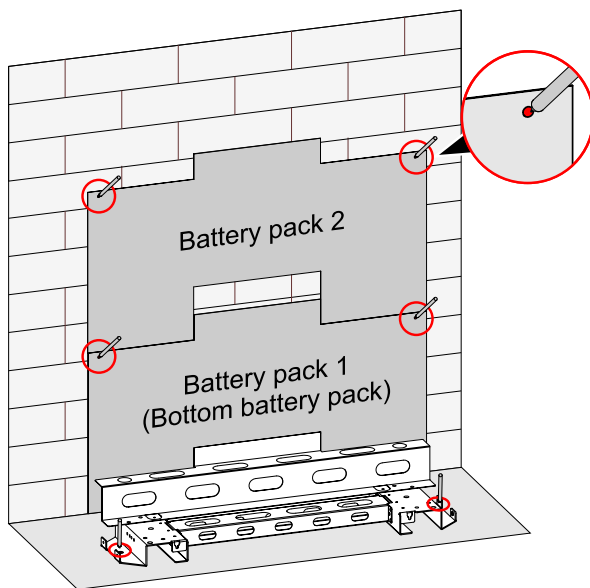


Figure 3-9 Mark the installation holes

Step 3 Remove the position boards and auxiliary tool.

Step 4 Drill four holes on the wall and drill two holes in the floor, for detail specification please see Table 3-1.

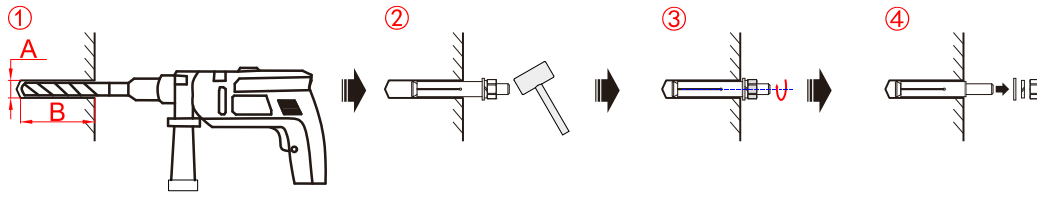


Figure 3-10 Install the expansion bolt

Table 3-1 Expansion bolt specification

Item	Base module	Battery pack
Expansion bolt	M10	M6
A	Φ 12.5mm	Φ 8mm
B	55mm~60mm	40mm~45mm

---

**! CAUTION**

During drilling, please wear safety goggles and a dust mask to prevent dust from entering your eyes.  
After drilling, please clean the scrap in the installation holes, and then perform the installation.

---



---

**! CAUTION**

Ensure that the installed floor is flat and horizontal. If not, please use gasket to make the floor horizontal.  
Ensure that the installed wall is flat and horizontal (flatness within 4mm) and the installed floor horizontal angle is 0°. If not, please use gasket to make the floor horizontal.

Keep the installed place far away from the tube of water, electricity or gas, which is to avoid affect the installation.

After drilling, please clean the scrap in the installation holes, and then perform the installation.

---

Step 5 Fix the base module to the installed floor, as shown in Figure 3-8.

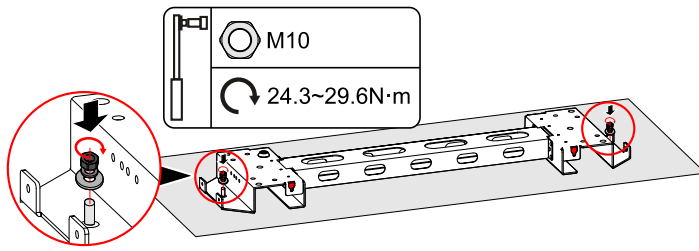


Figure 3-8 Fix the base module

Step 6 Lead the cover plate into the base module and fix it with screws, as shown in Figure 3-11, Figure 3-12.

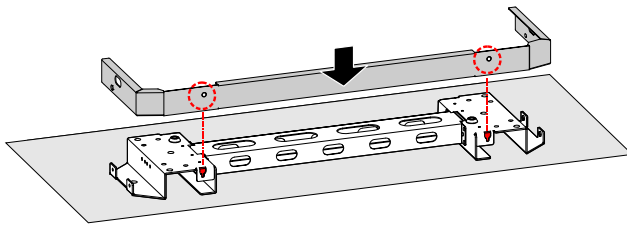


Figure 3-11 Install the cover plate

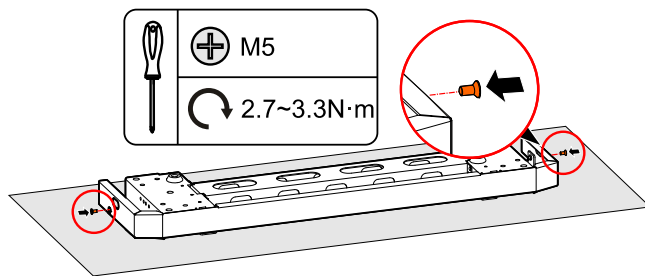


Figure 3-12 Fasten the cover plate

**NOTE**

If the device is installed on the low-lying position and may have the risk of soaking by rain, we suggest to select the support to lift the device to avoid damage for the device. The installation of support is as follows.

1. Mark the installation holes, as shown in Figure 3-14.

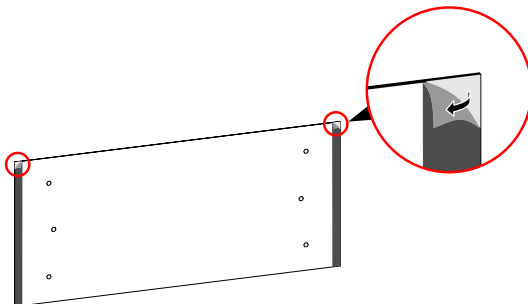


Figure 3-13 Tear back glue



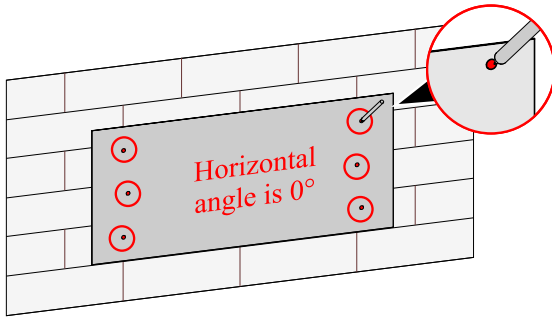


Figure 3-14 Mark the installation holes

2. Install the expansion bolts, as shown in Figure 3-15, for detail specification please see Table 3-1.

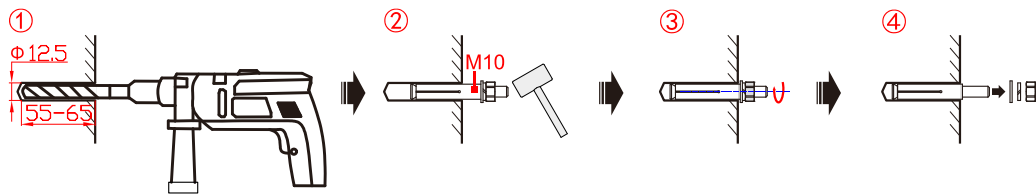


Figure 3-15 Install the expansion bolt (unit: mm)

3. Fix the assembled base by expansion bolt M10, as shown in Figure 3-16.

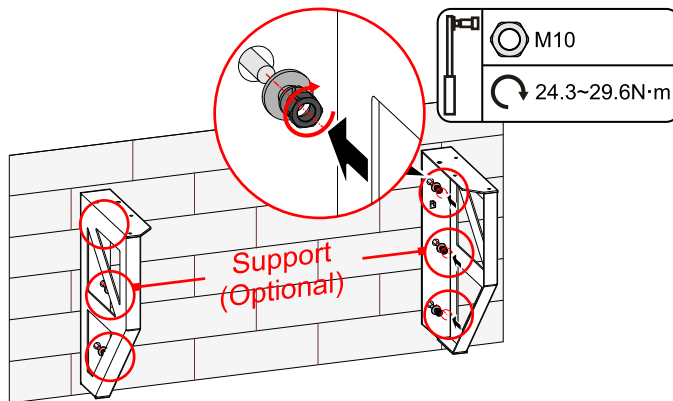


Figure 3-16 Mark the installation holes

4. Assemble the support and base by screws M5, as shown in Figure 3-17.

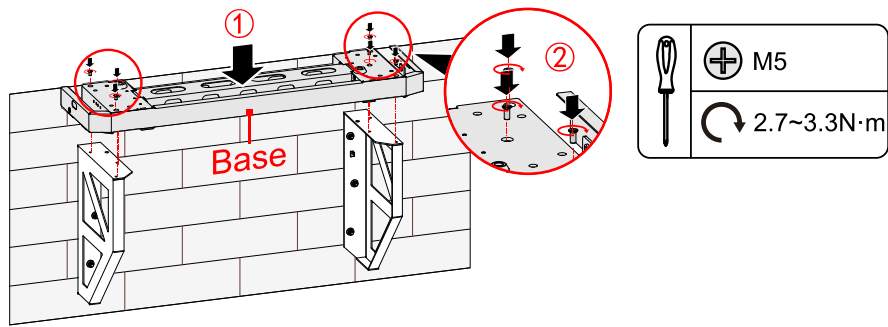


Figure 3-17 Assemble the support and base

**! CAUTION**

During drilling, please wear safety goggles and a dust mask to prevent dust from entering your eyes.  
After drilling, please clean the scrap in the installation holes, and then perform the installation.

**NOTE**

The installation holes of base with support is the same as that of standard configured base, in above figure, we take standard configured base as an example to illustrate.

Step 7 Install battery packs.

1. Fix the bottom battery pack with base by wall bracket b, as shown in Figure 3-18.

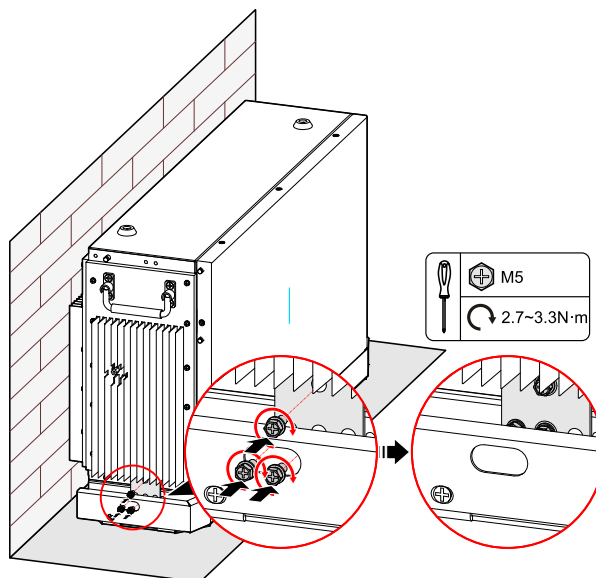


Figure 3-18 Fix the bottom battery pack with base

2. Fix the wall bracket a of bottom battery pack1, as shown in Figure 3-19.

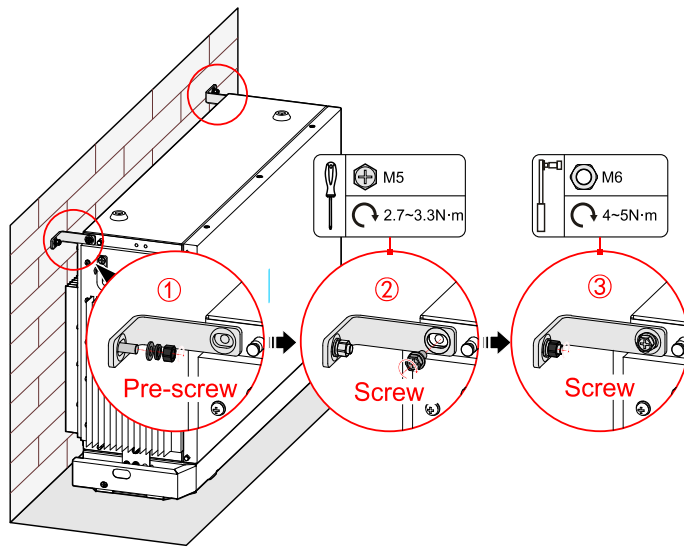


Figure 3-19 Fix the wall bracket a

3. Place the battery against the wall, the bottom limit holes of the upper battery pack should match the screw on the top of the below battery pack, as shown in Figure 3-20.

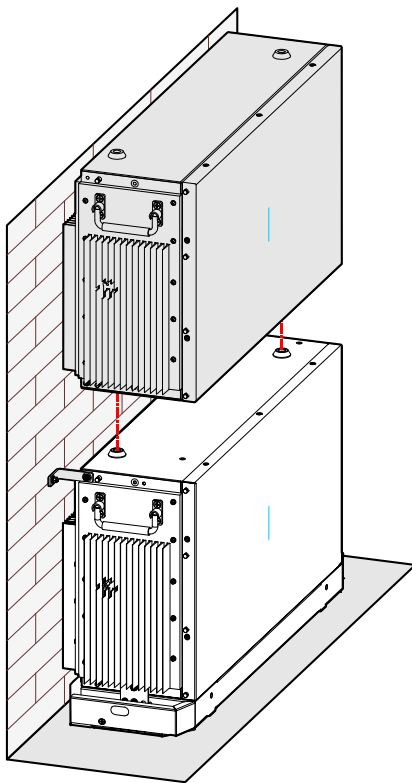


Figure 3-20 Place the battery pack

4. Tighten the battery rack1 and the battery pack with screws.

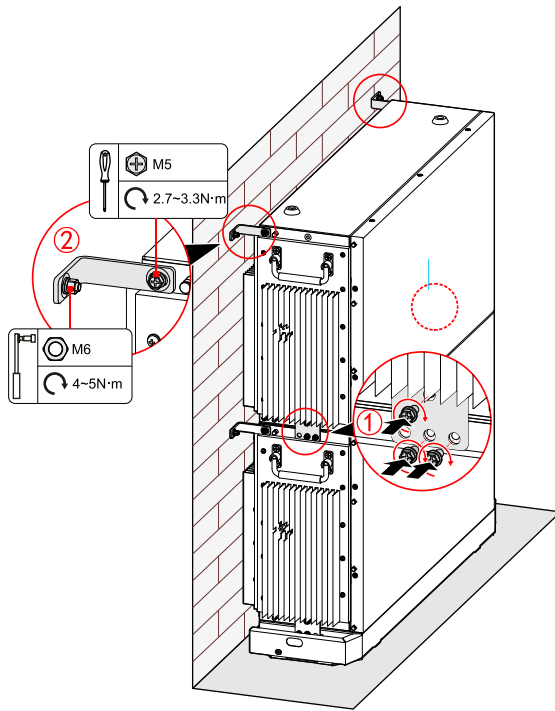


Figure 3-21 Tighten the top battery pack

Step 8 Install the inverter.

1. Mark the positions of the drill holes with the inverter positioning board.

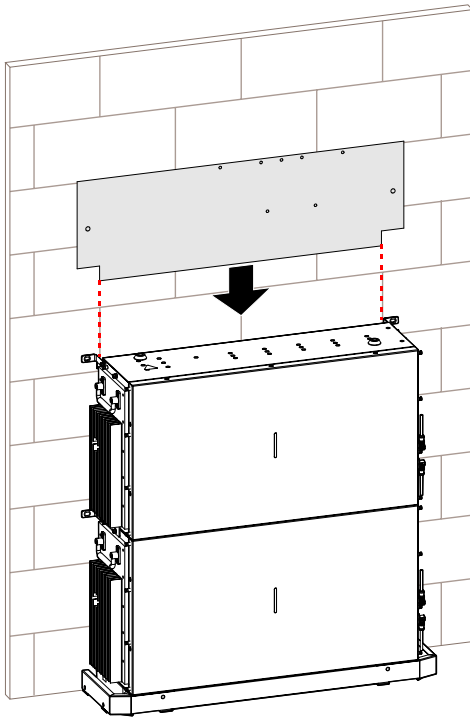


Figure 3-22 Place inverter positioning board

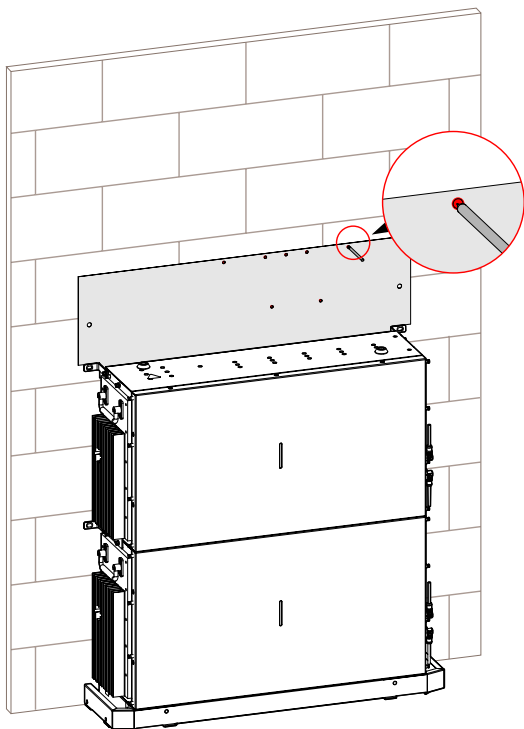


Figure 3-23 Mark the inverter drilling position

2. Drill seven holes on the wall with drill  $\Phi 8$  (the depth of the hole range is 40~45mm), insert seven expansion plugs (8\*40) into the drill holes.

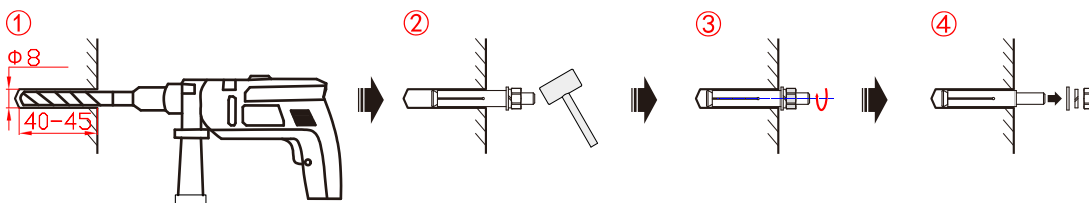


Figure 3-24 Insert the expansion plugs (unit: mm)

3. Attach the wall bracket to the wall using seven M5 Self-tapping screws with the tool of screwdriver, as shown in Figure 3-25.

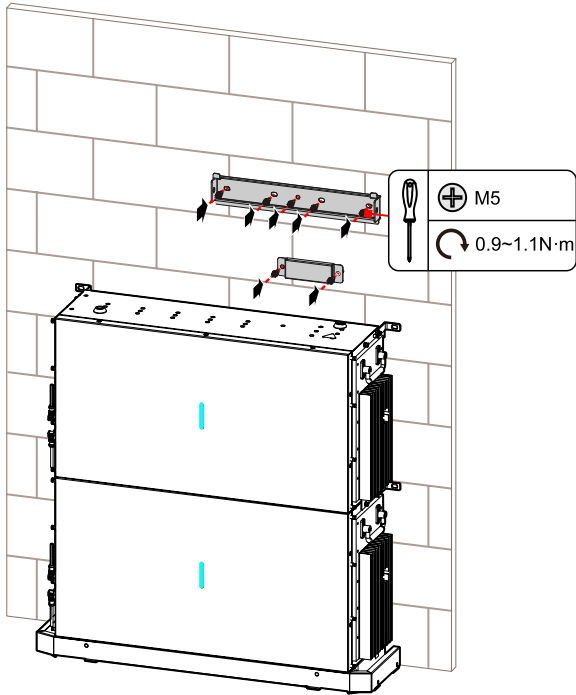


Figure 3-25 Install inverter wall bracket

4. Hang the inverter to wall-mounted bracket and tighten the wall bracket and the inverter with screw M6.

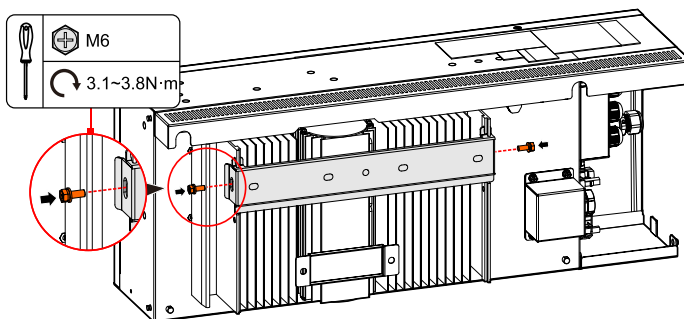


Figure 3-26 Tighten the inverter

**NOTE**

Before hanging the inverter on the wall bracket, the battery wiring on the side of the inverter needs to be plugged in first and wiring from the back of the inverter, then tie it.

----End



You can install extra batteries up to 8 batteries in a system.

Please install extra batteries one by one, also batteries can be stacked up to two batteries per column.  
After the battery pack is installed, clean up the excess wires, foam, cardboard boxes and other useless items.

---

Install extra batteries one by one, keep the distance between the batteries about 500mm.

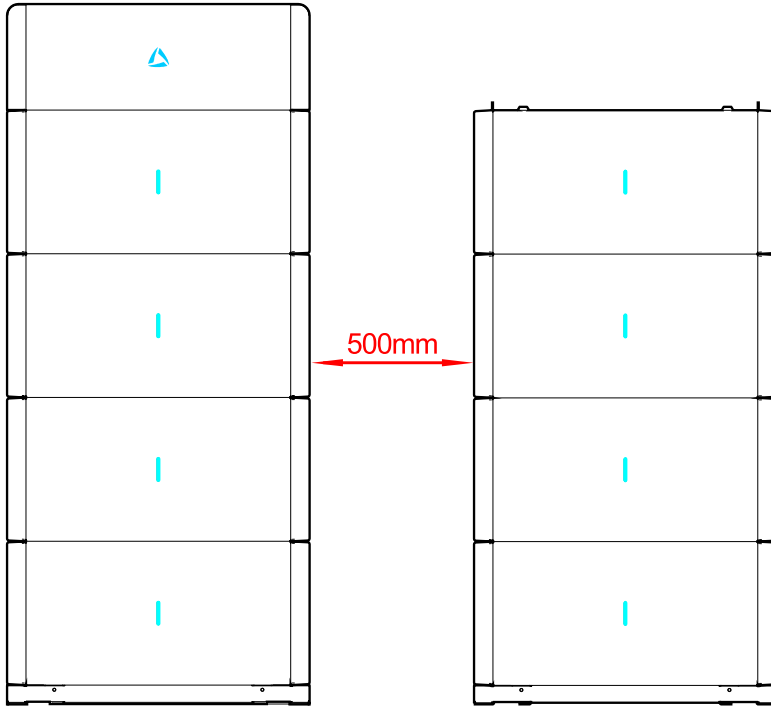


Figure 3-27 Distance between the batteries

### 3.5 Electrical Connection

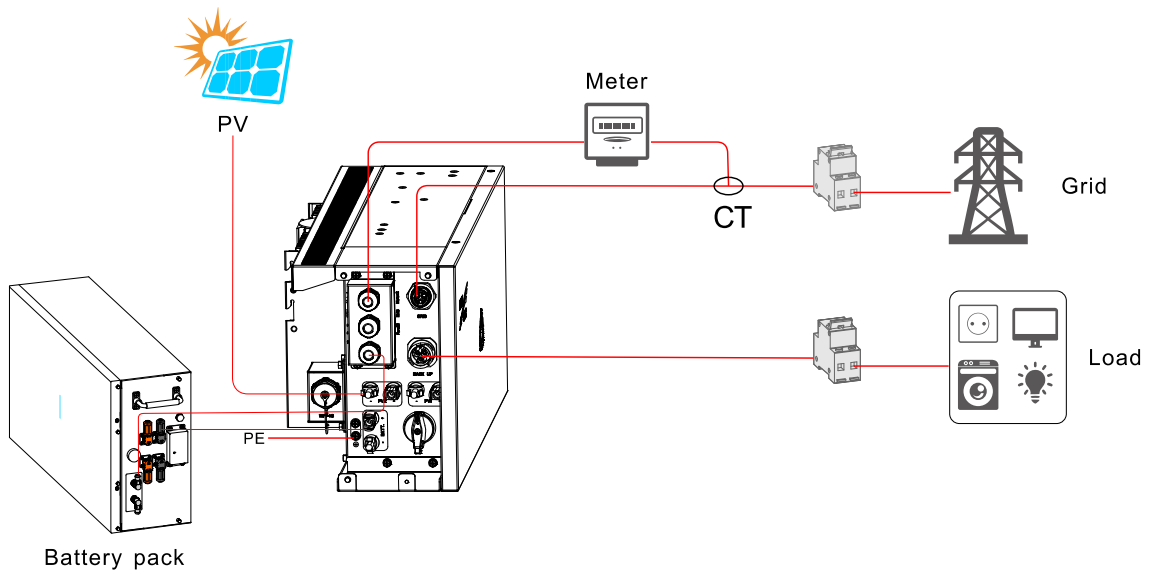


Figure 3-28 Electrical connection

### 3.5.1 Components Requirement

Table 3-2 Recommended isolator, over current protection device, and RCD specification

No.	Components	Specification	Scope of supply
①	PV DC switch	23A	Integrated in the inverter (optional)
②	Circuit breaker for AC	32A for 3600VA 50A for 5000VA 63A for 6000VA	Purchased by the installer
③	Circuit breaker for backup	20A for 3600VA 25A for 5000VA 32A for 6000VA	Purchased by the installer
④	RCD	Type B 30mA, <0.3S	Purchased by the installer

The corresponding recommended wire specification as shown in Table 3-3.

Table 3-3 Recommended wire specification

No.	Cable	Type	Cross-sectional area	Outer Diameter	Scope of supply
1	Battery power cable	Standard PV cable in the industry (recommended type: PV1-F)	6~10 mm <sup>2</sup>	N/A	Integrated in the battery pack
2	Battery communication cable	Standard network cable in the industry (recommended type: Cat5e, UTP, UV-resistant for outdoor use)	0.12 ~0.2 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG26~AWG24)	N/A	Integrated in the battery pack



No.	Cable	Type	Cross-sectional area	Outer Diameter	Scope of supply
3	PV power cable	Standard PV cable in the industry (recommended type: PV1-F)	4 mm <sup>2</sup>	5.5~9 mm	Purchased by the installer
4	Signal cable	Standard network cable in the industry (recommended type: Cat5e, FTP, UV-resistant for outdoor use)	0.12~0.2 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG26~AWG24)	4~6 mm	Purchased by the installer
5	AC power cable	Three-core (L, N and PE) outdoor copper cable	4~6 mm <sup>2</sup>	12.6~13.9 mm	Purchased by the installer
6	PE cable	Single-core outdoor copper cable	4~10 mm <sup>2</sup>	N/A	Purchased by the installer

### 3.5.2 Grounding, Communication and Battery Power Connection

The external grounding terminal of inverter and battery pack are as shown in ⑥ of Figure 2-3 and the ① of Figure 2-4.



The external grounding wire cannot replace the PE wire of AC output terminal, they must be connected with ground reliably.

---

- Step 1 Strip the insulation layer of grounding wire for about 7mm, insert the wire into OT terminal and crimp them by crimping tool, the as shown in Figure 3-29.

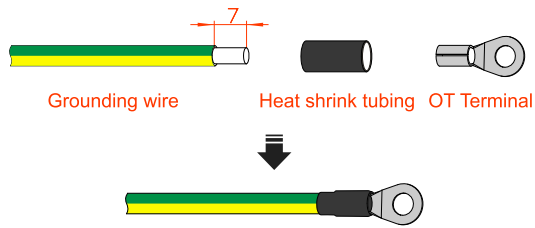


Figure 3-29 Stripping diagram of external grounding wire (unit: mm)

Step 2 Connect the wires between the inverter and battery packs.

---

**! CAUTION**

- While connecting the inner wires of system, it is necessary to make the handle on the battery pack vertical to the side, and lead the battery +/- and BMS communication wires go through the handle, and then connect them. The inner wiring of system must use the configured battery wires.
  - During wiring, ensure that the connection of battery+ and battery - are all right.
- 

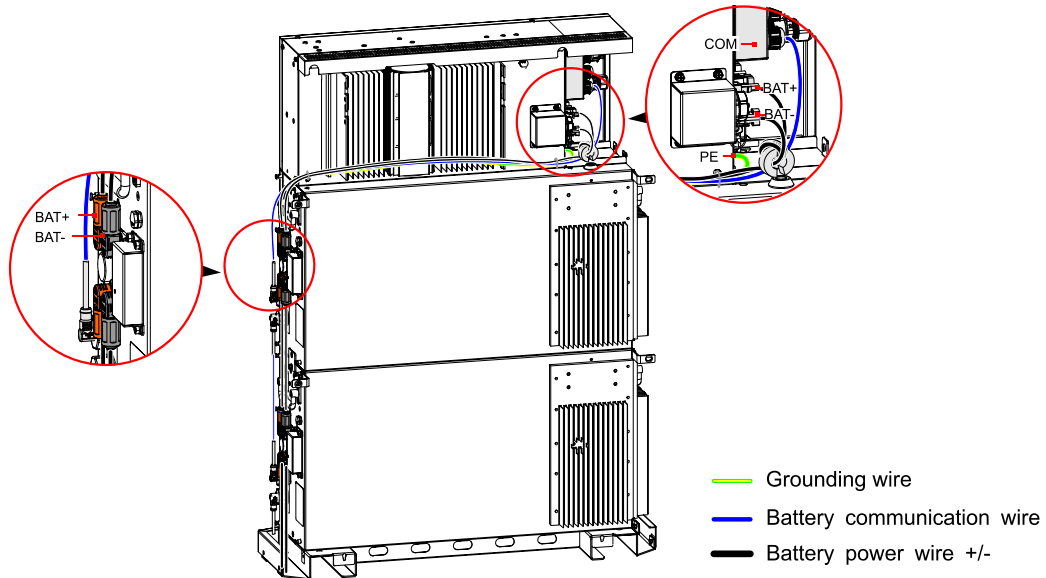


Figure 3-30 Battery pack external grounding wire connection

**NOTE**

If the quantity of battery pack is larger than 4, for easy wiring and lessening the wire length, the other pile of battery packs should be placed at the right of the inverter.

In following figure, we take 1 inverter +2 battery packs as an example to illustrate. The wiring of other configuration is the same

---

**! CAUTION**

- The grounding of the inverter and the lightning rod of the building that inverter installed cannot be the same, the two need to be separated (as shown in Figure 3-31), or, lightning stroke will damage the inverter.
  - The grounding of the inverter should be directly connected to the grounding system, and the impedance should be less than 20mΩ.
-

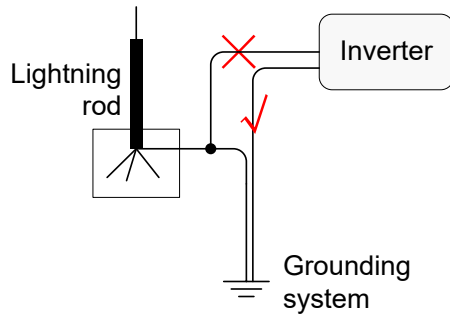


Figure 3-31 Grounding diagram of inverter

---End

### 3.5.3 DC Input (PV) Connection

#### **CAUTION**

- When installation, it must use the equipped DC terminals to avoid inverter damage.
- It is recommended to use independent switch for each PV input, and before connecting, the switches must be off. We suggest to use the special DC switch (rated voltage is 600V, rated current is more than 20A).
- Switch off the DC switch and external DC switches before connecting the PV array.
- Ensure that the connection between PV array and the inverter at positive pole and negative pole is correctly.
- The DC input voltage should be less than the max. input voltage of the inverter.
- It's forbidden to connect the grounding wire with positive pole or negative pole of PV array, or it will lead to inverter damage.

Use the equipped PV connector and metal terminal to connect the PV input. The PV connector includes positive connector and negative connector, they match the corresponding positive metal terminal and negative terminal, corresponding procedure as follows.

Step 1 Strip the insulation layer of positive wire and negative wire for about 7mm, as shown in Figure 3-32.



Figure 3-32 Stripping diagram of DC input (unit: mm)

 **NOTE**

It is recommended to use red wire as the positive wire, use black wire as negative wire to avoid wrong connection. If using the wires of other color, please confirm the corresponding connection relationship.

- Step 2 Unscrew the lock nut of positive and negative connection, lead the positive and negative wires go through corresponding lock nut, and then insert the positive wire and negative wire into the positive metal terminal and negative metal terminal respectively. Crimp the metal terminals firmly by crimping pliers, as shown in Figure 3-33.

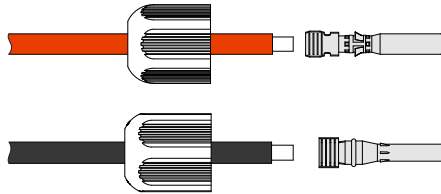


Figure 3-33 Crimp the metal terminal

- Step 3 Insert the positive wire and negative wire into corresponding insulation crust respectively. If there has a click sound, it means that the wire has been inserted properly, as shown in Figure 3-34.

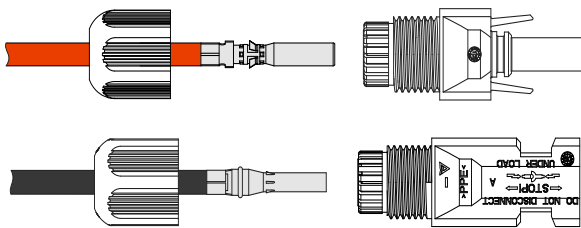


Figure 3-34 Fasten the metal terminal

- Step 4 Tighten the sealing nuts of positive connector and negative connector to the corresponding insulation crusts respectively, as shown in Figure 3-35.

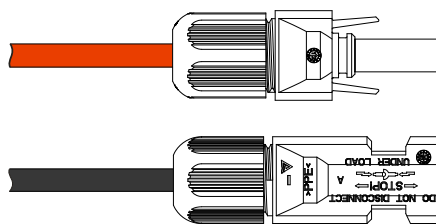


Figure 3-35 Tighten the sealing nuts

- Step 5 Measure the voltage and check if the positive and negative is connected properly and if the voltage within the input range of the inverter.

Step 6 Insert the positive connector and negative connector (black) to the PV+ and PV– terminals (as shown in Figure 3-36) and tighten them. If there has a click sound, it means that the connector has been inserted properly.

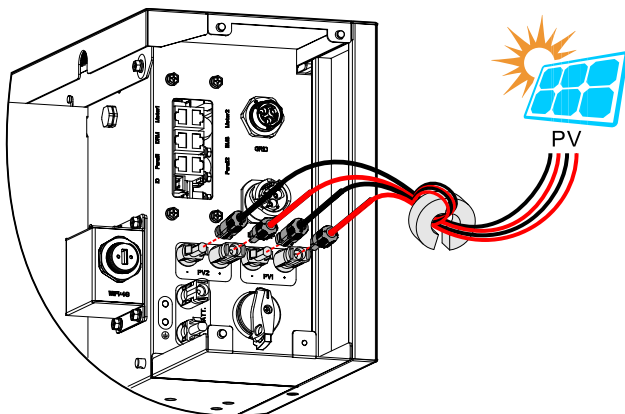


Figure 3-36 Connect the PV connector

---End

### 3.5.4 AC Output Connection

#### **⚠ CAUTION**

It's forbidden that several inverters share an AC switch.

It's forbidden to connect with load between inverter and AC switch.

To ensure the inverter can be disconnected with load safely, we suggest equipping independent dipolar switch for each inverter to protect the inverter.

Table 3-4 Recommended AC breaker specification

Model	AC input specification (GRID)	AC output specification (BACKUP)
iHome-INV3.6K-H1H01	32A	20A
iHome-INV5K-H1H01	50A	25A
iHome-INV6K-H1H01	63A	32A

**CAUTION**

During wiring, please pay attention to distinguish the AC live wire, neutral wire and grounding wire.

### GRID wire connection

- Step 1 Ensure that the external grid switch is OFF.
- Step 2 Strip wire for about 11mm, as shown in Figure 3-32.

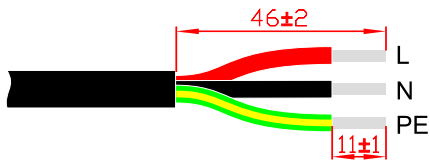


Figure 3-37 Wire Stripping (unit: mm)

- Step 3 Set the parts on the cable one by one. Wire crimping cord end terminal can be inserted into the housing quickly according to the sign.

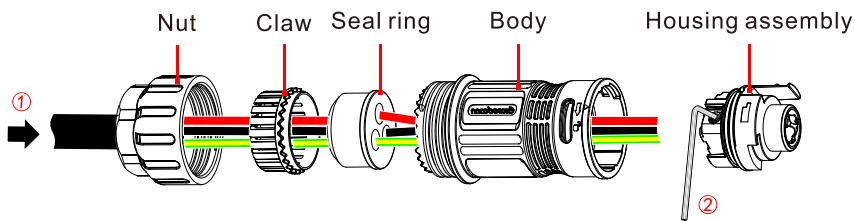


Figure 3-38 GRID connector installation 1

- Step 4 The housing is inserted into socket.

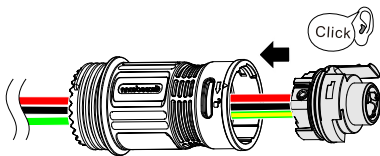


Figure 3-39 GRID connector installation 2

- Step 5 Inserted the unlock key into socket, and insert seal and Clamp Finger into socket, and then tighten the nut.

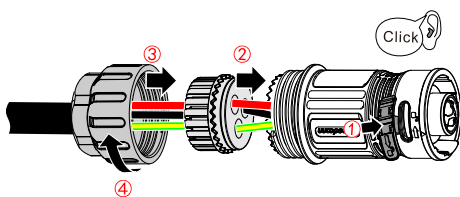


Figure 3-40 GRID connector installation 3

Step 6 Connect the GRID wire to the GRID port, if there has a click sound, it means that the connector has been inserted properly.

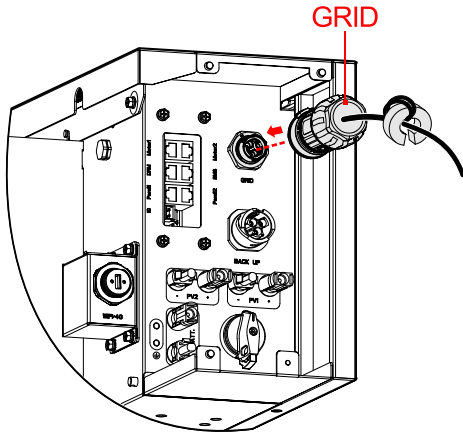


Figure 3-41 Insert the GRID terminal

### BACKUP wire connection

Step 1 Ensure that the external backup switch is OFF.

Step 2 Strip wire for about 10mm, as shown in Figure 3-33.

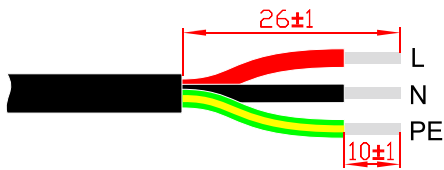


Figure 3-42 Wire Stripping (unit: mm)

Step 3 Set the parts on the cable.

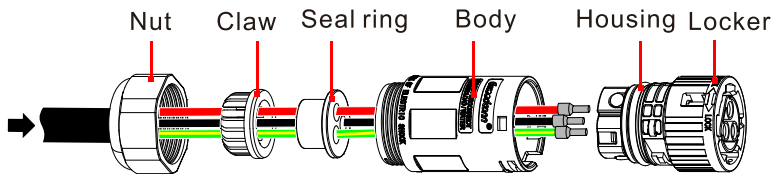


Figure 3-43 Insert the BACKUP terminals

Step 4 Crimp wires, screw, push housing into body and locker rotate outward 15°.

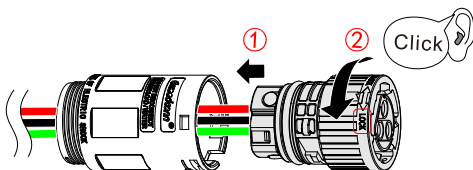


Figure 3-44 BACKUP connector installation 1



Step 5 Insert Seal and Clamp Finger into body and tighten the nut. then inserted the unlock key into socket.

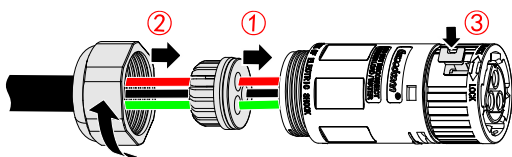


Figure 3-45 BACKUP connector installation 2

Step 6 Connect the BACKUP wire to the BACKUP port. As shown in Figure 3-38.

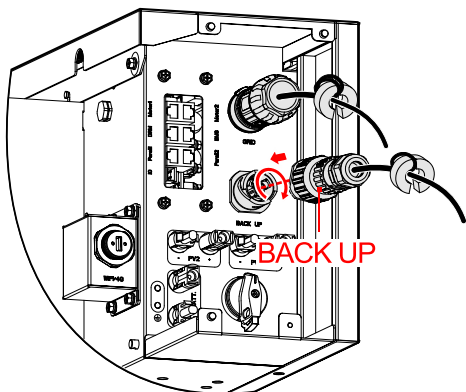


Figure 3-46 Insert the BACKUP terminal

### 3.5.5 WIFI Connection

The inverter is equipped with WIFI, install it to the WIFI port (as shown in Figure 3-47) to monitor on the internet. The monitor way is as shown in Figure 3-47.

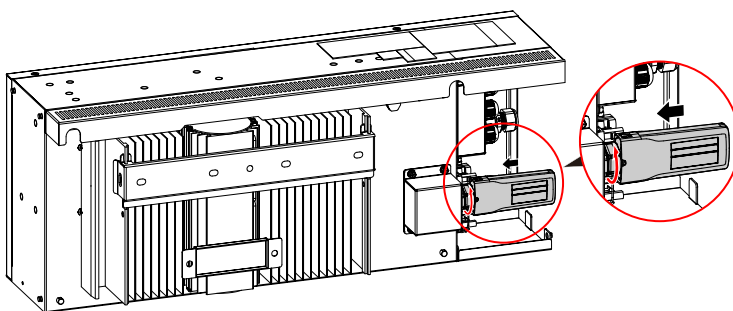


Figure 3-47 WIFI communication connection

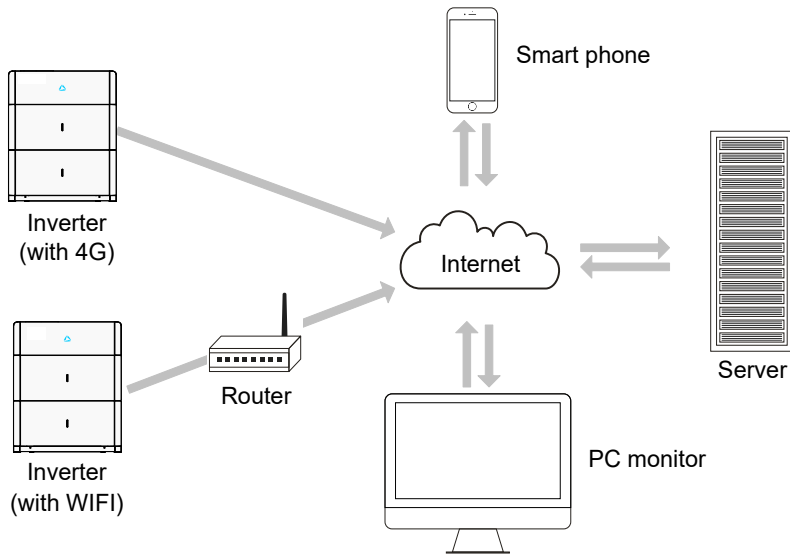


Figure 3-48 Communication way

**NOTE**

For the use of WIFI/4G, please see the built-in user manual in the packaging of WIFI.

### 3.5.6 Communication Port Connection

Communication ports include DRM port, Meter port and BMS port, they all adopt RJ45 plug to connect. The pin definition of RJ45 plug is as shown in Figure 3-49 and Figure 3-50.

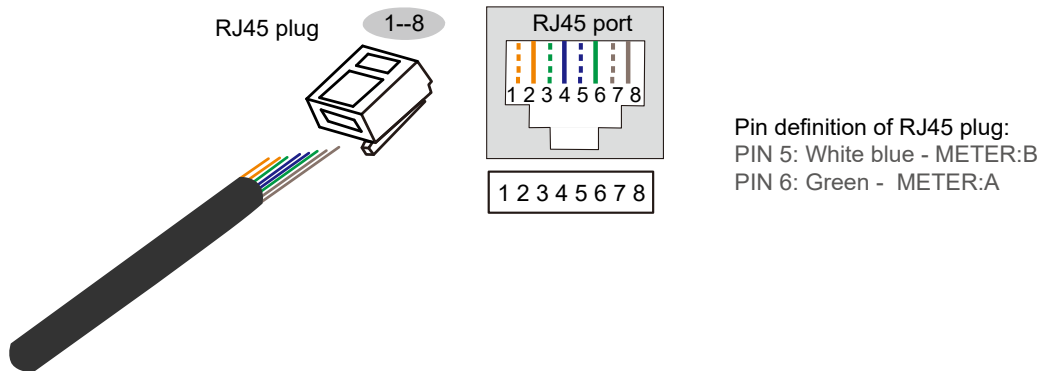


Figure 3-49 Meter pin definition

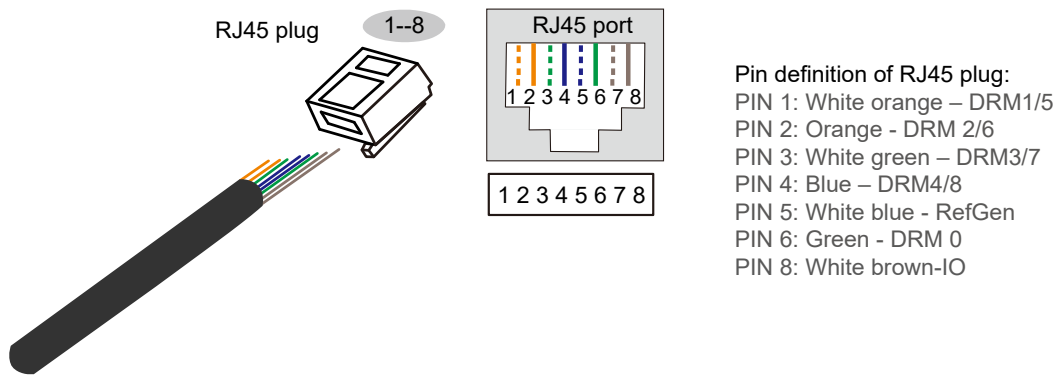


Figure 3-50 DRM pin definition

## DRM port

DRM communication port is used to connect the DRM controlling device.



When using DRM port, the PIN7 and PIN8 of inverter's RJ45 plug cannot connect wires. The PIN7 and PIN8 of external DRM adapter's RJ45 plug must be short connected together.

---

## BMS port

BMS communication port is used to connect the COM port of battery pack through battery communication wire.

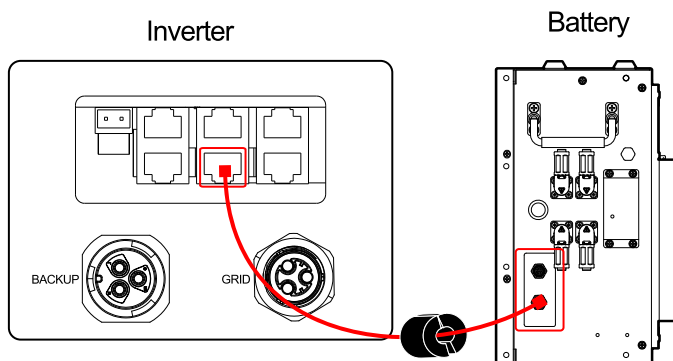


Figure 3-51 BMS port

## Meter port

Meter communication port is used to communicate with smart meter to achieve zero-export. The connection between smart meter and inverter and grid is as shown in Figure 3-52, Figure 3-53, Figure 3-54, Figure 3-55.

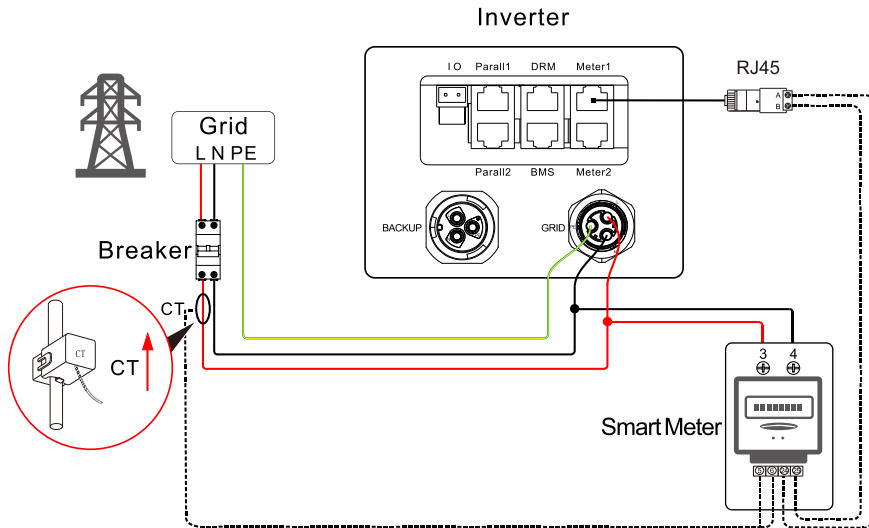


Figure 3-52 Connection diagram between communication smart meter and inverter and grid (single phase)

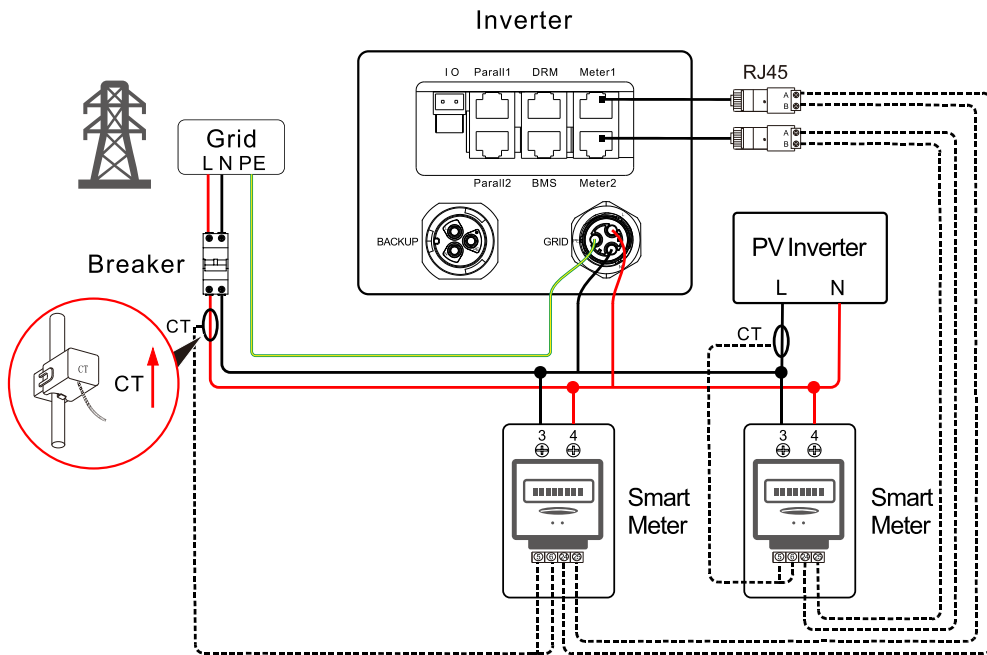


Figure 3-53 Connection diagram between communication smart meter and inverter and grid (single phase + single phase)

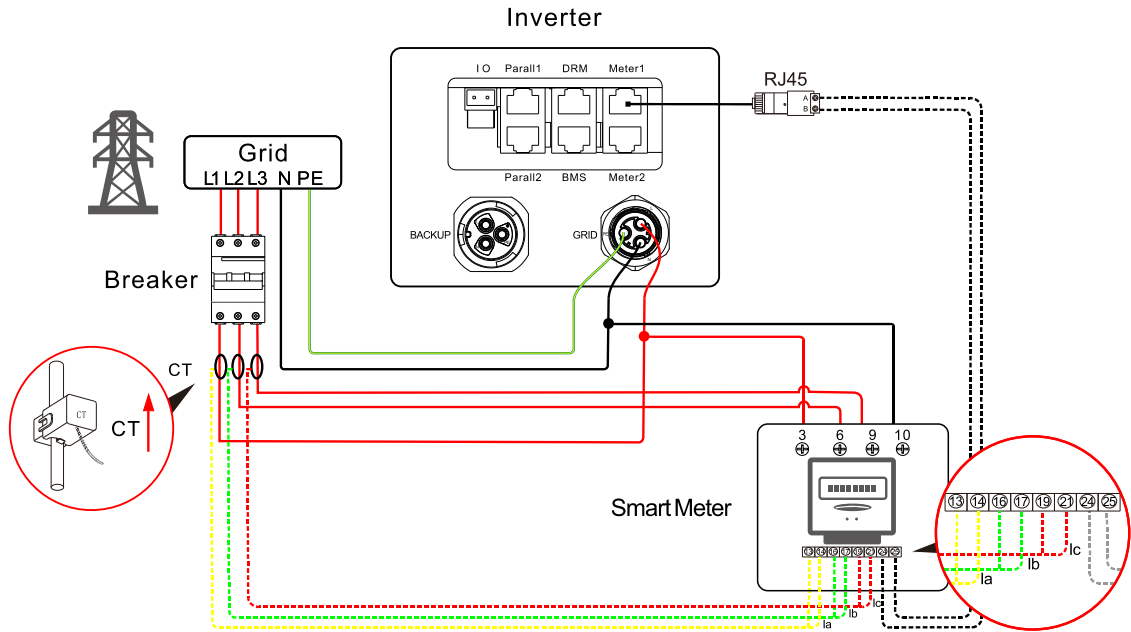


Figure 3-54 Connection diagram between communication smart meter and inverter and grid (three-phase)

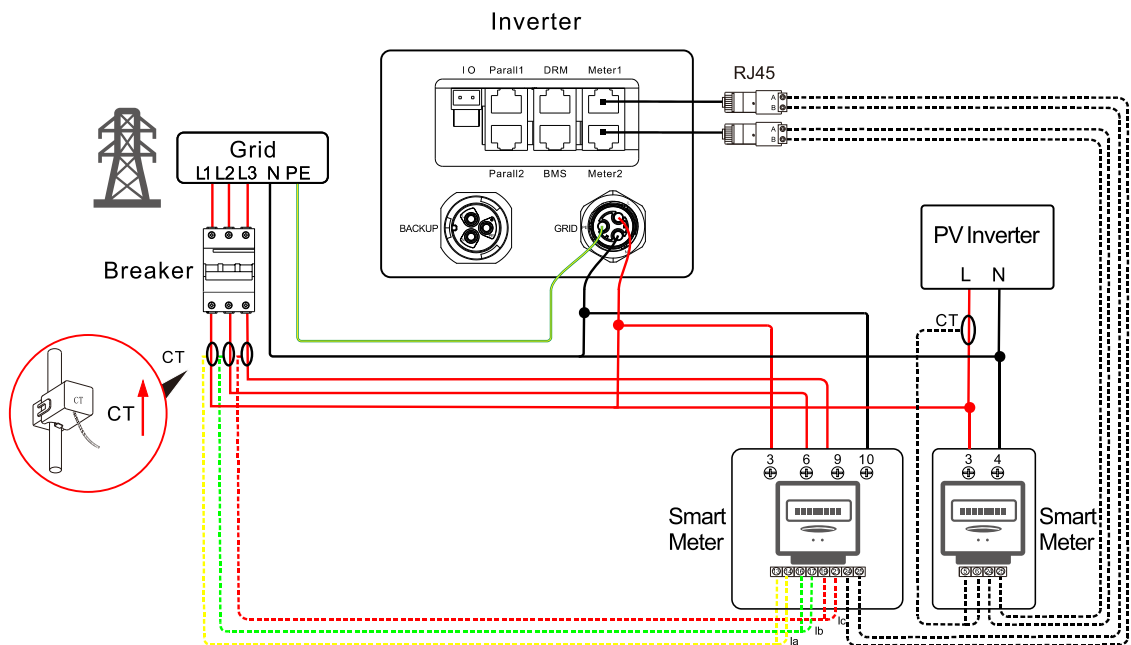


Figure 3-55 Connection diagram between communication smart meter and inverter and grid (three-phase + single phase)

**NOTE**

For the actual wiring of the smart meter, see the diagram on the right side of the meter.  
 The manual uses Chint smart meter as the description. If you need to set other parameters or other models, please refer to the corresponding manual of the meter for wiring and setting.

---

 **CAUTION**

CT direction is: inverter → grid, please connected properly!

---

## Smart meter setting

Step 1 If the smart meter is connected, please do the following setting.

---

 **CAUTION**

- If the meter used in the grid side of iHome-S-HD1H01 product, address is set to A-001.
  - If the meter used in the PV inverter grid side, address is set to A-002.
  - When there is a PV inverter in the user's home, it is recommended to install the smart meter in the grid output side of the PV inverter to ensure the accuracy of grid electricity statistics, and the address is set to A-002. As shown in the Figure 3-53 and Figure 3-55.
- 

The pin illustration of smart meter is as shown in Step 1 and Table 3-6.

Table 3-5 Pin illustration of smart meter (single phase)

Pin	Illustration
3	Connect to phase-L of GRID port in the inverter and phase-L of grid output.
4	Connect to phase-N of GRID port in the inverter and phase-N of grid output.
5	Connect to I+ port of current transformer in the meter.
6	Connect to I- port of current transformer in the meter.
24	RS485: A. Connect to RJ45's pin6 of communication port in the inverter.
25	RS485: B. Connect to RJ45's pin5 of communication port in the inverter.

Table 3-6 Pin illustration of smart meter (three- phase)

Pin	Illustration
3	Connect to phase-L of GRID port in the inverter and L1 of grid output.
6	Connect to L2 of grid output.

---

Pin	Illustration
9	Connect to L3 of grid output.
10	Connect to phase-N of GRID port in the inverter and N of grid output.
13	Connect to I+ port of current transformer of grid output L1.
14	Connect to I- port of current transformer of grid output L1.
16	Connect to I+ port of current transformer of grid output L2.
17	Connect to I- port of current transformer of grid output L2.
19	Connect to I+ port of current transformer of grid output L3.
21	Connect to I- port of current transformer of grid output L3.
24	RS485: A. Connect to RJ45's pin6 of communication port in the inverter.
25	RS485: B. Connect to RJ45's pin5 of communication port in the inverter.

The setting of the smart meter address is as shown in Figure 3-58 and Figure 3-59.

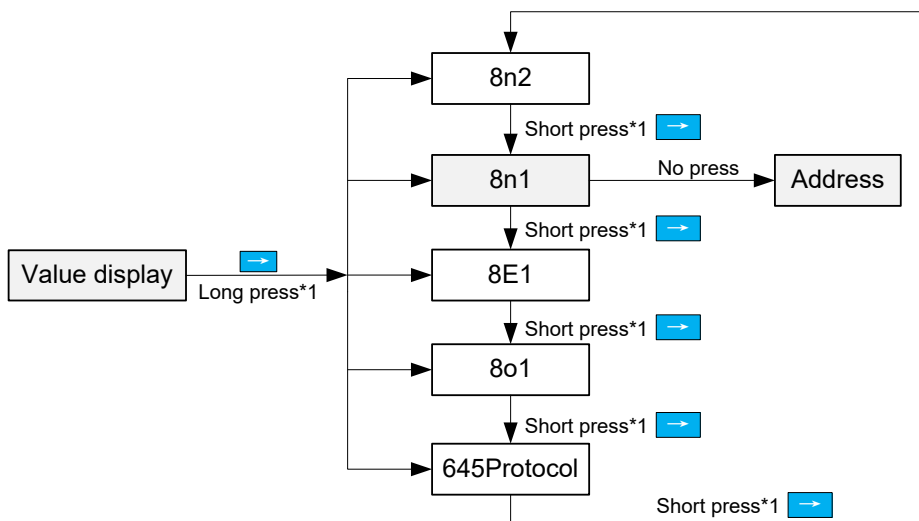


Figure 3-56 The setting of the smart meter address (single phase)

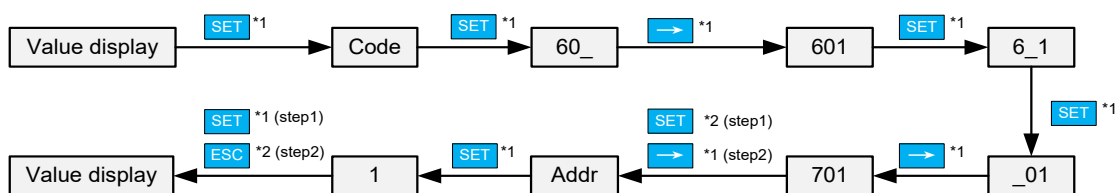


Figure 3-57 The setting of the smart meter address (three- phase)

The connection procedure of communication port is as follows.

- Step 1 Unscrewing the lock nut, insert the RJ45 port to the communication port after through the magnetic ring and COM wiring cover (as shown in Figure 3-60),

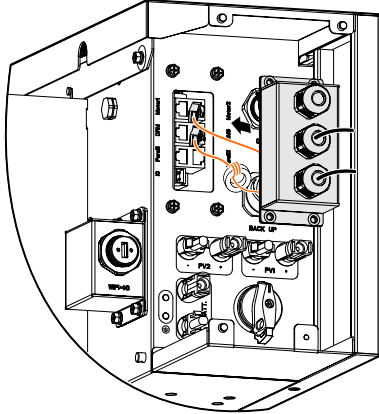


Figure 3-58 Insert the communication port

- Step 2 Screw the COM wiring cover to the inverter and tighten the two nylon cable glands with tool of screwdriver.

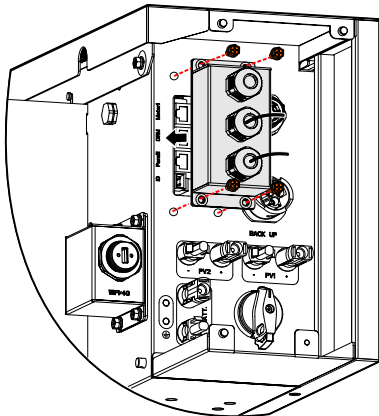


Figure 3-59 Screw the COM wiring cover

---End

## 3.6 Side Cover Plate Installation

After wiring connection, install side cover plate to the inverter and battery packs as follows.



---

**! CAUTION**

While fixing the cover plates, it is necessary to lead the corresponding wires go through the groove of cover plate and fasten them to avoid extruding for the wires and even cause damage for the wires and affect the normal use.

---

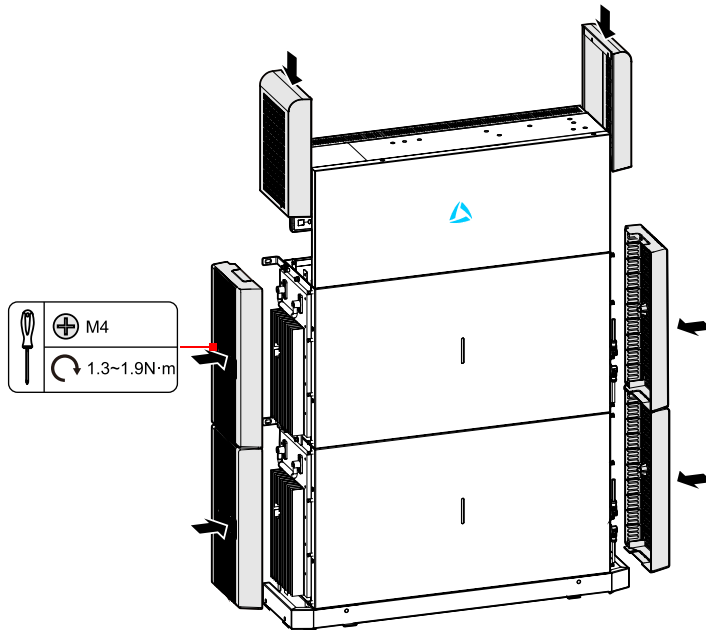


Figure 3-60 Tighten the wiring cover plate

**NOTE**

Ensure that the installed wall is flat and horizontal. If not, please use gasket to make the wall horizontal.

----End

### 3.7 Check the Installation

After installation, check the following items:

- Check if the connection of DC input, AC output and communication wire are right.
- Check if the iHome-S-HD1H01 product is installed firmly.
- Check if all the wiring are tightened.

# 4 APP Operation

This chapter is mainly introducing the operation of APP.

# 5 Startup and Shutdown

This chapter introduces how to start and shut down the device.

## 5.1 Startup

Step 1 Check whether the PV, battery, backup and grid wiring correct.

Step 2 Turn on the external load switch.

Step 3 Turn on external grid switch.



After turning on the grid switch, iHome-S-HD1H01 series energy storage system will be started automatically.

---

Step 4 Turn on the DC switch on the inverter and external PV switch.

Step 5 Before start the inverter, you should set the inverter function via APP (battery setting and basic parameter setting). The mode can be set to time of use mode, backup mode, self-consumption mode, energy scheduling mode, external control mode and peak load shifting mode. For detail, please see 4.3.1 Basic Setting.

Step 6 Perform the following operation according to the actual condition.

- If the LED indicator on the front panel of inverter light on, connect the WIFI and confirm the system parameters and then perform the startup operation on the basis of actual condition.
  - If PV>120V, select ON in **Basic setting** of APP to start the system.

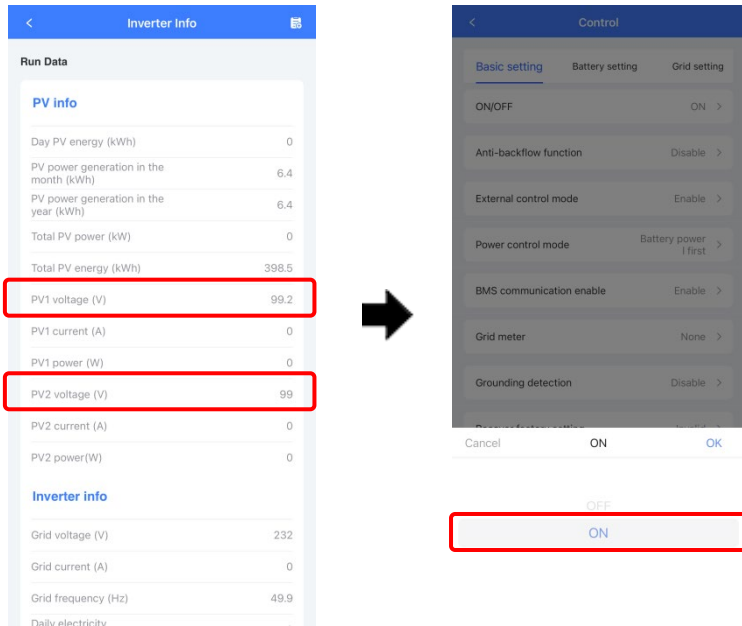


Figure 5-1 Start with PV

- If the PV voltage is less than 120V, check if the grid voltage is consistent with the power grid on the customer's site, if yes, press down the POWER button of any battery pack for 1s and then long press the POWER button for 5s to wait for the indicator on the inverter light on, and then select ON in **Basic setting** of APP to start the system.

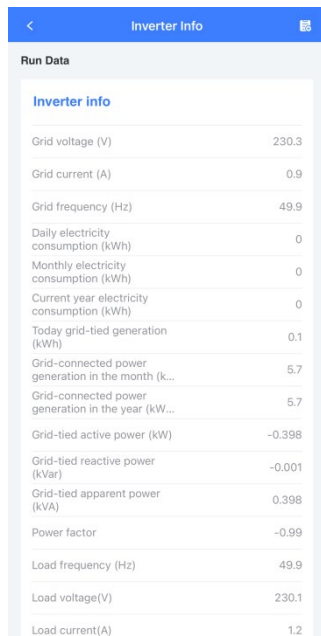


Figure 5-2 Check the grid voltage

- If the LED indicator on the front panel of inverter is off, press down the POWER button on the battery pack for 1s and then long press the POWER button for 5s to wait for the indicator on the

inverter light on, connect the WIFI, and then select ON in **Basic setting** of APP to start the system.

 **NOTE**

For the use of WIFI/4G, please see the built-in user manual in the packaging of WIFI.

- Step 7 When the DC and AC supply power normally, the inverter will prepare to start, 60s later, the system is operating normally, or check the insulation impedance.
- Step 8 About 60s, the inverter will generate power normally. LED is always on.
- Step 9 Working status can be queried on the APP.

## 5.2 CEI Self-Check

 **NOTE**

The iHome-S-HD1H01 product has the CEI self-check function, which is required only in Italy. Other countries do not need to operate.

It is recommended to perform the self-check operation when the grid is normal. Self-check function of CEI is integrated in Master APP for Italy safety country requirement. The function can only be operated in the local APP mode. The specific operation steps are as follows.

- Step 1 Operate in the APP login interface as below.

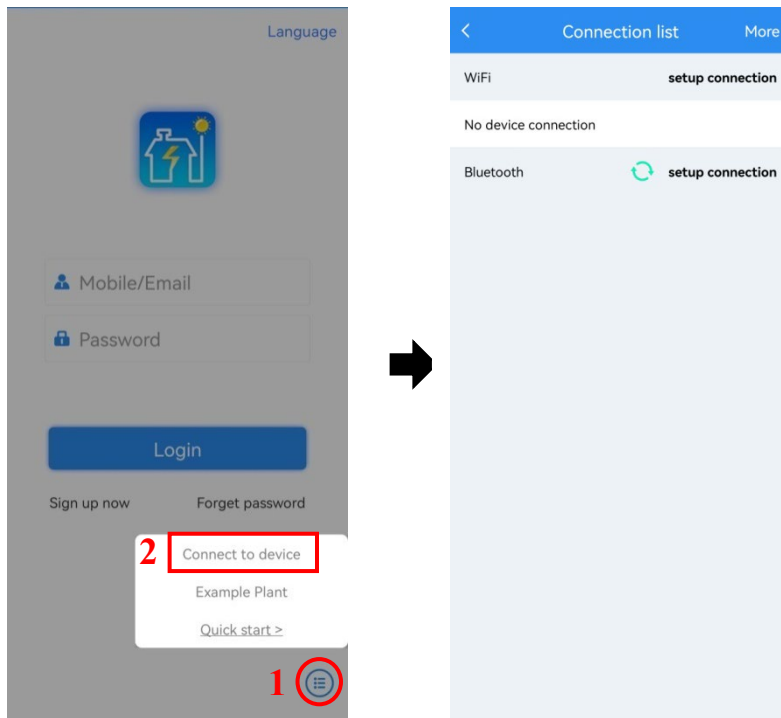


Figure 5-3 Connect to device

Step 2 The mobile phone needs to be connected to the WIFI of the device (the picture below are example, the WIFI password is 12345678), if it doesn't exit, refresh.

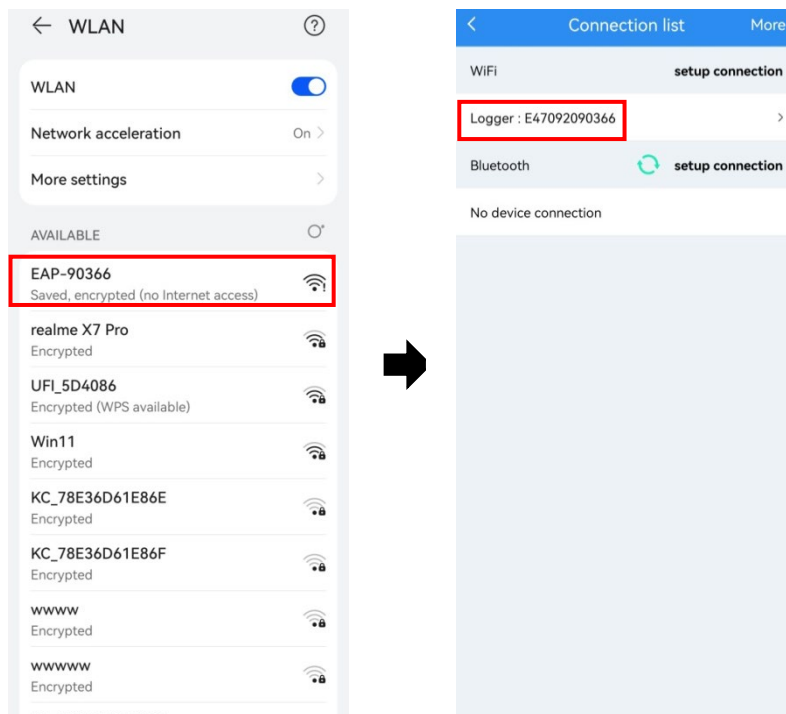


Figure 5-4 Connect to WLAN

Step 3 Click "View device" in the logger interface, and then click "Customer".

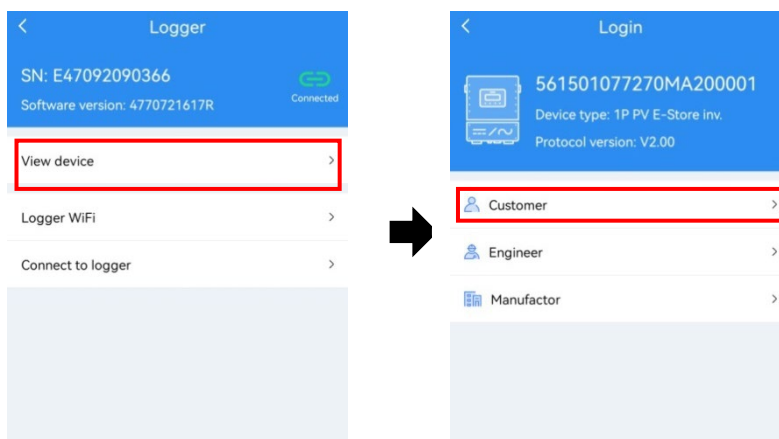


Figure 5-5 Enter the customer interface

Step 4 Click "Start" in the monitor interface and click "Done" in the popup. Then the device starts self-check.

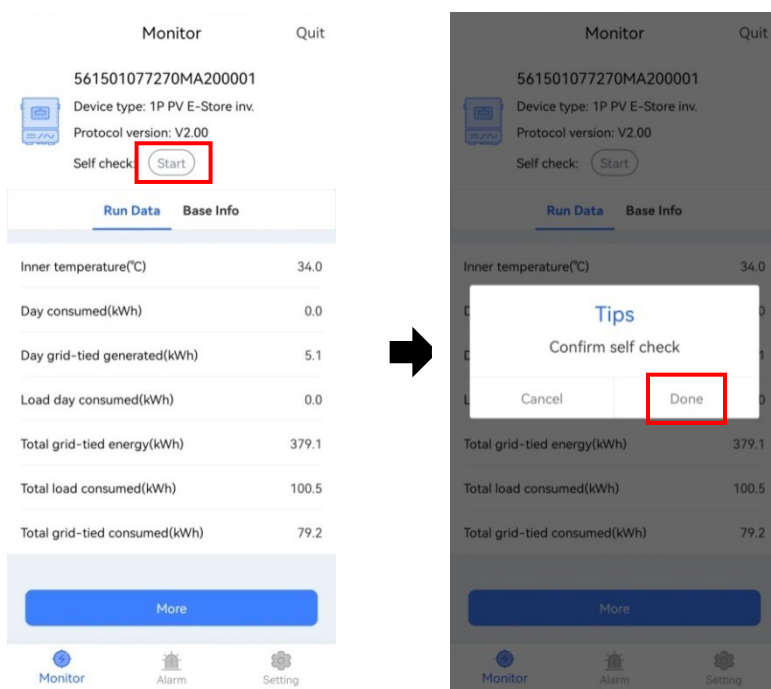


Figure 5-6 Start the self-check function

Step 5 Click "More" in the "Monitor" interface to view the self-check info.

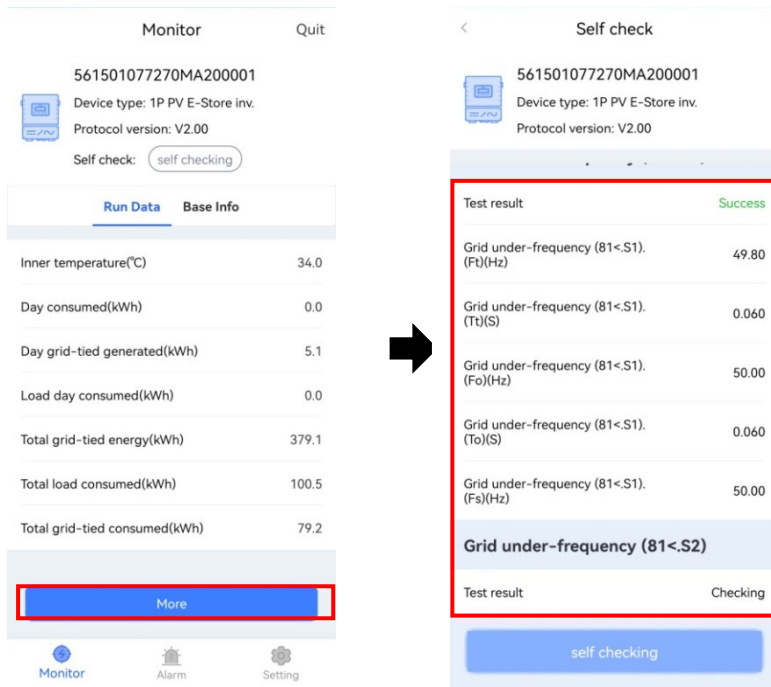


Figure 5-7 View test results

----End

## 5.3 Shutdown

- Step 1 Powering off the inverter on the APP.
- Step 2 Switch off the PV breaker and the grid breaker, wait for the inverter indicator light to be off.
- Step 3 If iHome-S-HD1H01 needs to power outage for long time, short press the POWER button of all battery packs twice until the battery indicator light off.

### NOTE

If the battery pack needs to be shut down or started independently, please perform the follow operation.

- Shut down the battery pack:
  - When the PV or grid has power, the battery pack won't be power down.
  - When the PV and grid without power, it is necessary to press the POWER button twice and wait for a while, press the POWER button twice again, and then the battery pack will be power down.
  - When only the battery pack is used for power supply, press the POWER button twice continuously, the battery pack will be shut down.
- Start the battery pack:
 

Press the POWER button of battery pack for 1s, the indicator on the inverter light on, long press the POWER button for 5s, the battery can be started.

----End



# 6 Maintenance and Troubleshooting

This chapter mainly introduces the maintenance and troubleshooting for device.

## 6.1 Maintenance

The energy storage system iHome-S-HD1H01 series needn't to be maintained regularly, but the sundries or dust may influence the heat dissipation performance, so, use soft brush to clean the inverter. If the LED indicator is too dirty to view, use a wet cloth to clean them.



During running, do not touch the inverter. The temperature of some parts on the inverter is too high, and may cause scald injury. After shut down the inverter and wait until it cooling down, then do the maintenance and clean.

---



Do not clean the inverter with any solvent, abrasive material or corrosive material.

---

Normally, the inverter and battery pack need no maintenance or calibration. However, in order to maintain the accuracy of the SOC, it is recommended to perform a full charge calibration for SOC (charging battery until the charging power is 0) on the battery at regular intervals (such as two weeks).

Disconnect the inverter and battery pack from all power sources before cleaning. Clean the housing, cover and display with a soft cloth.

To ensure that the inverter and battery pack can operate properly in the long term, you are advised to perform routine maintenance on it as described in this chapter.

Table 6-1 Maintenance checklist

Check Item	Acceptance Criteria	Maintenance Interval
Product cleanliness	The heat sink of the inverter are free from obstacles or dust.	Semiannually or once per year

Check Item	Acceptance Criteria	Maintenance Interval
Product visible damage	The inverter and battery pack are not damaged or deformed.	Semiannually
Product running status	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The inverter and battery pack operate with no abnormal sound.</li> <li>2. All parameters of the inverter and battery pack are correctly set. Perform this check when the inverter and battery pack is running.</li> </ol>	Semiannually
Electrical connections	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Cables are securely connected.</li> <li>2. Cables are intact, and in particular, the cable jackets touching the metallic surface are not scratched.</li> <li>3. Unused PV input terminals, unused communication ports of the inverter, power and COM terminals of the battery pack are locked by watertight caps if the product is mounted outdoor.</li> </ol>	The first maintenance is needed 6 months after the initial commissioning. And then make it semiannually or once per year.

## 6.2 Troubleshooting

The inverter is designed on the basis of the grid-tied operation standards and meets the requirements of safety and EMC. Before provided to client, the inverter has been experienced for several rigorous tests to ensure reliable and optimizing operation. The troubleshooting is as shown in Table6-2.

Table 6-2 Troubleshooting

Check item	Fault description	Solution
DC bus over-voltage	Bus voltage is too high.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check whether the input voltage of PV1 and PV2 exceed 580V.</li> <li>2. If not, restart the inverter to see if the fault still exists. If it still exists, contact service.</li> </ol>
Auxiliary power supply abnormal	Battery control system voltage abnormal.	Restart the inverter to see if the fault still exists. If it still exists, contact service.

Check item	Fault description	Solution
Insulation resistance abnormal	DC side-ground impedance is too low.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If the power on time fails in the morning, it may be caused by wet weather.</li> <li>2. Use a multimeter to test the impedance of the ground to the housing. If the impedance is not close to 0, confirm that there is a connection problem between the ground wire and the housing.</li> <li>3. Test the impedance of ground to PV+/PV-/BAT+/BAT- with a multimeter. If the impedance is less than 25K<math>\Omega</math>, check whether the connection of each port is correct.</li> <li>4. Confirm to install the device according to the user manual.</li> <li>5. Restart the inverter to see if the fault still exists. If it still exists, contact customer service.</li> </ol>
Residual current protection	Residual current exceed allow range	Restart the inverter to see if the fault still exists. If it still exists, contact customer service.
Residual current hall abnormal	residual current detection sensor abnormal	Restart the inverter to see if the fault still exists. If it still exists, contact customer service.
Relay abnormal	Grid-tied relay/bypass relay/grid-off relay abnormal	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Confirm to install the inverter according to the manual.</li> <li>2. Restart the inverter to see if the fault still exists. If it still exists, contact service.</li> </ol>
Neutral-to-ground abnormal	When off-grid, neutral-to-ground wire is disconnected.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check whether neutral-to-ground wire of off-grid side is short-circuited with a multimeter.</li> <li>2. Restart the inverter to see if the fault still exists. If it still exists, contact customer service.</li> </ol>
Inner over-temperature	Ambient temperature is too high.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Try to lower the ambient temperature.</li> <li>2. Make sure that the inverter is installed</li> </ol>

Check item	Fault description	Solution
		<p>according to the manual and there is no shelter around the inverter.</p> <p>3. After the inverter is powered off and waiting for 30 minutes, then restart it. If the fault still exists, contact service.</p>
Inner communication abnormal	Inner communication abnormal	<p>1. After waiting for a while, check whether fault will recover.</p> <p>2. Restart the inverter to see if the fault still exists. If it still exists, contact customer service.</p>
RTC abnormal	Clock chip abnormal	<p>1. After powering off and restarting, check whether it is abnormal.</p> <p>2. Restart the inverter to see if the fault still exists. If it still exists, contact customer service.</p>
Store abnormal	Inner storage abnormal	<p>1. After waiting for a while, check whether fault will recover.</p> <p>2. Restart the inverter to see if the fault still exists. If it still exists, contact customer service.</p>
PV1 polarity reverse connected	PV1 input reversed	Check whether PV1 wiring is reversed.
PV1 over-voltage	PV1 voltage exceed allow value	Check the PV1 voltage. If it exceeds 585Vd.c., reduce the number of PV modules.
PV1 over-current	PV1 current exceed allow value	<p>1. Try to lower PV power.</p> <p>2. Restart the inverter to see if the fault still exists. If it still exists, contact customer service.</p>
PV2 reverse connected	PV2 input reversed	Check whether PV2 wiring is reversed.
PV2 over-voltage	PV2 voltage exceed allow value	Check the PV2 voltage to see if it is exceeds 585V, if exceed, reduce the PV array quantity.
PV2 over-current	PV2 current exceed allow value	<p>1. Try to lower PV power.</p> <p>2. Restart the inverter to see if the fault still</p>

Check item	Fault description	Solution
		exists. If it still exists, contact customer service.
PV over-temperature	PV side temperature is too high.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Try to lower the ambient temperature.</li> <li>2. Make sure that the inverter is installed according to the manual and there is no shelter around the inverter.</li> <li>3. After the inverter is powered off and waiting for 30 minutes, then restart it. If the fault still exists, contact service.</li> </ol>
BMS communication fault	Abnormal communication with BMS.	Check whether communication wire between BMS and inverter is loosed.
Battery inner fault	Shutdown fault from BMS.	Check the fault code position question from BMS on APP.
Inverter side over-temperature	Inverter heat sink ambient temperature is too high.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Try to lower the ambient temperature.</li> <li>2. Make sure that the inverter is installed according to the manual and there is no shelter around the inverter.</li> <li>3. After the inverter is powered off and waiting for 30 minutes, then restart it. If the fault still exists, contact service.</li> </ol>
Inverter voltage abnormal	Output voltage abnormal	Check whether voltage and load of grid is abnormal.
Short-circuit protection	When off-grid, the output side is short-circuited	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Use a multimeter to test the impedance of the off grid output. If it is small, check whether the wiring is correct</li> <li>2. Restart the inverter to see if the fault still exists. If it still exists, contact service.</li> </ol>
Inverter voltage DC component abnormal	When off-grid, voltage DC component	Restart the inverter to see if the fault still exists. If it still exists, contact service.

Check item	Fault description	Solution
	abnormal.	
Inverter current over-current	Inverter current detected on software exceeds the allowable value.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check whether the off grid output terminal is overloaded, short circuited or has impact load.</li> <li>2. Restart the inverter to see if the fault still exists. If it still exists, contact service.</li> </ol>
Inverter current DC component abnormal	When grid-tied, current DC component abnormal.	Restart the inverter to see if the fault still exists. If it still exists, contact service.
Overload	Load is too large.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check whether the load exceeds the rated power.</li> <li>2. Restart the inverter to see if the fault still exists. If it still exists, contact service.</li> </ol>
Grid over-voltage	Voltage exceeds the allowable range.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check whether grid abnormal.</li> <li>2. Check whether grid wiring abnormal.</li> <li>3. Restart the inverter to see if the fault still exists. If it still exists, contact service.</li> </ol>
Grid under-voltage	Voltage exceeds the allowable range.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check whether grid abnormal</li> <li>2. Check whether grid wiring abnormal.</li> <li>3. Restart the inverter to see if the fault still exists. If it still exists, contact service.</li> </ol>
Grid over-frequency	Grid frequency exceeds the allowable range.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check whether grid abnormal.</li> <li>2. Check whether grid wiring abnormal.</li> <li>3. Restart the inverter to see if the fault still exists. If it still exists, contact service.</li> </ol>
Grid under-frequency	Grid frequency exceeds allow range.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check whether grid abnormal</li> <li>2. Check whether grid wiring abnormal.</li> <li>3. Restart the inverter to see if the fault still exists. If it still exists, contact service.</li> </ol>

Check item	Fault description	Solution
Grid-tied phase lock abnormal	Phase lock abnormal	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check whether grid abnormal.</li> <li>2. Check whether grid wiring abnormal.</li> <li>3. Restart the inverter to see if the fault still exists. If it still exists, contact service.</li> </ol>
Overload alarm	When off-grid, the load exceeds rated load.	Check whether the load exceeds 0.95 of the rated power.
Inner sensor abnormal	Inner temperature sensor sampling abnormal.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check whether the ambient temperature is low, if it is low, automatic recovery after operating for a while.</li> <li>2. Restart the inverter to see if the fault still exists. If it still exists, contact service.</li> </ol>
DRM alarm	Powered off after DRM enabled.	Normal, no processing.
DC power alarm	Load power exceeds DC power.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check whether the total power of the battery and PV is less than the load power.</li> <li>2. Restart the inverter to see if the fault still exists. If it still exists, contact service.</li> </ol>
Fan fault alarm	Fan abnormal.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check whether the fan is blocked.</li> <li>2. Restart the inverter to see if the fault still exists. If it still exists, contact service.</li> </ol>
Battery inner alarm	Alarm instruction from BMS.	Check code position question from BMS on APP.
Heat sink over-temperature alarm	Temperature is too high to reach the rate drop point.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check whether the environment temperature is too high, try to lower the ambient temperature.</li> <li>2. Make sure that the inverter is installed according to the manual and there is no shelter around the inverter.</li> <li>3. After the inverter is powered off and waiting</li> </ol>

Check item	Fault description	Solution
		for 30 minutes, then restart it. If the fault still exists, contact service.
Battery capacity low	SOC is too low.	1. Confirm if battery SOC less than the SOC in forced charge status. 2. Charging the battery to see if the fault disappears.
Smart meter abnormal	Communication failure with the meter.	1. Check if the communication wire disconnected. 2. Check meter address and baud rate. 3. Test after exchanging two communication wires.
Heat sink sensor abnormal	Heat sink sampling is less than $-39^{\circ}$ .	Check the temperature after the product is operating for a while, if the temperature is abnormal, please contact manufacturers.
App communication abnormal	Communication failure with the App.	1. Confirm if the communication baud rate is 9600 and if communication station is 1. 2. Confirm if WIFI module is light on.
Communication with upper computer abnormal	Can't communication with upper computer.	1. Confirm if baud rate and address is correct. 2. Confirm if the wire from the device to PC is normal.

Table 6-3 Battery fault description

Check item	Fault description	Solution
Battery over-voltage	Battery over-voltage	1. Battery discharge. 2. Check the fault, if the problem is not be solved yet, please call the service center.
Cell over-voltage	Cell battery over-voltage	1. Battery discharge. 2. Check the fault, if the problem is not be solved yet, please call the service center.



Check item	Fault description	Solution
Battery under-voltage	Battery under-voltage	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Charging the battery.</li> <li>2. Check the fault, if the problem is not be solved yet, please call the service center.</li> </ol>
Cell under-voltage	Cell under-voltage	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Charging the battery.</li> <li>2. Check the fault, if the problem is not be solved yet, please call the service center.</li> </ol>
Battery disconnected	Battery disconnected	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check battery wiring.</li> <li>2. Check the fault, if the problem is not be solved yet, please call the service center.</li> </ol>
Cell temperature difference is too large	Cell battery temperature difference is too large	Wait for 30 minutes after power off. If the problem is not resolved, call for service.
Cell voltage difference is too large	Cell battery voltage difference is too large	Call for service immediately.
Cell charge over-temperature	Cell battery charge temperature is too high	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Confirm if the ambient temperature is too high, try to lower ambient temperature.</li> <li>2. Wait for 30 minutes after power off. If the problem is not resolved, call for service.</li> </ol>
Cell charge under-temperature	Cell Battery charge temperature is too low	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Confirm if ambient temperature is too low, try to increase ambient temperature.</li> <li>2. Wait for 30 minutes after power off. If the problem is not resolved, call for service.</li> </ol>
Cell discharge over-temperature	Cell battery discharge temperature is too high	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Confirm if ambient temperature is too high, try to reduce ambient temperature.</li> <li>2. Wait for 30 minutes after power off. If the problem is not resolved, call for service.</li> </ol>

Check item	Fault description	Solution
Cell discharge under-temperature	Cell battery discharge temperature is too low	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Confirm if ambient temperature is too low, try to increase ambient temperature.</li> <li>2. Wait for 30 minutes after power off. If the problem is not resolved, call for service.</li> </ol>
Battery temperature rise rate alarm	Battery temperature rises too fast	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Confirm if ambient temperature is too high, try to reduce ambient temperature.</li> <li>2. Confirm if there are obstructions around battery.</li> <li>3. Wait for 30 minutes after power off. If the problem is not resolved, call for service.</li> </ol>
SOC is too low	SOC is too low	Charging the battery.
SOH is too low	SOH is too low	Charging the battery.
Intermediate bus over-voltage	Intermediate bus over-voltage	Please call for service.
Intermediate bus under-voltage	Intermediate bus under-voltage	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check battery wiring.</li> <li>2. Charging the battery.</li> <li>3. Check the fault, if the problem is not be solved yet, please call the service center.</li> </ol>
Output over-voltage	Output over-voltage	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check if the PV component input voltage of inverter is too high;</li> <li>2. Check if the problem is solved after power off;</li> <li>3. Check the fault after restart the inverter, if the problem is not be solved yet, please call the service center.</li> </ol>
Battery over-current	Battery over-current	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check if battery voltage is normal;</li> <li>2. Disconnect battery output load, check if the problem is be solved;</li> <li>3. Check the fault after restart the inverter, if the problem is not be solved yet, please call</li> </ol>

Check item	Fault description	Solution
		the service center.
Battery sampling difference	Battery sampling difference	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Wait for a while, check if the fault is recovery.</li> <li>2. Check the fault, if the problem is not be solved yet, please call for service.</li> </ol>
Battery insulation impedance alarm	Battery insulation impedance alarm	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If fault occurs when device power on in the morning, it may be caused by the wet weather.</li> <li>2. Test impedance of ground to device by multimeter, if the impedance is not close to 0, there is a problem with the device wiring and ground wiring.</li> <li>3. Test impedance of ground to BAT+/BAT- by multimeter. If the impedance is less than insulation impedance protection value, check if each port wiring is correct.</li> <li>4. Install the device according to manual.</li> <li>5. Check the fault, if the problem is not resolved, call for service.</li> </ol>
Battery insulation impedance protection	Battery insulation impedance protection	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If fault occurs when device power on in the morning, it may be caused by the wet weather.</li> <li>2. Test impedance of ground to device by multimeter, if the impedance is not close to 0, there is a problem with the device wiring and ground wiring.</li> <li>3. Test impedance of ground to BAT+/BAT- by multimeter, if the impedance is less than insulation impedance protection value, check if each port wiring is correct.</li> <li>4. Install the device according to manual.</li> <li>5. Check the fault after restart battery, if the</li> </ol>

Check item	Fault description	Solution
		problem is not resolved, call for service.
EPO	Emergency power off	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Confirm EPO button status.</li> <li>2. Restart battery, if the problem is not resolved, call for service.</li> </ol>
Fan alarm	Fan abnormal	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check if the fan is blocked.</li> <li>2. Check the fault, if the problem is not resolved, call for service.</li> </ol>
Transformer temperature abnormal	Transformer temperature is too high	Wait for 30 minutes after power off. If the problem is not resolved, call for service.
Output over-load	Output over-load	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check for overload.</li> <li>2. Check the fault, if the problem is not resolved, call for service.</li> </ol>
Heat sink over-temperature	Heat sink over-temperature, reach the derating point	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the temperature, if the temperature is too high, try to reduce the ambient temperature.</li> <li>2. Make sure to install the device according to manual and there are no obstructions around device.</li> <li>3. Wait for 30minutes after the system power off, restart the device, if the problem is not resolved, call for service.</li> </ol>
Ambient over-temperature	Ambient over-temperature, reach the derating point	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the temperature, if the temperature is too high, try to reduce the ambient temperature.</li> <li>2. Make sure to install the device according to manual and there are no obstructions around device.</li> <li>3. Wait for 30minutes after the system</li> </ol>

Check item	Fault description	Solution
		power off, restart the device, if the problem is not resolved, call for service.
Internal abnormal	Host internal abnormal	1. Check if the inner battery module is abnormal according to related information. 2. Restart the inverter, if the problem is not resolved, call for service, please call for service.
Monitor CAN communication fault	Monitor CAN communication fault	1. Check if the wiring is correct. 2. If the problem is not resolved, call for service.
Monitor 485 communication fault	Monitor 485 communication fault	1. Check if the wiring is correct. 2. If the problem is not resolved, call for service.
Address conflict	Device address repeat	1. Check if the address is repeated. 2. Set the address according to S/N. 3. If the problem is not resolved, call for service.

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 **CAUTION**

If the inverter has any alarm information mentioned in Table6-2. please shut down the inverter (refer to 5. 2 Shutdown), 5 minutes later, restart the inverter (refer to 5. 1 Startup). If the alarm status is not removed, please contact our local dealer or service centre. Before contacting us, please prepare the following information.

1. Inverter S/N.
  2. Distributor/ dealer of the inverter (if has).
  3. The date of grid-tied power generation.
  4. Problem description.
  5. Your detail contact information.
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# 7 Package, Transportation and Storage

This chapter introduces the package, transportation and storage of device.

## 7.1 Package

The device is packaged by carton. When packaging, pay attention to the placing direction requirements. On the side of the carton, there has warning icons, including keep dry, handle with care, up, stacking layer limit, etc. On the other side of the carton, it prints the device model, etc. On the front side of the carton, there is the logo of Chelion company and device name.

## 7.2 Transportation

During transporting, pay attention to the warnings on the carton. DO NOT make the device impact severely. To avoid damaging the device, place the device strictly according to the placement direction. DO NOT carry the device with the objects that is inflammable, explosive, or corrosive. DO NOT put the device in the open-air while midway transshipment. Leaching or mechanical damage by rain, snow or liquid objects is prohibited.

## 7.3 Storage

During storage, place the device strictly according to the direction that showed on the carton. Keep at least 20cm from the bottom of the carton to floor and keep at least 50cm from the carton to wall, heat source, cold source, windows or air inlet. The poisonous gas, inflammable or explosive or corrosive chemical objects are prohibited. Besides, strong mechanical shaking, impact or strong magnetic field is also prohibited. The storage temperature of inverter is  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ - $70^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

During battery storage, please follow the four points below:

1. Wrap the positive and negative connector with insulating material to ensure that no metal parts are exposed to outside to avoid short circuit.
2. Battery storage temperature requirement: short-term (with one month) storage in a clean and ventilated room at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$ ~ $45^{\circ}\text{C}$ , long-term (within one year) in a clean and ventilated room at  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$ ~ $35^{\circ}\text{C}$  and the relative humidity of environment is  $55 \pm 20\%$ .
3. During battery storage, (SOC capacity state) should be kept above 30%. In order to prevent over discharge during long-term storage (more than three months), it should be charged regularly to

ensure SOC is 30%~50%. It is recommended that the storage time after receiving the goods should not exceed half a year.

4. A battery that has been shelved for a long time needs to be charged and discharged regularly, It is recommended to perform a standard charge and discharge cycle every 3 months in the initial stage.

After storing or transporting the device beyond the work temperature, keep the device aside and make its temperature return to normal range for more than 4h before installation.

# A Technical Specifications

## A.1 Technical Specifications of Inverter

Item \ Model	iHome-INV3.6K- H1H01	iHome-INV5K- H1H01	iHome-INV6K- H1H01
<b>PV input</b>			
Max. input power (W)	9000		
Max. input voltage (V d.c.)	580		
MPPT voltage range (V d.c.)	100~550		
Max. PV input current (A d.c.)	2*15		
MPPT voltage range with full-load (V d.c.)	300~450		
Startup voltage (V d.c.)	100		
MPPT number	2		
Per MPPT string number	1/1		
Max. PV short-circuit current (A d.c.)	18.75		
Max. inverter feedback current to array (A a.c.)	0		
<b>Grid input</b>			
Rated input power (VA)	7200	10000	12000
Max. apparent power (VA)	7200	10000	12000
Rated voltage (V a.c.)	230		



Item \ Model	iHome-INV3.6K-H1H01	iHome-INV5K-H1H01	iHome-INV6K-H1H01
Rated input current (A a.c.)	31.2	43.4	52.4
Max. continuous input current (A a.c.)	31.2	43.4	52.4
Rated grid frequency (Hz)	50/60		
Grid output			
Rated output power (VA)	3600	5000	6000
Max. apparent power (VA)	3600	5000	6000
Rated grid voltage (V a.c.)	230		
Grid voltage range (V a.c.)	180~280		
Grid type	Single-phase		
Rated output current (A a.c.)	15.6	21.7	26.2
Max. continuous output current (A a.c.)	15.6	21.7	26.2
Max. output over current protection (A a.c.)	41		
Max. output fault current (A a.c.)	41		
Rated grid frequency (Hz)	50/60		
Grid frequency range (Hz)	45.0~55.0		
Power factor (rated power)	>0.99		
Power factor range	0.8 ahead~0.8 lag (0.8* rated power)		
THDi	<3% (rated power) <5% (load is 50%, rated power)		
Backup output			
Rated output power (VA)	3600	5000	6000
Max. apparent power (VA)	3600	5000	6000

Item \ Model	iHome-INV3.6K-H1H01	iHome-INV5K-H1H01	iHome-INV6K-H1H01
Rated voltage (V a.c.)	230		
Rated output current (A a.c.)	15.6	21.7	26.2
Max. continuous output current (A a.c.)	15.6	21.7	26.2
Max. output over current protection (A a.c.)	23.4	32.6	39.3
<b>Protection &amp; Safety</b>			
DC reverse connection protection	Yes		
Anti-island	Yes		
Zero-export	Yes		
AC short-circuit protection	Yes		
Leakage current protection (RCD)	Type B		
DRM mode	DRM 0		
DC switch	Optional		
PV fault detect	Yes		
Input DC impedance monitor	Yes		
Surge protection	TYPE II		
Standard & Certification (upon request)	IEC62109-1/-2, EN61000-6-2/-3, EN62109-1/-2, AS4777.2, VDE4105, VDE 0124-100, EN50549-1, CEI 0-21, G98, G99, UTC C15-712-3, VDE0126-1-1:2006+A1, VFR 2019		
<b>Basic parameter</b>			
Dimensions (W×H×D) (mm)	800×280×233		
Weight (kg)	16.3kg		
Installation	Wall-mounting		
Insulation	No transformer		

Item \ Model	iHome-INV3.6K-H1H01	iHome-INV5K-H1H01	iHome-INV6K-H1H01
Protection grade	IP65		
Self-consumption at night	<10W		
Operating temperature range	INV: -25°C~60°C (3600/5000: If the temperature higher than 45°C or lower than -25°C, the inverter needs to decrease rated power to use; 6000: If the temperature higher than 40°C or lower than -25°C, the inverter needs to decrease rated power to use)		
Relative humidity	0~95%		
Cooling	Natural		
Operating altitude	3000m (> 3000m derating)		
Noise (typical)	<25db (A) @ 1m		
Display	LED		
Communication	RS485 /WIFI/ /DRM (Australia)		
AC terminal	E10-12 Grid (max.10mm <sup>2</sup> ) E06-12 Backup (max.6mm <sup>2</sup> )		
PV DC terminal	MC4 (max.6 mm <sup>2</sup> )		
BAT terminal	MC4 (max.10 mm <sup>2</sup> )		
Overvoltage category	II		
Pollution degree	II		

- Specifications are subject to change without prior notice.
- The external communication circuit of rechargeable Lithium-ion battery pack need to be considered reinforced insulation with power circuit, the reinforced insulation of clearance and creepage should be considered with system voltage and impulse in the system.

## A.2 Technical Specifications of Battery

Item \ Model	Model
	iHome-B5-HD02
BAT input	
Max. input voltage (V d.c.)	500
Input voltage range (V d.c.)	360~500
Voltage range with full load (V d.c.)	360-450
Max. charge current (A d.c.)	25
Max. discharge current (A d.c.)	25
BAT pack capacity	5 (5 -40) kwh, voltage range: 360-500 V d.c.
Basic parameter	
Dimensions (W×H×D) (mm)	800*380*238
Weight (kg)	51kg
Installation	Wall-mounting
Protection degree	IP65
Operating temperature range	-10°C~50°C (If the temperature higher than 45°C or lower than -10°C, the inverter needs to decrease rated power to use.)
Relative humidity	0~95%
Cooling	Natural
Operating altitude	3000m (>3000m derating)
Noise emission (typical)	<25db (A) @ 1m
Display	LED
Communication	CAN/RS485
BAT terminal	MC4 (max.10 mm <sup>2</sup> )

- Specifications are subject to change without prior notice.

# **B** Acronyms and Abbreviations

## **A**

**AC** Alternating Current

**AWG** American Wire Gauge

## **C**

**CE** Conformance Européenne

## **D**

**DC** Direct Current

## **E**

**EPO** Emergency Power Off

## **I**

**IEC** International Electrotechnical Commission

## **L**

**LED** Light-emitting Diode

## **M**

**MPPT** Maximum Power Point Tracking

**P**

**PE** Protective Earthing

**PV** Photovoltaic

**R**

**RS485** Recommend Standard485

**T**

**THDi** Total Distortion of the input current waveform

